

Chapter 22 Electric Charge

22-4 Coulomb's Law

22-04

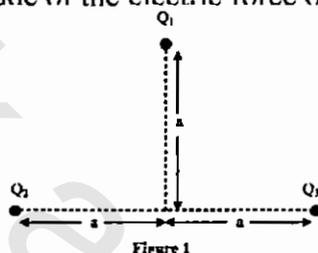
Question 429

Suppose that isolated charges Q and q attract each other with a force F . If the separation between these charges were made half as great, each charge would then experience a force

- (a) $2F/3$.
- (b) F .
- (c) Can not be determined unless we know the magnitude of Q and q .
- (d) $4F$.
- (e) $F/2$.

Question 430

Three charges are located as shown in Figure 1. If $a = 3.0$ m, $Q_1 = 2.0$ micro-C, and $Q_2 = Q_3 = 8.0$ micro-C, what is the magnitude of the electric force on charge Q_1 ?



- (a) 0.023 N
- (b) 0.090 N
- (c) 0.046 N
- (d) 0.011 N
- (e) 0.055 N

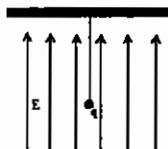
Question 431

Three point charges are located on the x - y plane as follows: $Q_1 = -10$ micro-C at $(4$ m, $0)$, $Q_2 = 20$ micro-C at $(0, 10$ m), and Q_3 at $(4$ m, 10 m). If the net force on Q_1 points in the negative x -direction, find the charge Q_3 .

- (a) -24 micro-C
- (b) $+16$ micro-C
- (c) 0 micro-C
- (d) -16 micro-C
- (e) $+24$ micro-C

Question 432

A 0.2 g metallic ball hangs from an insulating string in a vertical electric field of 3000 N/C and directed upward as shown in Figure 1. If the tension in the string is 0.004 N, then the charge on the ball is:



- (a) -1.0 micro-C
- (b) -0.7 micro-C
- (c) 1.0 micro-C
- (d) -2.0 micro-C
- (e) 0.7 micro-C