

Attitudes of Saudi Society Members Towards Endowments in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

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This study aimed to identify the attitudes of Saudi society members towards endowments in KSA, and to know the differences, if any, in the views of the study members about these attitudes according to the different study variables (gender, age, region, and educational level), and to present appropriate proposals to form a positive image of endowments for Saudi community members in KSA. To achieve the study goals, the researcher used the descriptive approach and the questionnaire as a study tool, which included seven main pivots: attitudes of members of Saudi society towards the role of endowments in the KSA; attitudes of members of the Saudi community towards the future of the endowment sector in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia; method of communication that contributed to shaping the attitudes of Saudi society members towards endowments in KSA; the services provided by endowments in KSA; the most important projects, which should have priority of support during the next ten years; the general features that can contribute to the formation of positive attitudes among members of the Saudi community towards endowments in KSA; and the proposals that can contribute to promoting positive trends among community members towards endowments in KSA). It included (96) statements, and this questionnaire was applied to a sample of (530) individuals, and its results were analyzed using the (spss) Program. The results of the study confirmed that although the attitudes of society members towards endowments imply in their entirety positive indications, but also they need more care, especially from workers in the charitable sector in order to reinforce these attitudes, touch weaknesses to treat the causes thereof, monitor potential risk points, analyze and correct them and thus take the necessary measures to confront them.

legal tools to enable these endowments playing an effective role in achieving socioeconomic development, carry out its historical roles, and respond to emerging needs.

As for the models of contemporary endowment legislation that we mentioned, we have been keen to give a variety the regulatory legislation, then, making a distinction between them in three forms: the first is the inclusion of chapters and materials for endowments in different legislations ; the second is the combination between the inclusion of chapters and articles in general legislation, and the enactment of endowment texts in some areas, And the third: promulgating legislation for the endowment, either related to the authority supervising the endowment, with the inclusion of some provisions and definitions related to the endowment, or in the form of a comprehensive code of provisions related to the endowment in various fields.

We have also been keen to compare these legislations in terms of their contents, especially with regard to the scope of the endowment and how to deal with its formulas, the legal personality of the endowment and the requirements for its protection, then the current actions on the endowment, while being limited to the issue of change and replacement in the field of endowments.

At the end of the research, we concluded with a set of recommendations that emphasize the importance of creating a stimulating legislative environment, supporting philanthropic initiatives, protecting good will, and achieving the desired goals.