

Enjoy  
Learning



# Sphinx Speaks English

سفنكس يتكلم الانجليزية



## Conversation Course

كورس محادثة

المستوى المتوسط Intermediate

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# Introduction

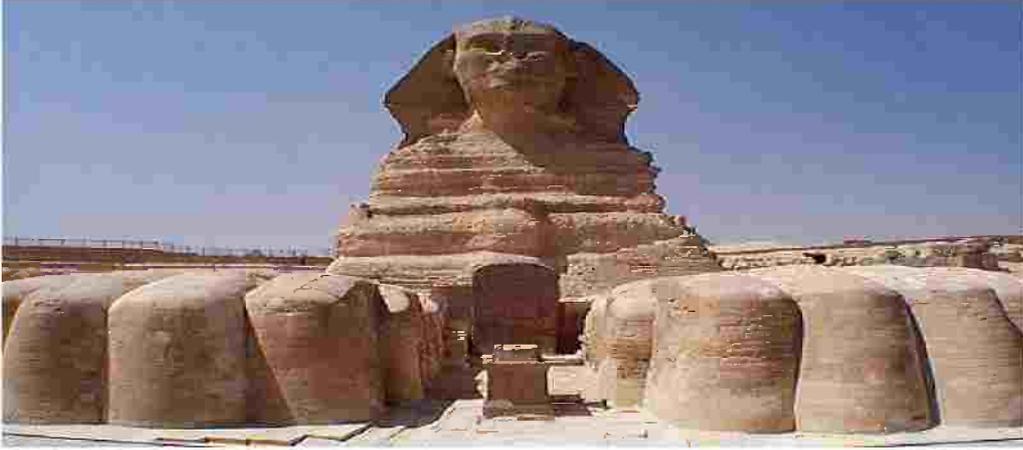


**The English trainer, Khaled Abo Yasin graduated from faculty of Education ,English department,Ain Shams university in 1995 in Cairo.After graduation,he worked as an English teacher in a language school in Cairo.In 2000,he travelled to France for study and work meanwhile he taught English language to French people and people from Latin America.In 2003,he came back to Egypt and started his career in training field as an English trainer .He has given lectures in many training companies.Mr.Khaled started writing that series in 2011 till 2013 on parallel with his work as an English trainer.He spends great time with his trainees from The Middle East and Africa. He hopes you will spend very good time with him but this time will be with him and Sphinx!**

# Unit 1

Listen and practise

## Sphinx أبو الهول



The resource of the information in the article is the school history book for prep school

It is a great statue تمثال كبير of a lion body and a human head. Sphinx represents قطعة فنية عظيمة a great piece of art يمثل. The great statue was curved انتحت in the ancient pharaonic era العصر الفرعون, During حكم خفرع Khafre's regime أثناء, who built the second pyramid. Look at the statue and think about its value قيمته.

The length طول of the statue is 70 metres and the height الارتفاع is 20 metres. The body of the lion represents يمثل power القوة and the human head الراس الانساني represents wisdom الحكمة.

Sphinx is still لا يزال one of the most magnificent monuments واحد من اعظم الاثار in our world. All tourists go to Giza to take photos with the statue, Sphinx. The sculptor النحات has been unknown غير معروف so the statue is still a great secret. Many foreign missions بعثات اجنبية come to Egypt with their machines ماكينات and equipment معدات to study the statue

but so far, they did not know the sculptor of the statue. By the way, the foreign missions which come to Egypt to discover the tombs, take a percentage of what they discovered. In the Louvre museum, there are a lot of pharaohic monuments shown inside. Many Egyptian people do not like that but the others consider that as a kind of promotion. At last, we should realise that we have a great precious legacy. Look at the photo and say "I love Sphinx!!!"

### Answer these questions

- What is your feeling when you see Sphinx?
- Can you imagine how the sculptor designed it ?
- What do you know about the statue? استعن بالمقال؟ التمثال
- What can tourists do in the Pyramids area?
- Are the prices expensive in the bazzars around the Pyramids?
- Speak about your last trip to the Pyramids area?
- With who? When was it? What did you do there?
- What is the best place in Cairo? Why? Do you have memories there? Speak about your memories there?
- Your American friend asks you about the best places in Cairo, answer him and what can he do in those places?

## Unit 2

listen and practise

### **The old days**

Most people dream that they could turn back in time **تعود** بالزمن and live their old days. Let's listen to Ali speaking about his memories. **ذكرياته**

**Ali** : When I was 14, I used to be messy **فوضى** - put things not in the correct place **المكان الصحيح** so my room was untidy **غير منظمة**

I had hobbies **هوايات**. As you know, teens **المراهقين** don't study their lessons all the time so they practise their hobbies in the free time. I used to play football with my friends in the club. I used to visit my uncle in the countryside **الريف** and play with my cousins **ابناء وبنات عمومتى** in the fields **الحقول**. We used to ride donkeys and eat fresh fruit and vegetables.

On the summer holiday, I used to travel to many governorates **محافظة** such as **مثل** Alexandria, Matrouh, Sharm and Hurghada **الغردقة** to enjoy my time with my friends.

#### **Answer these questions**

- Do you like your childhood **طفولتك**?
- Speak about a funny situation **موقف مضحك** happened when you were a child? **استخدم زمن الماضى البسيط?**
- What did you like and did not like when you were a child?



- What did you use to do on Friday when you were a child?
- What did you use to play with your friends?
- What was your favourite place when you were a child?

### Used to + infinitive

An expression for past habits.

تعبير عن عادة كانت تحدث في الماضي .

- I used to play chess شطرنج with my grandpa جدى.

## Negation النفي

### Didn't + use to + infinitive

- I didn't use to play tennis.

## Question السؤال

### Q article –did- sub- use to- infini?

- What's sports did you use to play?  
⇒ I used to play tennis.  
⇒ **Look at the answers. Write the questions using used to.**

1- : What did you use to do in the summer?

: We used to go to the beach.

2- : .....

: No, we didn't collect shells اجمع قواقع. We used to build sand castles. قلاع رملية

3- : .....

Yes, we did. We used to go swimming for hours.

:

Then we played all kinds of sport.

4- : Really? .....

: Well, we used to play beach volleyball with some other kids.

: .....

: No, we didn't. we used to win!

**How have you changed in the last five years? Write answers to these questions.** كيف تغيرت خلال الخمس سنوات الماضية

1- What hobbies الهوايات did you use to have ٥ years ago? What hobbies do you have now?

I used to

.....

Now ,

.....

2- What kind of music did you use to like then? What kind of music do you like now?

.....

....

.....

....

## Unit 3

listen and practise

### Immigration الهجرة



There are some immigration countries دول in our world; the U.S, the U.K, Australia, Canada and New Zealand. Is it difficult or easy to immigrate تهاجر? I think it's difficult but interesting. The quality of life نوع الحياه is different. The system of work, the available jobs الوظائف المتاحة, so It's important to adapt to مع يتكيف that new atmosphere الجو الجديد. What are the requirements متطلبات of the good immigration? Let's talk to an immigrant مهاجر to the U.S.

**Announcer:** How long have you lived in the U.S? كم مدة معيشتك في امريكا

**Baher:** Since 2000.

**Announcer:** What were the jobs that you did in the U.S till حتى you became اصبحت an owner مالك of a successful company شركة ناجحة?

**Baher:** Many jobs. I worked in a restaurant as ك an assistant chef مساعد طبخ. Actually فى الحقيقة, it was difficult but I had to work for money.

**Announcer:** Did you study anything during اقامتك your stay in the U.S.?

**Baher:** Of course, Man can't succeed in life without بدون studying. When I came to America , I had a bachelor of commerce بكالوريوس تجارة so I decided to ان قررت make a diploma, then prepared for the master's degree الماجستير.

**Announcer:** And now?

**Baher:** I have master's degree in business administration ادارة الاعمال and I have an import & export company شركة استيراد وتصدير

**Announcer:** Was it difficult or easy to adapt to مع تتكيف the American people?

**Baher:** Man can adapt to مع تتكيف people and place quickly بسرعة if there is liberty اذا كان هناك and people respect بعضهم بعضا each other يحترموا

**Announcer:** Now, we are in the US. Which place would you like to visit after a week?

**Baher:** Downtown and El Hussien Neighbourhood.

**Announcer:** What did you miss the most? ما اكثر شىء تفتقده

**Baher:** Family, friends and motherland الوطن.

**Announcer:** What are the requirements متطلبات of a good immigration?

**Baher:** To tell you the truth, لاخبرك بالحقيقة language is very important. You can't live in a society مجتمع without knowing بدون معرفة its language. After that, experience الخبرة. You should have a good experience in a field مجال and you should be flexible مرن to accept لتقبل the new situation الموقف. كمقيم ,to be in a foreign country as a resident الجديد

listen and practise

# Australia

بلد مهجر An immigration Country



The resource of the information in the article is the website of the Australian embassy in Cairo.

The name means the southern الجنوبية as it's located لانها تقع in the south الجنوب in our world. It's considered تعتبر a huge island جزيرة ضخمة that is 7.617.930 square kilometres كيلومتر مربع. Australia is the smallest continent قارة in the world. It belongs to the British crown التاج البريطاني. It consists of تتكون من 6 states ولايات. In 1901, the 6 states made a federal union اتحد that's known. Commonwealth Of Australia

Elizabeth, the second is the queen الملكة and she is also the queen of Commonwealth countries. She lives in the United Kingdom so she empowered others فوضت to manage يديروا the Federal Union of Australia. The capital city is Sidney which is the biggest city in the biggest state اكبر ولاية - New south Wales.

**Climate المناخ :** three quarters of Australia ثلاثة ارباع is desert areas مناطق صحراوية. The northern part الجزء الشمالى of Australia has a tropical climate المناخ الاستوائى with heavy summer rain مطر صيفى غزير. The southern part الجزء الجنوبى has

the Mediterranean climate ,it means that It's mild  
الجو معتدل.



**Population السكان:** The number of the Australians is 20.971.000 in 2010. English is the official language اللغة الرسمية but it has a special accent لهجة خاصة. There is no specific religion دين محدد for Australia but 64% are Christians, 1.7% are Muslims 0.8% Hindus, 0.5% Jews يهود, 19% are seculars علمانيون or atheists يعلنون their religions because it's your choice اختيارك to answer or not. The population السكان is divided مقسمين as the following كالآتي: 37% natives اصليين, 32% British انجليز, 9% Irish ايرلنديون, 8% Scots اسكتلنديون, 4% Italians and other nationalities. Australians respect يحترمون time. They speak in a moderate voice صوت معتدل. No discussion نقاش about private affairs الشئون الخاصة such as الراتب, the age العمر or the salary مثل.

**Education التعليم:** from the age of 6 حتى 16, education is obligatory اجباري in Australia. 58% of the Australians have bachelors بكالوريوس and technical qualifications مؤهلات مهنية. Melborn university is the 36<sup>th</sup> in the



worldwide universities order ترتيب الجامعات العالمى .The American culture الثقافة الامريكية has a great influence on تاثير كبير على the Australian life especially, from the American films.

The Australian football is the most popular sport. Australia is the second country in the world, which won the greatest number of medals in swimming.

**Transportation** المواصلات : The most important means of transportation اهم وسيلة مواصلات is the train because the distances المسافات are great كبيرة.

You can buy a ticket, daily يومية, weekly اسبوعية or monthly شهرية . There is an excellent bus system in all the states of Australia. Taxi service is excellent too.

**Economy** الاقتصاد :The Australian dollar is the formal currency العملة الرسمية. The stock market البورصة is the ninth biggest one التاسعة in the world. Australia is considered as تعتبر the 13<sup>th</sup> economical system in the world.

Wheat القمح is grown يزرع in Australia and is exported يصدر to many countries. Australia exports wool الصوف, gold الذهب, Iron الحديد and natural gas الغاز الطبيعى to the U.S, china, south of Korea and Japan. Really, it's a dream to visit Australia or study there.

## Answer these questions:

- ◆ If you are a student .....  
Do you like to live in your country after graduation التخرج؟
- ◆ Do you think about immigration?
- ◆ Do you like to live in an Arab country?
- ◆ What's your preferable مفضلة Arab country and Why?
- ◆ Do you have relatives or friends in that country?
- ◆ If you want to immigrate.....  
What's your preferable immigration country بلد المهجر المفضل  
Why?
- ◆ What kind of work can you do?
- ◆ How can you improve yourself in an immigration country?
- ◆ Is it a must أمر لازم to have a relative or a friend there هناك؟
- ◆ Can you stand تتحمل the snowy weather الطقس الجليدي؟
- ◆ Who do you prefer; an Arab woman or a foreign woman, as a wife?
- ◆ Do you think that you can adapt to مع تتكيف the foreign customs and traditions العادات والتقاليد الأجنبية easily?
- ◆ If your neighbour were Jewish, إن كان جارك يهودي، how would you deal with him? انتبه، كيف تتعامل معه؟  
you are abroad خارج البلاد not in your country.
- ◆ Do you accept to start business with a partner or you prefer having your own business alone?
- ◆ After some years, Do you like to have business in your country beside what you have in the immigration country?
- ◆ What would you miss from your country if you lived in a foreign country? ماذا ستفتقد من وطنك؟

# Unit 4

## Direct Question السؤال المباشر

- This is for asking friends or colleagues? لسؤال الاصدقاء و الزملاء

Question article	Auxiliary فعل ناقص	Sub- verb	obj	?
	Helping verb فعل مساعد		comple	

- Where is the bank?
- When does the bus arrive? متى يصل التوبيس
- When do the buses leave? متى تغادر الاتوبيسات
- When did the plane take off? متى تقلع الطائرة

## Indirect Question السؤال غير المباشر

For strangers

لسؤال الغرباء

Do you know أداة استفهام	Sub +verb	obj	?
		comple	
Could you tell me كأداة ربط			

- تحويل الاسئلة السابقة الى اسئلة غير مباشرة
- Could you tell me where the bank is? جاء الفاعل ثم الفعل بعد اداة الاستفهام
- Do you know when the bus arrives? اضيف (s) للفعل
- Do you know when the buses arrive? الفعل فى السؤال مضارع مصدر
- Do you know when the plane took off? الفعل فى السؤال ماضى

**Complete the questions in this conversation at a hotel.**

**Guest** : Could you tell me where the gym is?

**Clerk** : Sure, the gym is on the nineteenth floor.

**Guest** : Ok. And can you .....?

**Clerk** : Yes , the coffee shop is next to the gift shop.

**Guest** : The gift shop? Hmm. I need to buy something for my wife.

Do you .....

**Clerk** : It closes at 6:00 P.M. I'm sorry, but you'll have to wait until tomorrow. It's already 6:15.

**Guest** : OK. Oh, I'm expecting a fax to arrive for me.

Could you .....

**Clerk** : Don't worry. I'll call you when it arrives.

**Guest** : Thanks. Just one more thing.

Do you .....

**Clerk** : The airport bus leaves every half hour. Anything else?

**Guest** : No, I don't think so. Thanks.

listen and practise

**passenger** **المسافر**: Morning.

**clerk** **الموظف**: Morning, can I help you?

**passenger** : could tell me when flight 313 arrives?

**clerk**: At 6.00

**passenger** : I need a snack **وجبة خفيفة**.

Do you know where the nearest restaurant is?

**clerk** : It's upstairs **الدور العلوى**.

**passenger** : Thanks. One last question, where I can exchange currency? **أغير عملة?**

**clerk** :The currency exchange office is next to the restaurant.

**Passenger** :Thanks a million.

**clerk**: Your are welcome.



### نصائح لتعلم الانجليزية

تدريب الشخص لنفسه على الانجليزية يشبه التدريب الرياضى  
حيث يوجد أنشطة مختلفة فى تدريب الشخص لنفسه  
\* الاستماع كثيرا لنص مكتوب و مترجم من دوره أن يقوى  
البناء اللغوى لدى الدارس.

\* قراءة نفس النص بصوت مسموع يجعل الدارس متمكنا  
من اللغة.

\* التعود على التحدث مع الاجانب على مواقع التواصل على  
النت له نتائج رائعة.

## Unit 5

### Dream House منزل الاحلام

listen and practise

#### What's your dream house?

**A** : I like to live in a flat downtown but at least على الاقل on the fourth floor to be far بعيدة عن noise الضوضاء. I also like to be near restaurants, cinemas, cafes and shops. Actually, It's a fantastic life.



**B** : I'd love to live outside the city. Traffic المرور is easy. You can enjoy nature in a suburban ضاحية. I think a house in a suburban is not expensive. I can do it.



**C** : I have just finished my study and got my university degree. I'd like to have an import and export company شركة استيراد و تصدير so I want to live in Alex



near the harbour الميناء to follow اتابع my business. A flat on the sea is a dream.

**Answer these questions:**

- ◆ What do you prefer; life in a city – life in the countryside – life in a town?
- ◆ After a long tiring week بعد أسبوع طويل متعب. Do you like to spend the weekend in the countryside or in a coastal city مدينة ساحلية? why ?
- ◆ What are the pros إيجابيات and cons سلبيات of living in a city, a town, the countryside الريف?
- ◆ Is it interesting to live in a city and spend the weekend in the countryside?
- ◆ The city means حضارة civilisation تعنى and the means of comfort وسائل الراحة. The countryside means quietness, close relations علاقات حميمة and healthy life. Comment?
- ◆ In which city in your country you like to live and work....why that city ?
- ◆ In a new place with new people you can adapt quickly or you may face problems ?

# Grammar

adj بعد الصفة *enough* صفة

- My bedroom is **big** enough.
- My laptop is **effecient**كفءenough.

*enough* قبل الاسم

- There are enough **bedrooms**.
- I have enough **money**.

Equality التساوى

as adjective as  
صفة

Ali is **as** tall **as** Hani.

My car is **as** expensive **as** yours.

**as {adj+noun} as**

My apartment has **as** many bedrooms **as** yours.

I have **as** much money **as** what you have.

**As{many اسم يعد}as**

**As{much اسم لا يعد}as**

**Complete this conversation. Use the words given and the comparisons in the box.** (Some of the comparisons in the box can be used more than once.) استخدم ما هو في الجدول.

just as many..... as  
many.....as  
almost as .....as  
not as ..... as

**Realtor** : How did you like the house on Twelfth Street?

**Client** : Well, it's **not as convenient as** the apartment on Main Street. (convenient) مريح-ملائم

**Realtor** : That's true, the house is less convenient.

**Client** : But the house is ..... the flat. (cramped) ضيقة

**Realtor** : Yes, the house is more spacious. اوسع

**Client** : I think there are ..... in the flat. (wardrobes) دولاب

**Realtor** : You're right. The wardrobe is the same.

**Client** : The wallpaper ورق الحائط in the flat is ..... In the house. (shabby) سيئة

**Realtor** : I know, but you could change the wallpaper in the house.

**Client** : Hmm, the rent on the flat is ..... the house, but the house is much bigger. (expensive) Oh, I can't decide.

## Wish + past simple يتمنى

This structure expresses a wish at present في تعبّر عن تركيبة الخاصة

- I wish I **worked** in a bank. أتمنى أن أعمل في بنك
  - I wish + فاعل + were.
  - I wish I **were** rich. أتمنى أن أكون غني.
  - I wish traffic **were** easier. أتمنى أن تكون حركة المرور أسهل.
- ملحوظة: إذا جاء **be** بعد **wish** نستخدم منه **were** ولا نستخدم **was** مطلقاً

listen and practise



**Hani** : Hi, Hana. How are you?

**Hana** : Hi, Hani. I am fine.

**Hani** : I have just seen a

Mercedes car. It's wonderful. I wish I were rich.

**Hana** : Me too. I have just visited my friend in her flat downtown. It's a great flat. I wish I could buy ان استطيع ان اتمنى ان a flat downtown.

**Hani** : Why downtown, it is very noisy.

**Hana**: I like to live near the shops, restaurants and cafes.

**Hani**: Who knows?

**Hana**: God is great.

**Find six things Don would like to change in his life.**  
**Write sentences with He wishes.**

I used to enjoy life more. Nowadays هذه الايام, I just go to work in the morning and come home in the evening. I don't enjoy my job anymore, but I must say the money is good. I don't go out as often as I used to. I used to go to the club once a week. Now I go there only once a month. And I used to visit my friends all the time. Now, I never see them. My weekends are really boring ممل, too. I spend my time cleaning the house and watching TV. Why don't I go out more often? I think, I just got lazy أصبحت كسلان. Perhaps ربما, I should buy a car. Yeah, I've saved وفرت a lot of money. I'll go buy a new car now!

- 1- He wishes he **enjoyed** his job.
- 2-
- 3-
- 4-
- 5-
- 6-

الفعل المستخدم ماضى بسيط بعد wish

listen and practise

## امنيات شائعة لدى الناس People's Common wishes



Man الانسان always dreams and considers يعتبر life as a route طريق of accomplishments انجازات. A lot of things people wish. Here are some.

The busy people wish the day النهار were longer يكون أطول to have some time for a rest and to enjoy life after hard work العمل الصعب. Many people get bored with يملوا من their city and wish to move to الى another city مدينة اخرى of an interesting life and new atmosphere. We saw a lot of people wish they had better jobs than theirs وظائفهم and succeeded to انجحوا ان and do that by improving themselves تحسين انفسهم and their abilities قدراتهم. As you see, all people try to improve themselves by taking language and computer courses. More work means more money which means a comfortable life. To have a wish ,it means you are alive حي. It is important to do your best جهدك to achieve تحقق your wishes. Every body has private wishes and public ones امنيات عامة.

## Answer these questions:

- ◆ What are your private wishes? أمنياتك الخاصة?
- ◆ What do you wish for your country?
- ◆ Do you plan to move to a new city?
- ◆ How do you see yourself after 5 years?
  - In Egypt or abroad بالخارج.
  - In Cairo or another city.
  - In your job in the company or in a higher job وظيفة أعلى.
- What were the last wishes you achieved ? اى الامنيات ؟ السابقة انت حققتها.
- What do you wish for your parents, your spouse زوج او زوجة, your friends?
- What is the wish you could not achieve? ما هى الامنية التى لم تستطع تحقيقها
- How can you achieve your wishes ?
- Display your age years and your past and future wishes in order in English ?

## Unit 6

listen and practise

### Good habits العادات الحسنة



People always have good habits and bad ones. Let's start with the good habits. Asking about your friends' health **صحة** from time to time **من وقت لآخر**, is a good habit **عادة**. It keeps **تحافظ** the community **المجتمع** linked **مترايط** and it creates **تخلق** warmth **الدفء** and sympathy **التعاطف** among **بين** people. In the modern life, communication **الاتصال** became easier. You can connect with anybody in any time by the mobile phone and the internet. Also, being always on time **ان تكون دائما فى الوقت المحدد** is a very important matter **امر**. For example, if you have an appointment **موعد**, you should respect **تحترم** your time at first and others' time **وقت الاخرين** which is the first matter, man **الانسان** should care about **يهتم به**. Reading as a habit is a matter of importance **امر هام**. It changes mentality **العقلية** to the better **الى**. **ان تعرف هو ان تعيش**. To know is to live **الفضل**.

listen and practise

## Bad habits عادات سيئة



The good human is the person who الذى wants to improve himself يحسن نفسه or herself او نفسها. Man has defects عيوب and always tries to ان يحاول remove them يزيلهم. One of these bad habits is smoking. What an awful thing ! يا له من امر فظيع ! All smokers started it بدون caring about الاهتمام ب their health صحتهم or how to stop it. Scientists العلماء could invent ابدعوا medicines أدوية that can help people to give smoking up يقلع عن التدخين. It is very bad to see the movie stars أثناء تتابع smoke during the sequence of the film نجوم السينما الفيلم.

It is a disaster كارثة to think that there is a relation between thinking in a good way and the cigarette. Smoking التدخين is fatal مميت. To stop smoking ,you should have will power قوة ارادة. The smoker المدخن has to respect يحترم the others and not to smoke in the public places.

## Answer these questions:

- ◆ How do you see your relation with :
  - friends
  - manager
  - colleagues زملاء
  - neighbours جيران
- ◆ How can you improve تحسن your relation with the people around you?
- ◆ Do you have bad habits such as :
  - Smoking
  - Being messy كونك فوضوى
  - Eating a lot of snacks وجبات خفيفة
  - Spending too much time on the internet. (discuss)
- ◆ How can you help yourself overcome التغلب على your bad habits?
- ◆ Your friend has a bad habit. Can you help him/her to overcome it يقضى عليها? How.....?
- ◆ Everybody has defects in his personality .Write your character defects in a piece of paper and try to find out a solution to each defect in English ?
- ◆ Narrate a crisis you passed and who supported you ?

# Unit 7

listen and practise

## International Dishes اطباق عالمية

The resource of the information in the article is "Cook Book" for Mary Berry

### In the U.S.

**CLAM CHOWDER** شوربة  
المأكولات البحرية is very  
common شائعة in the U.S.  
and it's very delicious لذيذة  
and healthy صحية. It's made  
up of تكون من ت:



200	Grams of Shrimps جرام جمبرى
400	Grams of Fish جرام سمك
4	Cups of Fish Soup اكواب من شوربة السمك
3	Cups of Flour اكواب من الدقيق

a potato – a carrot – celery كرفس -60 of grams of butter

Salt ملح and pepper فلفل as you like.

How ?

Fry حمر the pieces of a carrot and a potato in butter, then  
add اضع the flour then, the fish soup شوربة السمك. Next, add

the fish, shrimps, cream, salt and pepper فلفل, all on fire for 3 minutes.

## المغرب Morocco

### THE MOROCCAN

**HARIRA** الحريرة المغربية . It's a famous Moroccan dish that many Arabs عرب like. In Europe and America, there are a lot of restaurants which serve Harira with kebabs الكباب. Harira is very delicious and is eaten hot with spices توابل and chili فلفل حار.



#### المكونات: Ingredients:

250	Grams chickpea حمص
250	Grams mutton لحم ضانى
2	Onions – 3 tomatoes
Little black pepper فلفل	
2	Spoons of butter ملاعق من الزبدة
6	Spoons of soft Borghol برغل
Torn bread خبز مقطع	
A spoon of parsely ملعقة بقونس	
A spoon of celery ملعقة كرفس	

How ?

Cut the mutton اللحم الضانى into small pieces قطع صغيرة and boil it واسلقها. Then, put all the ingredients المكونات after chopping التخريط for 15 minutes. You should stir up يقلب on fire

**Good appetite**

شهية طيبة

**Spain أسبانيا**

The Spanish cuisine المطبخ يعتمد على the olive oil زيت الزيتون in all dishes. The Spanish people don't like hot dishes. They always put olive oil, vinegar خل , salt and black pepper فلفل اسمر . One of the most famous dishes in Spain is **BAIELLA** .  
بييلا.



How ?

Fry قطع من الجمبرى eight pieces of shrimps حمر in olive oil for 15 minutes .Then, put a chopped onion بصلة مخرطة .After five minutes, add a shredded tomato طماطم مخرطة .Next, add pieces of green and red pepper with salt and 4 cups of shrimp stock شوربة جمبرى.

At last اخيرا , put 200 grams of rice. All are on fire الكل على النار for 25 minutes. the dish is always furnished مزين .

It's a dream to eat that main dish in a restaurant in

Barcelona, Spain.

France: فرنسا

Eating habits عادات الاكل has changed تتغير for decades منذ عقود because of fast food الاكلات السريعة بسبب but the French eating habits عادات الاكل الفرنسي are still as they were كما كانت .For the French dishes, we will present **Canard a L'orange** بط بالبرتقال .



A Duck بطة
Pepper ,as you like كما تحب
Shredded garlic ثوم مخرط
$\frac{1}{2}$ Glass of vinegar خل
$\frac{1}{2}$ Glass of orange jam مربى برتقال

How ? Pay attention ! انتبه

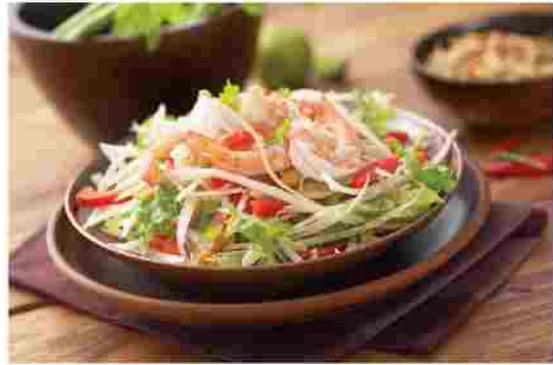
After preparing the duck الفرن بعد تجهيز البطة , put it in the oven الفرن . When it becomes well done مستوية , paint it ادهنها with the orange jam and white vinegar. Then, put it back in the oven الفرن for just فقط 10 minutes under low flames لهب , شرائح البرتقال زين the dish with slices of orange .منخفض

pepper and some parcels with spices البقدونس .Have a  
good dish اتمنى لك طبعا لطيفا

**Bon appétit**

**Thailand تايلند**

It is famous for hot مشهورة ب dishes  
الاكلات الحارة. This  
like spices and chili فلفل  
in their dishes. Most  
tourists visit Thailand and eat  
Thai food الاكل التايلندي.



Before speaking about the most famous Thai dish-Try to حاول  
remember تتذكر the floating market السوق العائم for fruit and  
vegetables in Thailand,as it was shown كما عرض في in the  
film”thieves in Thailand” حرامية في تايلند. The most famous dish in  
Thailand is “Phat phed” pronounced ينطق " pat pet ". The name  
means يعنى a dish with lots of spices كثير من التوابل. It's one of  
the most popular dishes واحد من اشهر الاطباق in Thailand. It  
contains يحتوي على fried shrimps محمر with chili, onions  
slices, shredded garlic and other Thai spices توابل تايلندية. Many  
tourists like to eat it in Thailand.

## Egypt مصر

The Egyptian cuisine المطبخ المصرى has various dishes اطباق متنوعة. Anyway على اى حال, our dish is fantastic.



Egyptians put oil or margarine السمن in their food to

fry shredded onions and garlic. That is the way they make one of the most famous Egyptian dish. The Egyptian mallow – known with Milokhia. Mallow الملوخيا is shredded with a special knife سكينه خاصة. Then, Put the shredded onions and garlic into hot oil. When they are fried, pour chicken stock اسكب شورية فراخ then the shredded mallow الملوخية المخرطة. On fire for 5 minutes . Enjoy it with rabbits مع ارانب and rice with fried noodles ارز بالشعرية. The Egyptian cuisine is full of different dishes but it is not international because it is very greasy دسم .

### Answer these questions:

- ◆ ما مطبخك المفضل؟
  - The American : burger – sausage سجق.
  - The Italian : Pizza – sphagetti
  - The Egyptian : Mallow ملوخيا with rabbits مع الأرانب
- ◆ You are with your friends downtown. You are hungry, What's your favourite restaurant and Why?

- ◆ You are hungry at home. Can you make something for eating? Or you prefer a delivery meal?
- ◆ What's your favourite place for Sohor السحور in Ramadan?
- ◆ A barbecue حفل شواء لحم in the feast with your friends ..... Comment?
- ◆ What's your favourite dish from .....
  - Your mother's hands.
  - Your wife's hands.

## ◆ Choose a dish from the article المقال?

- What's your favourite meal in Alexandria?
- What do you like to eat for breakfast in Ramadan ?with who ?where ?
  - What is your favourite fruit and vegetable ?

# Unit 8

## Future planning

التخطيط للمستقبل

هناك فرق كبير بين هاتان الصيغتان .

### ***(be) going to + infinitive***

تعني أنه يوجد قرار لفعل عمل ما لأنه أعد له مسبقا

- I'm going to visit my uncle tomorrow.  
(That is for sure) مؤكد

### ***Will ('ll) + infinitive***

لا يوجد تأكيد على حدوث الفعل .

- I'll visit my uncle tomorrow.  
(I'm not sure)

يجب استخدام هذه التعبيرات مع هذه الصيغة :

Probably ,I am not sure,perhaps=maybe,I think.

\*I will probably go to the club.

\*Perhaps,I will work until midnight.

\*Maybe,we will eat dinner at a restaurant.

\*I think I will travel to Alexandria tomorrow.

\*I am not sure,I will finish work at 6.00.

Read these notes for a holiday you are going to take to Dubai **دبي**. Then write a description of your holiday. Use (be going to) for the plans you've decided on. Use (will) with maybe, probably , I guess or I think for the plans you're not sure about. **عبر عن رحلة الى دبي و أبو ظبي**

**Trip to Dubai and Abo Dhabi**

- Arrive in Dubai on July 6
- Check in at the Hilton Hotel
- Go shopping (not sure)
- Spend three days sightseeing
- Take a tour bus to Abo Dhabi. **ابو ظبي**
- Visit the mosques in Abo Dhabi (not sure)
- Rent a car and drive back to Dubai
- Visit the old city building (not sure)
- Spend time on the beach (not sure)
- Visit some museums (not sure)
- Go home on July 22

First, I'm going to arrive in Dubai, Emirates, **on July 6<sup>th</sup>**. **I'm going to** check in at the Hilton Hotel! Then **maybe I'll** go shopping .....

.....  
.....

listen and practise

## Next Holiday

**Ali:** It's December. I'll take my annual holiday اجازتى السنوية this month. I'm going to travel to Europe اوروبا. I have already booked بالفعل حجزت a return – ticket تذكرة ذهاب وعودة. I'm going to travel to Paris and visit the Eiffel tower, the Louvre Museum متحف اللوفر, the palace of Versay قصر فرساي and Chanzelezech street شارع الشانزليزية. I'd like to see how is winter كيف يكون الشتاء in France.



**Hani:** I'm a painter رسام. I worked very much this year so I'd like to take a holiday اجازة. I'm going to do what I like. I'm going to visit the museums and galleries معارض فنية in Cairo and



Alexandria. I'm not sure, I'll travel to Emirates to have a look at معرض تحف القى نظرة على the galleries there. I hope to enjoy.

**A housewife** :I and my family are going to spend our holiday in Cairo.We live in El Maadi and my husband likes fishing so we are going to the Cornish



every day.My husband is catching fish **يصاد سمك** and I am caring about **أعتنى ب** my kids during playing **اللعب**.We are going to listen to our favourite music.

**Rami** : I'm going to take a holiday for a week so I'll get the chance **سأنتهز الفرصة** to catch up on **أعطي** reading my favourite historical books **كتب تاريخية**. I wish to live in the pharaohnic era **العصر الفرعوني** to know how they grew **زرعوا** lands, built the pyramids and how they dealt with each other. **كيف كانوا يتعاملون مع بعض**.By the way,my favourite hobby is reading the newspapers every day in my office !!!



## **Answer these questions**

- ◆ Do you have annual holiday **أجازة سنوية**?
- ◆ How long is it? **كم مدتها**?
- ◆ A holiday in Egypt, will be where?
- ◆ A holiday in an Arab country – Where and Why?
- ◆ A holiday in a foreign country where and Why?

- ◆ Do you plan for your holiday?
- ◆ Speak about your dream holiday? أجازة الأحلام?
- ◆ Do you like to take a holiday in summer or in winter?
- ◆ Who do you like to spend your holiday with?
- ◆ How much money do you need for your holiday?
- ◆ What's the new thing do you like to try يجرب in your holiday?
- ◆ A holiday means what for you ?
- ◆ Do you have regular habits عادات منتظمة on you holidays?
- ◆ Ten days off . Divide them and mention أذكر what are you going to see and do?
- ◆ You have the chance to choose your holiday in summer or winter, what do you prefer and why ?
- ◆ You like to read a new book, to eat a new dish, to see a new film, to visit a new city, to play a new sport, to have a new hobby or to stop a bad habit.....on your holiday ..Discuss ?

## Unit 9

listen and practise

### **A visit to the Egyptian countryside** الريف



I'm going to visit the countryside الريف on my next holiday. I'll get away from the city and enjoy nature الطبيعية and visit my relatives اقارب. It's hard to live in a city like Cairo. Traffic is always difficult. There aren't enough subway lines خطوط مترو. The streets are crowded with people, so I need to relax, to have fun استمتع in a natural place. I need to breathe fresh air اتنفس, to see a greeny place مكان اخضر, to ride a donkey and drive a tractor جرار for fun للمتعة. Actually, the holiday is a good chance فرصة to visit my relatives الذين always support me in any situation موقف; hard or pleasant صعب أو سعيد. They always invite me to spend the weekend with them. At last, I decided to go to my village قريتي and visit my relatives. Actually, the Egyptian countryside is fantastic. It is always full of warmth الدفء and generosity الكرم. It'll be a trip. Look at the photo and think about the Egyptian beauty. Really, it's a fantastic view. The four pigeon towers ابراج للحمام are wonderful. We can see that view in all the Egyptian villages.

# Hurghada

الغردقة



- Hanya** : Hi, Ali  
**Ali** : Hi, Hanya  
How are things?  
**Hanya** : Fine. Tomorrow is the mid-year holiday اجازة نصف السنة.  
**Ali** : Yeah. How are you going to spend it?  
**Hanya** : Actually, it's a good chance فرصة جيدة to relax and forget أثناء الدراسة نسي the difficult times during study .  
**Ali** : Yeah, you are right.  
**Hanya** : I think, I'll stay home to relax, and you?  
**Ali** : I'm going to work for a month in Hurghada الغردقة as a waiter.  
**Hanya** : It'll be a good practice تمرين for what you studied at college.  
**Ali** : Yeah, I need to practise English and French with tourists. Study الدراسة is not enough ليست كافية.  
**Hanya** : I hope you success and of course, a nice time in Hurghada.  
**Ali** : What is the best thing you are going to do on the holiday?  
**Hanya** : I am going to visit my relatives in Cairo. I like them very much.  
**Ali** : I hope you a nice holiday.  
**Hanya** : Thanks, me too.

## Answer these questions:

- ◆ What do you usually do in the mid-year holiday? ماذا تفعل عادة في أجازة نصف العام؟
- ◆ It depends, على حسب it may be 2 weeks or more, Do you have a plan for it?

Choose:

- ◆ A city on the Red Sea.
- ◆ A city on the Mediterranean sea. المتوسط  
Why – with who – for how long  
How are you going to spend it?
- ◆ After the exams, all students need a relaxing atmosphere and an interesting one for sometime.  
Where can you relax and where can you enjoy?
- ◆ What is the best thing do you do in the mid-year holiday ?
- ◆ Where do you meet your colleagues زملاءك in the mid-year holiday ?
- ◆ Do you visit your hometown مدينة المنشأ in the mid-year holiday?
- ◆ You like to visit a city for 3 days, which city, with who, how are you going to spend your time there ?
- ◆ You want to take memorial photos صور تذكارية with your friends, it will be where and why?

# Unit 10

listen and practise

## Hi – Technology تكنولوجيا عالية الجودة

Have you ever asked yourself نفسك about how many devices الاجهزة do you usually use daily يوميا ?

Let's take the matter الامر from the beginning البداية. At first, you get up by the alarm-clock المنبه.

When you want to have breakfast, you take your food from the fridge الثلاجة and you make tea or – nescafé by the kettle الغلاية. And you wash your clothes by the washing machine الغسالة.

You go to work by taxi, the underground, train, bus, minibus, microbus or your private car سيارتك الخاصة. When you come back home, you can watch television and listen to the radio. Everyday, you use the computer for different things. If the weather is hot ,you turn on the air conditioner or the fan and if it is cold you use the radiator الدفاية.

What a relaxing life! يا لها من حياة مريحة or ...complicated ? ام مركبة How you see it?



## Answer these questions:

- ◆ Can you imagine yourself تتخيل نفسك in another era عصر اخر, for example, in the beginning of the 20<sup>th</sup> century or before that? Comment ?
- ◆ What's the most important device أهم جهاز you use everyday; your mobile phone or your laptop?How ?
- ◆ Do you think the Americans' and the Europeans' life is different from our life because they have very high technology? How ?
- ◆ How many devices do you use every day, mention them أذكرهم, by name بالاسم? استعن بالقاموس
- ◆ Which devices don't you have? أى الأجهزة ليس لديك
- ◆ Which device do you want to buy soon قريبا?
- ◆ How many devices do you carry when you are out خارج المنزل? mobile phone, laptop, a watch? You can not live without .....?Why that device?
- ◆ What are the advantages and disadvantages of the high technology? ما هي مميزات و عيوب التكنولوجيا العالية?
- ◆ Speak about yourself inside داخل the kitchen, how many devices كم عدد الاجهزة do you use and how do you use them?
- ◆ What are your conditions شروطك to buy a device?the price, the brand الماركة, the colour, the options الامكانيات, the guarrantee الضمان .....etc.

- ◆ What is your favourite brand الماركة المفضلة for the mobile phone, the laptop, the car, the watch, the television, the sunglasses.....why?

listen and practise

## Television

It was invented تم اختراعه in 1927.

What are the effects تاثيرات of that device هذا الجهاز in our society مجتمعا?



What an important role ياله . Television is in life so it's an interesting life. You can have a look at any country in the world on its television. If you watch the American television, you'll know the American customs and traditions, you'll concentrate on تركز على the problems in the American society المجتمع الامريكى . Actually, television shows all the human culture الثقافات الانسانية . Television is for pleasure متعة and knowledge المعرفة . I think sports and game shows are for pleasure but the rest is for thinking and learning about life. I mean films, series مسلسلات, programmes,..... etc. It's such device تلك الجهاز that can join the territory البلد together in one time مرة واحدة . Thanks for **Filo Farnesort**, the inventor المخترع.

Who can remember the black and white television.....  
Who?!

## Answer these questions:

- ◆ How long do you watch TV everyday?
- ◆ What are your favourite channels?
- ◆ What do you like on TV:  
films – series – programmes – religious channels قنوات دينية
- ◆ Who is your favourite conversationalist محاور? Why?
- ◆ Do you like white and black films?  
Who is your favourite actor, actress, singer?
- ◆ Does television have a big role in any country? How?
  - instruction programmes برامج توعية
  - religious programmes برامج دينية
  - In emergency time وقت الطوارئ, you follow the orders of the government للمواطنين to the citizens
  - as we saw during the revolutions اثناء الثورات.
- What kind of films ما نوع do you like?
- Do you like Turkish series? المسلسلات التركية? Why?
- What is your favourite religious channel? القناة الدينية المفضلة?
- How many hours do you watch Television in Ramadan?
- What is your favourite news channel? Why ?
- Do you like talk shows البرامج الحوارية ?
- Do you like shopping on Television? or you like the Television commercials? الاعلانات التلفزيونية?

listen and practise

## Computer



What a surprise for man! يا لها من مفاجأة للانسان! It's the computer.  
The most magnificent device اعظم اختراع, man has  
invented الانسان اخترعه. You can send ترسل and receive تستقبل e-  
mails. You can pay bills فواتير. You and your kids can play  
games. Each one مستواه كل واحد in his level. You can search for  
any subject in any field and get the information you want. You  
can save information. You can do what you don't know.

Nowadays هذه الايام, people and computer are with each other.  
They use computers to improve themselves يحسنوا من انفسهم. You  
can follow the current news on the internet and you can finish  
deals بسهولة simply صفقات.

Computers are used for pleasure too. You can download  
music and films but ... I think the whole matter is  
pleasure. There is no doubt that the computer changed our life  
totally كلية. We find that all companies and factories use the

computer because it saves time and effort and of course, money.

### **Answer these questions:**

- ◆ Can you imagine your life without a computer or laptop?  
Comment ?
- ◆ How do you use your computer?
- ◆ How long do you stay with your computer?
- ◆ Do you need more computer courses?
- ◆ Where can you take the courses?
- ◆ Can you find a good job without having computer skills? بدون أن يكون لديك مهارات الحاسب؟
- ◆ Do you chat online in English or Arabic?
- ◆ Which nationalities do you chat with?
- ◆ How can the computer be useful not just for fun?
- ◆ What is your favourite website on the internet ?
- ◆ Do you have friends on Facebook ? From where ? Do they like to visit Egypt ? What are the places they can visit ?
- ◆ What are the pros and cons سلبيات و ايجابيات of the computer set جهاز؟
- ◆ What is your favourite news website ? Why ?
- ◆ You are out without your laptop, do you like to go to a net cafe ?

# Unit 11

listen and practise

**50 Years ago**



Families were bigger in the past. The number of the family members reached ten people. How did it happen?!

Is it a Joke نكتة? No, it's a truth حقيقة . I know somebody who had 13 brothers and sisters. Anyway, it was before contraceptives موانع الحمل.

What a camp! ياله من معسكر They eat together or individually بشكل منفرد, anyway, it's noisy. Any movement means noise.

There is a great difference between homes 50 years ago and now. That spacious flat الشقة الواسعة with 5 rooms, a hall, a kitchen and a large bathroom. Look at downtown buildings, you'll find the difference. Even the kinds of jobs were different because there were no computers, no mobile phones. No modern machines. Nowadays, the style of work

consequently، بالتبعية، changed. And the names of jobs became up-to date to cope with تتماشى مع the high-technology. What about salaries? How much were they?

In the past, life was different in all sides الجوانب. It is enough to say that life changed a lot from the last 10 years till now حتى الان. We all remember when we wanted to transfer ينقل something from a computer to another, we put the harddisk itself in the other computer. A few years ago, we did not have something called a transferring flash فلاشة التخزين. 10 years ago ,the prices of the devices, such as: computers, mobile phones and air conditioners أجهزة التكييف were very expensive. Nowadays, we have a great variety تنوع كبير of brands من الماركات for all products.

So, what do you prefer; life in the past or at present?

Say, why?

## **Answer these questions**

- Look at the car in the photo, do you like to drive that car?
- What do you like, a crowded place or a relaxing one, give examples in Cairo?
- Which personality in the history do you like to meet? Why?
- Do you have a question to a personality in the history?
- What are the best things in our era فى عصرنا and what are the bad things?
- Which era do you like to live in? اى عصر تحب ان تعيش فيه

listen and practise

## Education التعليم in America & Europe

Most American and European children go to the public schools which are free مجانية. There are also some private schools supported by مدعمة من religious organisations منظمات دينية.



Generally عموماً, examination الاختبار is by continuous assessment تقدير مستمر

If students want to go on يستمروا to higher education, Some colleges and universities require them تطلبهم to take the SAT (Scholastic Aptitude Test) امتحان الاهلية الدراسية. Not many students can pass it. Most معظم colleges and universities courses last تدوم for 4 years. Most universities are private خاصة. Students have to pay much money to go to both private and state universities الجامعات الخاصة والحكومية. Many students get a loan قرض from the banks to complete their studies in the universities and they can pay it back يسددونها in instalment بالتقسيط. So it is ordinary to find all the American students have part time jobs to be able to pay back the student loan.

The resource of the information in the article is from "Oxford Dictionary"

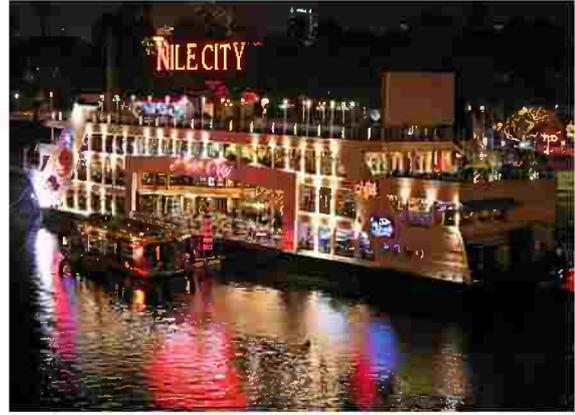
## Unit 12

listen and practise

### **Holidays & Festivals in Egypt**

#### **The New Year's Eve** ليلة راس السنة

Egyptians celebrate that evening in public places for example, in the Pyramids area and in parks. Tourists and Egyptians like to go to the Sound and Light Show.



Many people like to take a river boat, and others prefer getting around downtown, to the cinema or do shopping. Tourists like to visit the coastal cities, especially Sharm El Sheikh and Hurghada to enjoy the warm weather and the natural views. Many tourists prefer spending this evening in the historic places in Luxor and Aswan and enjoy shopping the traditional clothes and herbs. From around the world, tourists come to spend the New Year's Eve in Egypt, Mother of the world.

#### **Answer these questions:**

- ◆ Where do you spend the new year's Eve? And with who?

- ◆ Till what time do you stay up تسهر?
- ◆ If you like to change, where do you like to spend the New Year's Eve in Egypt?
- ◆ If you like to spend the New Year's Eve outside Egypt. It will be where; Europe, America, Emirates ....etc.
- ◆ The New Year's Eve with family will be in .....
- ◆ The New Year's Eve with friends will be in .....
- ◆ What do you like on Television in the New Year's Eve?
- ◆ Do you ask god for some thing in the New Year's Eve?

## February

### Valentine's Day عيد الحب

On February 14<sup>th</sup>, Egyptians celebrate يحتفلوا that occasion المناسبة. Husbands الأزواج and wives الزوجات exchange يتبادلوا gifts الهدايا and like to spend a nice evening out. Television shows يعرض romantic films and songs. Many companies make offers تعمل عروض for that occasion.



Chocolate, flowers and perfumes are sold تباع on Valentine's Day. By the way, the Egyptian love day عيد الحب المصرى is in November.

## Answer these questions

Do you plan for this occasion? What gift did you present to your wife/husband? Where do you like to spend this day? Do you like to take it as a day off? Is the morning different from the evening on Valentine's day for the place the company الرفاق?

## March

Egypt celebrates Mother's Day عيد الام on March 21<sup>st</sup>. Many charities مؤسسات خيرية hold تعقد competitions مسابقات for the ideal mother للام المثالية and give prizes جوائز. Sons and daughters give presents to their parents. The television



shows films and songs about mother's efforts جهود الام for their children from the early age من السن المبكرة.

## Answer these questions

Do you ask your mother before buying a gift or you make a surprise to her?

What did you give your mother last year?

What is your favourite place with your mother on this day?

Do you share your siblings أشقاءك to buy a great present to your mother? Describe your mother's personality? Mention أذكر two great situations with your father and your mother?

## April

Egyptians celebrate the liberation of Sinai تحرير سيناء on April 24<sup>th</sup>. The Egyptian armed forces القوات المسلحة المصرية holds many celebrations احتفالات for the civil people للمدنيين , the army



soldiers جنود الجيش and officers ضباطه. On that day, television shows many films about the Egyptian army الجيش المصرى and how the Egyptian army could restore سيناء Sinai from Israel by force بالقوة. The Egyptian diplomats الدبلوماسيين exerted a lot of efforts بذلوا مجهودات كثيرة and succeeded in the negotiations المفاوضات with the Israeli diplomats. Egypt could restore the peninsula of Sinai شبه جزيرة سيناء استردوا on April 24<sup>th</sup>.

### **Answer these questions**

What is your feeling on that day?

Do you like to watch television on that day?

How do you spend the evening; go out with friends or stay at home?

Do you like to see the armed forces' celebration احتفالات القوات المسلحة on that day?

What is your favourite film on Television on that day?

On April 25<sup>th</sup>, Egyptians celebrate **Sham El Nessem** which was a pharaonic feast. On that day, Egyptians eat salted fish, herring and green onions.



They prefer spending that day on the Nile Cornish and in parks. They consider it the beginning of the spring when flowers flourish with good scents. On that day, children play with coloured eggs.

Many people visit Giza Zoo on that day. This feast dates back to the pharaohs who celebrated the day with the same customs.

### **Answer these questions:**

- ◆ Where do you like to spend Sham El Neseem? And with Who?
- ◆ How do you spend the evening?
- ◆ Do you like salty fish and herring?
- ◆ If you have the chance to go outside Cairo, What's your favourite city for Sham El Neseem?
- ◆ Speak about your day on Sham El Nessem ?
- ◆ What do you like and do not like in Sham El Nessem ?

May

Egypt celebrates Work Day عيد العمال on May 1<sup>st</sup>. The government الحكومة gives all the workers and the employees الموظفين a raise علاوة for good work and it honours تكرم العمال المثاليون the ideal workers الحكومة. Egyptians like to spend it out in parks and downtown. On that day, all Egyptians feel happy because the government honours تكرم the people.



July

Egyptians celebrate July 23<sup>rd</sup> Revolution against the British occupation الاحتلال البريطاني and King Farouk. On that day, the Egyptian army could reach يصل الى the reign الحكم and overcame يتغلب على



injustice الظلم and corruption الفساد that spread انتشر during the British occupation الاحتلال البريطاني. The television shows films about the Egyptian heroes الابطال المصريون in that period فترة. Appear in the photo, the liberal officers الضباط الاحرار.

## October

Egyptians consider it **يعتبروه** the month of victories **شهر الانتصارات**. They celebrate **يحتفلوا ب** the Victory of the Egyptian army against the Israeli army on October 6<sup>th</sup>, 1973



and how they could beat **يهزموا** the Israeli army in Sinai and how the Egyptian intelligence **المخابرات المصرية** was powerful **قوية** and unique **فريدة**. All Egyptians feel happy and proud **فخورين** on that day. The television shows films, programmes and series about the Egyptian heroes **الابطال** **الحرب المجيدة** before and during the glorious war **المصريون**.

### **Answer these questions:**

- ◆ October month means what for you? **شهر اكتوبر يعنى ماذا بالنسبة لك?**
- ◆ Speak about the Egyptian army **الجيش المصرى** in October war?
- ◆ What do you think of the Egyptian Intelligence agency **وكالة** **المخابرات المصرية** before and after October war?
- ◆ What's your favourite spying series? **مسلسل جاسوسى**
- ◆ What's your favourite spying film? **فيلم جاسوسية**
- ◆ Speak about one of the 6 October war heroes **واحد من أبطال حرب** **أكتوبر** **أكتوبر**?

## عيد الفطر Fitr Eid

It's the feast of 3 days عيد الثلاثة أيام. Egypt as a Muslim country celebrates Alms feast عيد الفطر after the Blessed Ramadan رمضان المبارك. Egyptians have customs عادات and traditions تقاليد on the feast.



Families make biscuits بسكويت at homes and distribute يوزعوا money for the poor للفقراء. All the Egyptian society المجتمع المصري feel satisfied راضى and happy. On that feast, people like to enjoy. They exchange يتبادلون visits and spend their time together in a warm atmosphere جو دافىء. Many families like to spend the feast outside Cairo, in a coastal city. During the feast, the satellite channels show the best films, programmes and plays to make people enjoy the feast in a good way.

### Answer these questions:

- ◆ Where do you spend the Eve of the feast الوقفة? With who?
- ◆ Do you like going out in the feast or you prefer staying at home?
- ◆ Do you take or give the feast gift العيدية?

- ◆ How do you spend Fitr Eid عيد الفطر
- ◆ Do you visit your relatives in Cairo? How do you spend the feast with them?
- ◆ Do you visit your relatives outside Cairo?
- ◆ Do you buy biscuits or you make it at home?
- ◆ Do you like spend Fitr Eid outside Cairo? Where? With Who?

## عيد الاضحى Adha Eid

It's the feast of 4 days.

Egyptians celebrate يحتفلوا

Eid el Adha

on Ze El Hija 10<sup>th</sup> . Many Muslims go to do pilgrimage الحج in Saudi Arabia السعودية. All Muslims slaughter يذبحون sheep الخراف



on that day and distribute يوزعون meat to the relatives للاقارب and

the poor الفقراء. People visit each other بعضهم البعض and go to the cinema. Parents give children feast gift العيدية and even the adults take it. Many people have barbecues حفل شواء لحم during اثناء that feast. Those barbecues usually occur تحدث on the roof of the house سطح المنزل.

A great scene appears in the photo, Meditate تأمل. What a fantastic scene! ياله من مشهد رائع! It is a great visit to Masjed El Haram.

## Answer these questions:

- ◆ What do you prefer Fitr Eid or Adha Eid or both?
- ◆ Fitr Eid comes after Ramadan so, do you enjoy it more?
- ◆ What do you like in Adha feast?
- ◆ Where do you spend the feast Eve? ليلة الوقفة
- ◆ Do you fast in "El Wakfa"?
- ◆ Do you stay up تسهر in the feast Eve ليلة الوقفة? Where? With Who? Till what time?
- ◆ Do you like to go downtown in the feast or it is too crowded?
- ◆ Adha Eid in
  - An Arab country:
  - A European country :
  - America :
- Do you slaughter تذبحون or you buy meat at the butcher's?
- What is the best thing in the feast and what do not you like during those days ?
- In the future ,do you like to have your engagement party حفلة خطوبتك in the feast ?

## Unit 13

listen and practise

### اعیاد المیلاد Birthdays

Many Egyptians like to celebrate their birthdays at homes or clubs. The ceremonies **المراسم** are the same **نفسها** ; a big cake, fizzy drinks **مياه غازية** tea, coffee, and candles **شمع**. In Egypt,



They usually put one candle **شمعة** for each year and sometimes one numbered candle **شمعة مرقمة**. Fire works **الالعاب النارية** at the club are ordinary **طبيعية** on those occasions . Loud music **موسيقى صاخبة** and dancing may be possible at homes and clubs. Nowadays, the mobile phone has a great role **دور رائع** because it can film **يصور** the party to be a memory **ذكرى** on the computer. Families feel happy on such occasions **تلك المناسبات**. I think it's a good matter to celebrate your birthday. It will be a great chance **فرصة رائعة** for you , your family and your friends to spend a good time together. The style of celebration is different at the university where the students gather **يتجمعون** to say happy birthday to one of them. That atmosphere is warm and funny. It lasts for a long time in their memories and they remind each other of it **يذكروا بعض بهذا الاحتفال**.

## Answer these questions:

- ◆ Do you celebrate your birthday?
- ◆ When is your birthday exactly?
- ◆ Where do you celebrate it and with Who?
- ◆ What's the best gift presentedتقدمت to you on your birthday?
- ◆ What's your feeling on that day;
  - a year passed عام مر
  - a new year will start?
- ◆ Do you feel optimisticمتفائل on your birthday?
- ◆ Do you plan for your new year? How ?
- ◆ Do you usually put targets أهداف for the new year?
- ◆ Do you like to have your birthday party at the university ...how and who do you invite ?
- ◆ You like to have a special birthday party this year....make a plan for that occasion and write a paragraph about it  
Who are the guests ? Where is it ? What are you and your friends going to do ?
- Somebody you want to attend تحضر his birthday party ...Who and why that person?What will your gift be?

listen and practise

## The Sixtieth Birthday

- Ali** : What are you going to do next Sunday?  
**Uncle** : I am going to have a birthday party. I'll be 60.  
**Ali** : How do you feel when you approach من تقترب من the age of sixty عمر الستين?  
**Uncle** : It's a new life. I feel that I 'm a new person. After retirement التقاعد, my life will change. There will be time سيكون هناك وقت for thinking فى التفكير about what passed عما حدث and it is a chance of meditation فرصة للتأمل.



- Ali** : What do you hope?  
**Uncle** : After retirement التقاعد, I'll get a high reward مكافأة كبيرة from the company so I'll buy a house in the countryside. I prefer the quiet life after a busy life of work and travels السفريات.  
**Ali** : What about your grandchildren احفادك. I know you like them a lot.  
**Uncle** : I'll invite them and their parents to spend some time with me on the special occasions المناسبات الخاصة and the weekend.  
**Ali** : Happy life.

### Answer these questions:

- ◆ Do you have grandparents أجداد?
- ◆ Do you like to sit with your grandpa جدك and grandma جدتك? Why?

- ◆ Do you like to listen to your grandparent's stories about the past?What is your opinion about those stories ما رأيك ا؟
- ◆ Do you like to celebrate تحتفل ب the special occasions with your grandparentsاجدادك؟
- ◆ Do you visit your grandparents every week?Why?
- ◆ What do you prefer; to live with your parents or to live with your grandparents?Why ?!
- ◆ Speak about a great situation موقف رائع with your grandpa and grandma?
- ◆ How do your grandparents deal with you ?and what is your favourite place with them?
- ◆ I have a grandfather so I have a wise man ..describe your grandpa ?

listen and practise

## Wedding day حفل زفاف

A husband :

It was! I got married تزوجت on July 21<sup>st</sup> in summer. It was a wonderful summer evening ليلة صيفية رائعة. At noon, I with my family went to the mosque to meet the bride's family عائلة العروسة for



the marriage contract لعقد القران. Our Ma'zoon الماذون was a friendly person. He was very funny and kind to me because I was the bridegroom العريس. After we finished in the mosque, I went to the hairdresser's مصفف الشعر then went back home to dress neatly لارتدى ملابسى باناقة. I went to the celebration hall قاعة الاحتفالات with my bride عروستى and spent a nice evening with our families in a musical atmosphere. Therefore مع ذلك, I can not forget the situation when I and my bride عروسة were descending the stairs نازلين and I slipped down انزلت. I can not express احساسى how was my feeling. Anyway, I was so embarrassed محرج جدا but it passed انتهى.

### Answer these questions:

- ◆ Where do you like to celebrate your wedding? Why ?
- ◆ In which city do you like to spend the honeymoon شهر العسل in summer – in winter? How long will the honeymoon be?
- Who do you invite for your wedding party?

## Unit 14

listen and practise

### Gold



The resource of the information in the article is للدكتور أنور عبد الواحد "قصة المعادن الثمينة"

Is a precious yellow metal معدن اصفر ثمين that is used for making coins عملات معدنية, medals ميداليات, Jewellery المجوهرات, etc. A very important piece of news to know خبر هام جدا ان تعرفه هو. How much is gold, today?

**Gold has been used for 5000 years**

**Yellow gold** : the goldsmith يخلط mix الصانع gold with cooper النحاس, zinc and silver الفضة to produce لينتج calibres of gold اعيرة الذهب.



**White gold** : It's mixed with palladium مملوطة ب that gives gold the colour white.

Both yellow and white gold don't lose brightness بريقهم and unrustable لا يصدؤا. Gold is used in manufacturing صناعة the electrical appliances الاجهزة الكهربائية and the medical instruments الادوات الطبية. It's used as ornament كزينة and it's used in pens, lighters, medals and watches. Also, engines of planes محركات الطائرات and rockets الصواريخ are painted with gold to reflex الحرارة يعكس the heat. If you want to buy gold, you have to look at the veal of calibre العيار and know of which origin من اى اصل or nationality that gold.

العيار	calibre	Gold	Other minerals
24		22	2
21		21	3
18		18	6
14		14	10

The Egyptians like to bargain يفاوضون at the goldsmith's الجواهرجى. We can say that all goldsmiths are flexible مرنة فى المعاملة because the profit الربح is always great. In Egypt there are many occasions مناسبات كثيرة for buying gold artcrafts مصوغات such as, the month of Ramadan, Eid el Fitr, Eid el Adha and the Christmas.

Many Egyptian women care about knowing تهتم بمعرفة the price of gold سعر الذهب every day and men are interested in يهتموا looking for the price of gold if they want to get engaged يخطبوا. South of Africa is No. 1 in producing gold انتاج الذهب then, China is No. 2 and Australia is No. 3 By the way, India is the greatest consumer اكبر مستهلك of gold in the world.

At last, it's enough for gold to be the financial reserve الاحتياطي المالى in all countries of the world.

## الفضة Silver

The bright white metal معدن ابيض that was discovered تم اكتشافه 2500 B.C قبل الميلاد in Asia اسيا. In the Islamic period فى العصر الاسلامى, silver was used as utensils اوعية الطعام and of course, as زينة ك ornament because it has



special brightness بريق مميز. Chemically كيميائيا, silver can kill Bacteria and fungi الفطريات. So the Arabs used it to purify ينفقوا water. You know, it's cheaper than colour الكلور.

Medically طبيا, silver is used in the medical ointments المراهم effectively بكفاءة. It's used يستخدم in manufacturing تصنيع the electrical appliances الاجهزة الكهربائية, too.

## البلاتين Platinum

It's considered as يعتبر ك one of the most expensive metals that has rareness ندرة in the Earth الارض. It is gray رمادى. It was discovered تم اكتشافه in 1557.

Platinum has the **doubled price** of gold سعر الذهب مزدوج so, it's more precious اثنى. It's used in ornament, medical field المجال الطبى, surgical



instrument ادوات الجراحة and electronics.

## Diamond الماس

The first stone of diamond was found in India 3000 years B.C قبل الميلاد. In Belgium, there is the greatest museum of diamond. It contains يحتوى على the biggest two diamonds in the world. The harbour



of Antwerp ميناء انتويرب in Belgium بلجيكا, is considered يعتبر the capital of diamond عاصمة الماس. As you see in the photo, diamond is always transparent شفاف. Nowadays, diamond industry صناعة الماس moved to انتقلت الى India which has 90% of diamond craftsmen اصحاب صناعة الماس.

Diamond is existed in the middle and south of Africa.

### Answer these questions:

- ◆ How much will your engagement gift be? بكم ستكون شبكتك
- ◆ Do you like to buy yellow or white gold to your fiancée?  
خطيبتك
- ◆ Do you ask your fiancé خطيبك to buy a lot of gold to you or you will be decent معقولة?
- ◆ As a man, do you like to wear a silver ring? خاتم فضة  
Why?
- ◆ Do you like the precious stones? الأحجار الكريمة?

- Where is your favourite goldsmith صايغ?And do you bargain ?
- What do you prefer the Egyptian or the Italian gold..why?
- As a man ,do you like silver..comment ?
- As a woman,do you like gold and silver..comment ?
- What is your favourite occasion to buy a gold gift to a close person ?
- Do you bargain at the goldsmith's? هل تفاصل عند الصايغ
- Do you have a preferable goldsmith مفضل صايغ or no problem, you can go to any goldsmith?
- A piece of gold or silver on your desk means what for you?

# Unit 15

listen and practise

## **Job Skills** مهارات العمل **An Interview**

### **Can you solve حل problems?**

- Yes, I can.

Once, I was working in a previous company شركة سابقة and work was stressful مجهد and too much. I had to export اصدر our products منتجاتنا within خلال 24 hours and it was Thursday so I had



to work عمل in my weekend. That was extraordinary غير طبيعي but I worked on my weekend to end انهى the errand المهمة and I accomplished it وانجزتها.

### **Can you work well بطريقة جيدة with people?**

- Yes, I can.

I studied commercial psychology علم نفس تجارى so I can deal with people in a successful way بطريقة ناجحة. It's Give and Take or vice versa او بالعكس in a respectable way بطريقة محترمة so I can deal with others اخرين and manage them اديرهم and I have a good experience of working as a team leader for 3 years.

## **Can you use the computer?**

- Yes, I can.

Office program, entirely I find pleasure متعة during dealing with the computer أثناء التعامل مع الكمبيوتر without boredom بدون ملل.

## **Do you speak other languages?**

As you see, I speak English and my mother tongue is Arabic so I can do marketing on the internet with many gulf countries دول الخليج, European countries and America.

## **But your English is not perfect? لكن لغتك ليست ممتازة**

I take English course in the upper-intermediate level المستوى في وسط البلد downtown مركز لغات in a language centre فوق المتوسط.

## **Do you accept working outside your city?**

If the salary is good and rewarding مجزى. I always like to change so it will be a good chance to stay in another city for some years under one condition which is to make a good salary. I am not worried. Anyway, I am in my country.

## **How can you convince the customer to buy our products?**

You should give me some facilities تسهيلات for example, I can offer two devices جهازين with a discount تخفيض or offer two devices with the same price بنفس السعر but the guarantee years سنوات الضمان will be more.

listen and practise

## The Hottest Job in Egypt الوظيفة الاكثر شيوعا

Sales representative مندوب المبيعات is one of the most common jobs الاكثر شيوعا in Egypt. This job requires تتطلب a good appearance مظهر حسن and fluency طلاقة اللسان and a convincing شخص مقنع person. He should be level-headed متزن العقل and organised منظم. To make the customer العميل pleased سعيد. He should make an offer. For example, to mention ان تذكر



that you will extend فترة الصيانة تمد the period of maintenance for 3 years if he buys more products منتجات اكثر. Sometimes, the salary is not good but the commission العمولة is always high. As it means that, او فيما معناه,

- He brought جلب money to the company so He deserves يستحق a commission عمولة.
- He always improves يحسن himself in his field and his abilities.

**We find this type of jobs everywhere. I consider it as a A start of the private business if the person always improves himself.**

listen and practise

## Web Specialist

قصة حقيقية " Real story"



Mr. Mostafa Yasin joined the faculty of engineering and studied civil engineering. After graduation, he worked as a civil engineer for 8 months. His salary was not good so he started looking for another place. One day, he found a scholarship for web science with a pocket money of 300 L.E per month. He decided to join it and finished it successfully. It belonged to the ministry of communication. Nowadays, he works for the Egyptian stock market authority.

He decided to change his career and studied web science in a private institute and got certificates from California university.

He searched for his abilities and found himself in his new career. This story teaches us that we can change our field but after a long thinking to take the right decision. Life is long and god "Allah" is great.

## Answer these questions:

- ◆ How many hours can you work ?  
8 hours and you can work over time.
- ◆ Do you accept a training course in Emirates but without salary during the Course ? You will take just a pocket money, say why ?
- ◆ Do you think about changing your career? What do you need to do that?
- ◆ Do you have an ideal example *قدوة حسنة* in your family. speak about him or her ?
- ◆ After how many years you are going to have your own business ?
- ◆ How do you see yourself after 5 years ?
- ◆ How can you earn money in a respectable way ? *كيف تستطيع أن تكسب نقود بطريقة محترمة*
- ◆ You have 100 000 Egyptian pounds , What would you do? *ماذا كنت تفعل?*
- ◆ Do you like your job or you try to change it ?
- ◆ Do you think about taking a loan *قرض* from a bank to start your business ?
- ◆ Choose:
  - A contract with 3000 thousand Egyptian pounds per month *فى الشهر* in an Arab country.
  - A job in Egypt with 1200 Egyptian pounds per month. Say why

## Unit 16

listen and practise

### **Personality** الشخصية

Professor "John Holland" classified صنف people into six types of personalities من انواع الشخصيات **the realistic type** النوع الواقعي is practical عملي and likes working with machines and tools. We find that type of personalities هذا النوع من الشخصيات as engineers and workers.



**The investigative type** النوع الباحثي is curious فضولي and likes to know the details التفاصيل, analyse يحلل situations المواقف and solve problems. We find that type of personalities as a detective مخبر, a police officer or an agent for the Intelligence عميل مخبرات



**the artistic type** النوع الفنى is imaginative تخيلى and creative مبدع and likes to express himself by creating art ابداع الفن. We find that kind of personalities as a painter رسام, an actor or an actress.



**The social type** النوع الاجتماعي is friendly and helpful like a social worker and a nurse. We find those people successful in making friends and have good relations علاقات طيبة with people.



**the enterprising type** النوع القيادي is outgoing ودود and likes to persuade يفتن and lead يقود other people as we know about people who work in the intelligence المخابرات and who are businessmen.



**The conventional type** النوع التقليدي is careful حريص and likes to follow يتبع routines روتينية as we see موظفين الحكومة government employees.



You should think of yourself and know which personality you are. Try to know your personality traits سمات شخصيتك to choose the suitable job الوظيفة المناسبة. Put in front of you that you should do your job happily and with pleasure to achieve success in your field.

The resource of the information in the article is « Interchange »book, third edition

### **Answer these questions :**

- ◆ There are 6 types of personality أنواع للشخصية as the famous psychologists said. Classify صنف your personality up to the article طبقاً للمقال ?

- ◆ As you classified yourself كما صنفت نفسك. What is the suitable job for your personality ?
- ◆ Can you stand a part-time job for some time ? هل تستطيع أن تتحمل وظيفة لبعض الوقت
- ◆ How can you get your favourite job ?
- ◆ Work is always difficult. How can you be successful at work ?
- ◆ How can you improve yourself at work ?
- ◆ Choose :
  - A job in a private company
  - A job for the government
  - A reasonable contract in an Arab country
  - Say why ?
- What get you happy and what get you sad ? ماذا يجعلك سعيد و ماذا يجعلك حزين
- How can you overcome your defects على عيوبك تتغلب
- You are stressed what can you do? مجهد
- How do you see your parents,your siblings ,your friends and your colleagues? أشقاءك ,زملاءك
- What do you accept and refuse at work ?

# Unit 17

listen and practise

**Mohamed Munir**

a unique Egyptian singer

مطرب مصري فريد من نوعه



Why ?

- It's his history

Munir, the king as the Egyptians call him. His name is Mohamed Munir Abo zeid Gebreil Motwali, was born in a village in Nuba on October 10<sup>th</sup> 1954. He has a special style. Munir is different from any other singer in the Middle East الشرق الاوسط so he is distinguished مميز. His elementary school مدرسته الابتدائية was in Aswan and his family had to migrate تهاجر from Nuba to Cairo after the flood فيضان of Naser lake بحيرة ناصر . He was singing as an amateur هاوى to his comrades رفقاؤه during his military service خدمته العسكرية. He has a bachelor of Applied Arts بكالوريوس فنون تطبيقية, Helwan university. He was never seen لم يراه احد in a suit بدلة and always with teased hair بشعر غير مرتب in casual wear. All his fans معجبينه call him "the

King “ he always sings impressive lyrics كلمات مؤثرة with a mixture of من بخليط من Jazz and Nubian music. Ahmed Munib, the Nubian composer الملحن النوبى, had a great effect on تثير كبير على Munir’s artistic life حياته الفنية that started in 1977. Munib trained درب Munir for a long time and qualified him اهله to be a professional محترف singer. Also, Hani Shenoda had a good effect on Munir’s success in his start. Munir got the peace prize from BBC channel قناة and got the platinum prize الجائزة from Universal company شركة يونيفرسال because his song, “ Yasmina “ achieved حققت 750 thousand copies sold ٧٥٠ الف نسخة in Europe.

Once ذات مرة on a television interview, Munir said that singing is his burden عبوه and acting is his hobby. When you mention تذكر the greatest singers in the Egyptian history, you’ll say the king, Mohamed Mounir is one of them. Yeah, he deserves it يستحقها.

Each كل song has a real subject موضوع حقيقى, Egypt, the human الانسان, peace السلام, my lover محبوتى, etc الى آخره. It’s enough to say that ‘ Egyptian Tale “ Hadota Masria – is one of his songs.

مصدر المعلومات مجلة الشباب المصرية و الموقع

### **Answer these questions:**

- ◆ What was your feeling when you listened to Munir's song during January 25 Revolution?
- ◆ Munir with El Abnodi mean What for you?
- ◆ "Hadota Masria" Comment.

- ◆ After many years. What can you tell your kids about Munir?
- ◆ Munir with Haj Ahmed Munib mean what for you?
- ◆ What do you feel when you attend **حفلة** a concert **تحضر** for Munir ?
- ◆ Write an e-mail to Mohamed Munir to tell him Why he is your preferable singer? **مطربك المفضل**.
- ◆ A song you want to send to a friend,it will be what?
- ◆ What kind of music do you like;country music,popular music,civil music,American music,classical music?
- ◆ When do you listen to ;Om Kolthoum,Abdel Halim,Mohamed Munir,Tamer Hosny ?

# Unit18

listen and practise

## **Majors** تخصصات

**Announcer** : Good evening, ladies and gentlemen. Today, we are going to speak with many people about their majors تخصصاتهم. Hello?

**Caller** : Hello.

**Announcer** : What's your name?

**Caller** : I'm Rami.

**Announcer** : What do you do ?

**Caller** : I'm a doctor in El Salam hospital.

**Announcer** : Which department? أى قسم

**Caller** : Pediatrics department قسم طب الأطفال.

**Announcer** : What are the difficulties الصعوبات that you confront تواجه at work?

**Caller** : Actually, I feel happy at work because I always deal with children and their mothers. I like all my patients المرضى because they are the cherubs of Earth ملائكة الأرض I sympathise with them ابدل أقصى ما اتعاطف معهم and do my best ما ابذل أقصى ما اتعاطف معهم to help them.

**Announcer** : If you had the chance of studying abroad اذا جاءتك فرصة الدراسة فى الخارج, which country you like to study in?

**Caller** : The U.S, they have their own science because they spend much money for the scientific research البحث العلمى so they are very successful.

**Announcer** : What are your future plans? ما خططك المستقبلية?

**Caller** : A scholarship منحة دراسية in a university in the U.S.



**Announcer** : Will you come back to Egypt? هل ستعود لمصر?  
**Caller** : After the revolution الثورة, I am optimistic.  
**Announcer** : I hope success.

**Caller** : Hello.  
**Announcer** : Hello. What's your name?  
**Caller** : I'm Nada.  
**Announcer** : What's your job ?  
**Caller** : I'm a fashion designer مصممة ازياء.



**Announcer** : For women or men?  
**Caller** : For just women.  
**Announcer** : Are you satisfied with راضية عن your work?  
**Caller** : Yeah, of course. I enjoy at work. I deal with many women who wear differently. I design clothes for veiled women محجبات and for other classes ولكل الطبقات الاخرى of the Egyptian society من المجتمع المصرى. I always do my best ابذل جهدى to renew اجدد the styles and the colours. It's great to make the women enjoy their clothes and change the fashions every season كل موسم. We have our privacy خصوصيتنا and culture ثقافتنا. I always show اعرض my designs تصميماتى on my website موقعى on the internet.

**Announcer** : Hello. Who are you?  
**Caller** : Hello. it's Rami.  
**Announcer** : What do you do?  
**Caller** : I'm a civil engineer مهندس مدنى  
**Announcer** : I think your work is difficult.  
**Caller** : Yeah, it is. I always work in building



**Announcer** : What are your future plans? ما هي خططك المستقبلية?

**Caller** : I'm looking for ابحث عن a contract عقد in any gulf country دولة خليجية. I want to work in a big company for 3 or 4 years after that I'll open my own company شركتى الخاصة in Egypt. The estate market سوق العقارات is very interesting and profitable مريح

**Announcer** : Which Arab country دولة عربية do you like to work in?

**Caller** : I prefer Emirates,  
; Abo Dhaby ابو ظبى or Dubai.

**Announcer** : Did you think about post-studies? هل فكرت فى الدراسات العليا

**Caller** : May be, but after possessing امتلاك a company in Egypt.

**Announcer** : Hello.

**Caller** : Hi, my name is Rana

**Announcer** : What do you do?

**Caller** : An English teacher in a language school.

**Announcer** : How do you like your job? كم قدر حبك لوظيفتك?

**Caller** : I like it very much because I deal with mentalities عقليات. As you know, students in this age try to understand the details تفاصيل of any subject and they like to discuss يناقشون many subjects about politics السياسة, the national economy الاقتصاد الوطنى, the social problems المشكلات الاجتماعية in Egypt. I explain اشرح the grammatical rule القاعدة اللغوية then, start any topic موضوع for discussion للمناقشة to use the grammatical rule in speaking. In that way بهذه الطريقة, we practise English language in discussing our problems after the revolution so we exchange نتبادل opinions الاراء.

**Announcer** : Can you use the internet in class?

**Caller** : Of course, and it's fantastic to use the smart board السبورة الذكية.



**Announcer** : Hope success اتمنى لك النجاح  
**Caller** : Thanks a lot.

**Announcer** : Hello.

**Caller** : Hello.

**Announcer** : What's your name?

**Caller** : My name is Amgad.

**Announcer** : What do you do?

**Caller** : I'm a pilot طيار in Egypt  
Air company مصر للطيران.

**Announcer** : Your job is to fly تقود a plane so what do you  
think about your job? ما رأيك في عملك?

**Caller** : Actually, I love aviation الطيران and I always  
have pleasure اتمتع during work.

**Announcer** : What are the difficulties الصعوبات that you  
confront تواجهها at work?

**Caller** : Natural problems مشكلات طبيعية like مثل the  
weather. It will be a big problem if there is a  
thunder storm عاصفة رعدية but there is a  
solution. I have to reduce اقلل the speed of the  
plane سرعة الطائرة to be more stable مستقرة اكثر.

**Announcer** : What else? ماذا ايضا?

**Caller** : If there was a patient مريض on the plane and  
suddenly فجأة, he felt terrible, we had to make  
landing هبوط to save ننفذ his life.

**Announcer** : How many countries الدول did you visit?

**Caller** : Many countries all over the world. I saw many  
different customs عادات and many sights معالم  
كثيرة.

**Announcer** : How many languages can you speak?

**Caller** : Actually I'm bilingual متحدث لغتين, I can speak  
English and French and my mother tongue اللغة  
الام



### Answer these questions:

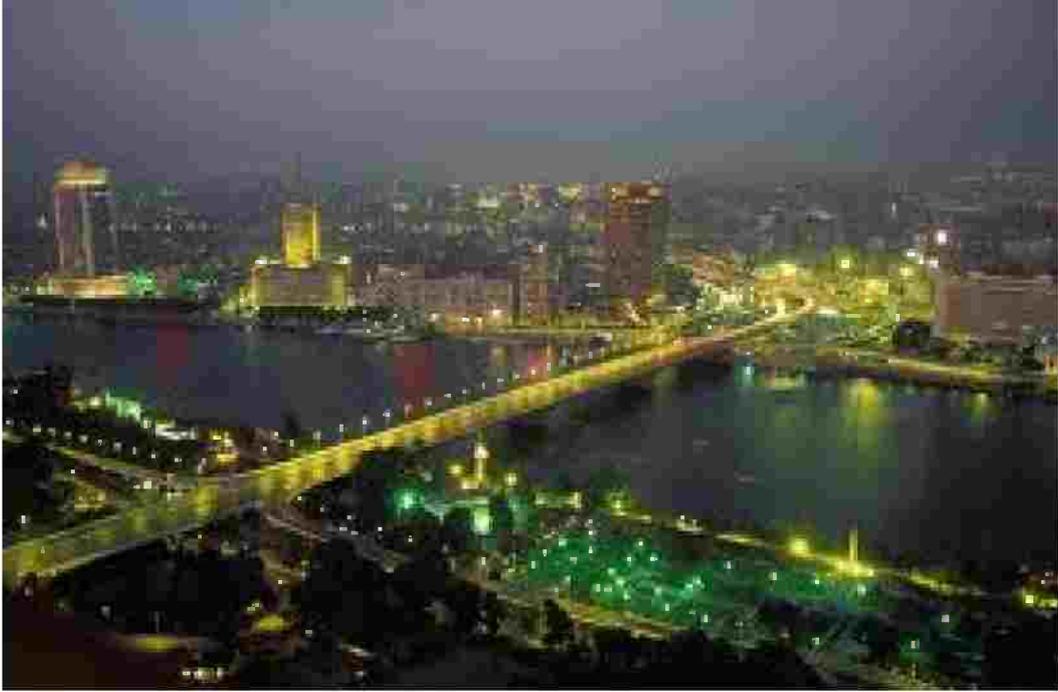
- ◆ Do you like your job?
- ◆ Do you like your company or you like to change it?

- ◆ What do you like in your job?
- ◆ What don't you like in your job?
- ◆ If you can get a scholarship in a foreign country. You accept and go or your conditions aren't suitable?
- ◆ If you can get *تحصل على* a good chance in another city in your country ,you like to move and start a new life or not?
- ◆ Which Arab country do you like to live in?
- ◆ How you see your life in
  - An Arab country.
  - A foreign country.
- ◆ Do you like to live alone or with your family abroad *خارج البلاد*?
- ◆ How can you improve yourself at work?
- ◆ How do you deal with your manager and your colleagues?
- ◆ Do you dream of living abroad?
- ◆ Before travelling, how can you improve yourself?
- ◆ Do you have a project to carry out *هل لديك مشروع لتنفذه*?
- ◆ How much money do you need for the project?
- ◆ Where will the company/factory be ?

## Unit 19

listen and practise

### Egypt



#### **Location:** الموقع

It lies in the north east of Africa شمال شرق أفريقيا. It overlooks the Mediterranean sea تطل على البحر المتوسط in the north and the Red sea in the east so, a variety of environments من البيئات. The majority of the Egyptian land is desert areas اقلية. Herodote, the great historian المؤرخ العظيم said " Egypt " is the gift هبة of the Nile. The great river Nile runs across عبر the whole Egyptian land.

#### **Weather:** الطقس

Good weather throughout خلال the year. In summer, It's hot and humid رطب but at night it's nice. In winter, it's cold and



sometimes rainy ممطر. In Autumn فى الخريف, it is mild معتدل and sometimes windy كثير الرياح. In spring, it's always sunny and

fantastic. Many cities in the north of Egypt شمال مصر have the Mediterranean climate مناخ البحر المتوسط and the cities on the Red sea have its climate مناخه. So, we have different environments بيئات مختلفة. Also, Egypt has the desert climate مناخ الصحراء in the east الشرق and in the west الغرب.

**Population:** السكان The population of Egypt is over 80 million people. Most of them معظمهم live in Delta and the valley of the Nile وادى النيل. Egyptians are friendly, generous كرماء and funny. During crises اثناء الازمات, you find a solid structure بناء صلب of the society classes طبقات المجتمع. The Egyptian man is known with معروف بـ his bravery شجاعته and intelligence وذكاءه and the Egyptian woman is known with معروفة بـ her activity نشاطها and صبرها patience.

Cairo is the capital city. Although It's very crowded, it's fantastic. As a tourist country كبلد سياحى, Egypt has many famous cities. In the north, there are Alexandria, Damietta دمياط



and El Areesh. In the east, Sharm El Shiekh and Hurghada. In the west, there are many oases. In the south, there are Luxor and Aswan.

Egypt is considered as قوية تعتبر one of the most powerful Arab countries in the Middle East الشرق الاوسط. All the world knows the Egyptians' abilities قدرات المصريين and respect them. Many Egyptian scientists علماء live in the U.S. and Europe and they are successful and distinguished مميزين. In spite of all that بالرغم من كل ذلك, there are many problems, Egypt suffers from تعاني منها. Over-population الزيادة السكانية is one of the serious problems المشكلات الخطيرة in. Egypt. It affects badly تؤثر بشكل سيء the Egyptians' style of life اسلوب حياة المصريين. Education has problems because of the over-population. The educational curricula المناهج التعليمية need to change and to be developed متطور. Even, حتى the teachers need to take training courses كورسات تدريبية to be more professional اكثر محترفين. Transportation is difficult. The streets are over-crowded مزدحمة and the biggest cities need a good underground بشدة

system مترو أنفاق. Many new cities have been built اتبنت but we should instruct نوعى people to move to those cities.

### **Economy:** الاقتصاد

Agriculture الزراعة is the most important resource مصدر اهم for the national income للدخل القومى in Egypt. Although the Egyptians built many pieces of lands قطع اراضى كثيرة in the Egyptian countryside الريف المصرى, the government reclaimed استصلحت many areas in the desert and in Sinai.

### **Industry:** الصناعة

Egypt has a moderate industrial sector قطاع صناعى متوسط; clothes, cars and electrical appliances الاجهزة الكهربائية. The majority اغلبية of factories المصانع and companies became computerised دخلها الكمبيوتر. Egypt has good commercial relations علاقات تجارية جيدة with many countries in the world .

### **Tourism:** السياحة

Tourists can visit Egypt in summer. Alexandria, Port Said and North Coast are summer resorts منتجعات. Cairo is great in summer. Actually, it's hot but at night it's nice. Winter is wonderful in Luxor, Aswan, Sharm and Hurghada. Tourists can enjoy safari in the Egyptian desert. There is a wonderful life under water. Sharm and Hurghada are famous for colourful fish and coral reefs الشعاب المرجانية. All people around the world know that Egypt has a taste and magic and they say "Egypt is the mother of the world."

## **Answer these questions:**

- ◆ A foreigner asks you about Egypt. What can you say about your country? استعن بالمقال?
- ◆ What do you like in Egypt? people-places-weather
- ◆ What don't you like in Egypt? Noise-pollution-rubbish-crowds-
- ◆ What are the Egyptian cities on the Red sea? Speak about one city?
- ◆ Do you like to travel around Egypt and visit its wonderful cities? Which cities?
- ◆ How you see Egypt now?
- ◆ How you see Egypt in the future?
- ◆ Chat with your friend and exchange تبادل information about your countries?
- ◆ How can you spend summer in Egypt?
- ◆ How can you spend winter in Egypt?
- ◆ If you were abroad for a long time ,which place in Egypt would you visit firstly ?Why ?
- ◆ Speak about Egypt in crises فى الازمات

# Unit 20

## Grammar

### إذا / لو If

#### First case :

\* تعبير عن موقف ممكن الحدوث أو محتمل الحدوث .

If	مضارع بسيط	,	المصدر + Will
			المصدر + May
			المصدر + Might

- If you study hard, you will succeed .

\* استخدمنا **will** لأن الفعل مؤكد الحدوث .

- If you stop smoking, you may/might gain weight. ربما يزداد وزنك

#### Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or

#### d:

- 1- If we don't get help مساعدة على , إن لم نحصل على مساعدة we ..... in trouble.  
a- won't be                      b- would be                      c- will be                      d- have been
- 2- Soha would phone an ambulance الإسعاف if she ..... an accident in the street.  
a- saw                      b- sees                      c- seen                      d- see
- 3- We ..... play football if we don't have enough time.  
a- wouldn't                      b- couldn't                      c- will                      d- won't
- 4- If Tom catches a bus to Cairo, it ..... about 4 hours.  
a- take                      b- would take  
c- will take                      d- would have taken
- 5- If he ..... my car, I wouldn't give him a tip بقتيش.  
a- didn't clean                      b- doesn't clean  
c- hadn't                      d- isn't cleaned

# Agreement

الموافقة

## الجملة. Affirmative statements

I like pizza                      Present simple مضارع بسيط

So do I وأنا كذلك              I do too

So does he وهو              He does too

كذلك

\* الموافقة على الجملة المثبتة في المضارع البسيط يكون إما :

فاعل + فعل مساعد SO أو Too فعل مساعد + فاعل

- I'm crazy about fish. انا مولع بالسمك.

### جملة (V. to be)

So am I                      I am too

So is he                      He is too

So are they                      They are  
too

\* الموافقة على جملة (be) تكون :

so be فاعل — فاعل be too

### فعل ناقص (auxiliary)

So can I                      I can too

So can he                      He can too

\* الموافقة على جملة الفعل الناقص كالاتى :

so can فاعل — فاعل can too



**Write responses to show agreement with these statements. Then compare with a partner.**

1- I'm not crazy about French food.

.....

2- I can eat any kind of food.

.....

3- I think Mexican food is delicious

.....

4- I can't stand greasy food.

.....

5- I don't like salty food.

.....

6- I'm in the mood for something spicy

.....

7- I'm crazy about Korean food.

.....

8- I don't enjoy rich food very much.

.....

حدد الجملة مثبتة أم منفية لتعرف أي أداة سوف تستخدم  
لتوافق عليها

## Unit 21

listen and practise

### Good and Bad in the character

To analyse the human character, we should divide the character into positive adjectives and negative ones.



We will begin with the positive traits. I think if we want to write about the positive adjectives of a personality, we will mention the traits of the successful people.

To be hardworking, it means that you will reach your goals in a reasoned period. That guy is always active consequently, he is punctual. It means that he keeps his schedule in mind and behave up to an accurate timetables. The person who respects time, considers others and of course, people respect him.

Strict person is a kind of people who can take a decision in time and you always find him serious at work. To be creative that means, you're talented. You have special abilities and that make you distinguished. You should improve your abilities to be as it should be. People always look

for reliable person الشخص الذى يعتد به. To find that guy as you would find كما لو وجدت a piece of diamond ماسة so you should respect that person and elevate him ترفعه to what he deserves يستحق.

On the other side على الجانب الاخر, we will mention the negative adjectives الصفات السلبية of the human character. It is embarrassing أمر محرج to be a disorganized person الغير منظم That is the one who is suffering all the time from disorder الفوضى and the untidy



life الحياه غير المنظمة. In life, we meet many people who are forgetful نساى and see how those people suffer a lot from forgetfulness النسيان and face many embarrassing situations. Also, to be moody is a bad defect عيب سىء in your personality because others الاخرين can't stand يتحملوا that defect العيب. May be, your family can be patient صبورة with you but at work or with friends, I don't think so.

Finally, I should say that the human character is a mixture of من خليط positive traits السمات الايجابية and negative ones واخرى سلبية but to be a balanced character شخصية متوازنة it means that you are successful in life.

### **Answer these questions:**

- ◆ Do you have defects عيوب in your personality? discuss
- ◆ How can you change yourself and be a new man / woman?

- ◆ Is it difficult to overcome a defect in your personality?
- ◆ Do you think of yourself? Write your personality defects عيوب and how you can overcome them تقضى عليهم ?
- ◆ How can you do well at work? كيف تؤدي بشكل جيد في العمل?
- ◆ How can you help a friend to overcome يتغلب على a problem?
- ◆ How do you see yourself in your family and at work ?
- ◆ Write your good and bad habits in a piece of paper....think a lot about that matter and write your comment in a paragraph ?
- ◆ What do you want to change in your personality soon ?
- ◆ Do you think sport is a good solution to stop many bad habits such as smoking, being nervous, etc ?
- ◆ How do you feel when you deal with a modest man and a stingy man ?
- ◆ Do you think reading religious books improve the personality and make it better ? how?

# Unit 22

listen and practise

## Worldwide Sights

معالم عالمية

In our world, there are many sights in different countries..Let's have a look at those landmarks معالم.

**The Eiffel Tower** is in Paris, the capital of France. Gustaf Eiffel was the engineer who designed it so it's called Eiffel Tower. It's the greatest metal structure بناء معدنى on Earth. It was completed in 1889.



The French people built it for the celebration of للاحتفال ب the 100<sup>th</sup> anniversary الذكرى for the French revolution الثورة الفرنسية. They celebrate it on July 14<sup>th</sup> in Chanzelezeh street. There is a military parade عرض عسكري on that day. The French people and many tourists like to come and see that fantastic parade. Besides علاوة على ذلك, the president الرئيس and the ministers الوزراء attend يحضرون the celebration of the French revolution. On July 14<sup>th</sup>, the sky is lighting by workfires الالاعاب at night النارية in Paris.

If you were there which person would you call on the mobile phone? What would you say to him/her?

## The greatest wall of

China سور الصين العظيم . It's the

only structure البناء الوحيد that the  
astronauts رواد الفضاء on the  
moon could recognise يميزوه on  
earth على الارض as the writer  
Aneas Mansour said in one of  
his books. The Chinese built it  
to prevent يمنع the

enemies اعداء from going through اقتحام the Chinese lands so it  
has been as an obstacle عائق in front of the enemy. العدو.



The Pyramids were built in  
the pharaohnic era العصر الفرعوني

. The pyramids were  
considered as اعتبرت ك great  
tombs مقابر عظيمة to the king, the  
queen الملكة and his  
belongings متعلقاته. It's such



fantastic building that people from all over the world come to  
visit and wonder يتساءلون how our ancestors اجدادنا could design  
the pyramids in that elevated methods الطريقة رفيعة المستوى  
and how they could build them. Pyramids area is still a dream  
for any tourist. Appear in the photo two camels wearing  
traditional colours. Many tourists enjoy riding camels in the  
pyramids area.

**Khaleefa tower** is the tallest skyscraper ناطحة سحاب in our world. It's in Dubai, the second biggest city in Emirates. It's 828 metres high. It was opened officially رسميا on January 4<sup>th</sup> in 2010. It contains يحتوى على the highest mosque, restaurant and



swimming pool in the world. About twelve thousand engineers and workers participated in شاركوا فى the building البناء. The cost was 1.5 milliard dollars. It consists of 200 floors. By the way, twelve thousand people stay and work in Khaleefa tower. It's considered as a vertical city مدينة عمودية.

The resource of the information in the article is "interchange book"3<sup>rd</sup> edition for Jack c Richard.

### **Answer these questions:**

- ◆ There are many sights in the article, each one is in a different country.

So, which sight do you like to visit?

Why? With Who? When, in summer or winter?

- ◆ Which sight in your city you never visited? To visit it, with who ,in the day or at night ?
- ◆ Which city in your country you never visited and you like to visit?

In the article, there are sights in different countries. If you like to visit them all from Where you will start and where will you end?

## Unit 23

listen and practise

### **Currency** العملة

Barter المقايضة was the first human deal تعامل in the past. People were exchanging يتبادلون goods البضائع directly. After some time man could make money by gold and silver because they last يدوموا for a long time لمدة طويلة. In 1694 the first banknote appeared ظهرت in England. It was for the pound sterling £ the first appearance ظهور of a banknote facilitated سهلت deals المعاملات among بين people and led to أدت إلى a rise نهضة in commerce. Then, the other fields in life went up نمت.

Money has good and bad sides جوانب. Man is the dealer who can use it in a good way or not. Anyway, money is one of the means وسائل that causes happiness السعادة and comfort الراحة in life.

### Currencies



**US.D : the American dollar.** A dollar or a buck as they call it in the American streets. It is equal to يساوى one hundred cents سنت. The sign is \$ . In 1785, the United States started dealing with the dollar. It's considered as the most powerful

أقوى currency in our world. It's used anywhere and anytime. It's enough to be the basic monetary reserves احتياطي نقدي in many countries' treasury خزانة دولة كثيرة .

€



**EURO** is the currency عملة of the European Union Countries دول الاتحاد الاوربي. The sign is علامة اليورو €. Nowadays, seventeen countries deal تتعامل in Euro. It's considered the second powerful currency after the US.D الدولار الامريكى. In France, people started dealing in Euro in 2002. " It was a great chance in that period because I was in France in 2002 so as a resident كمقيم in Paris, I went to a bank and exchanged the French Francs الفرنكات الفرنسية with Euros. Many people were worried about the prices, how they will be, and it was ! ولقد كانت

**Pound sterling** الاسترليني

£

Is considered as one of the most powerful currencies واحد من أقوى العملات in the world. England was the first country which issued أصدرت the first banknote in the period of the industrial



revolution الثورة الصناعية. The sign is £ . Pound Sterling was issued صدر in 1694 in the Bank of England. It equals 100 pence. The smallest unite وحدة اصغر is penny كالقرش.

### The Egyptian Pound



It equals to 100 piasters. The National Bank of Egypt البنك الاهلى issued أصدر the pound in 1899. The unity الوحدة between the central bank البنك المركزي and the National Bank was in 1961 under the title "the Egyptian central bank". It is very interesting to know that till 1962, the pound sterling equaled to كان يساوى 975 of the Egyptian pound. After October war حرب أكتوبر the Egyptian pound equaled to 1.4 American dollars. After floating the Egyptian pound تعويم الجنيه in 2004, the US.D equals to 6 pounds. How annoying! يا له من أمر مزعج!

Many solutions for that problem.... Discuss

مصدر المعلومات لهذا المقال كتاب "المالية الدولية" الماهر كنج شكرى ومروان عوض

### Answer these questions:

- ◆ If you want to exchange 10 thousand Egyptian pounds with foreign currency which currency you are sure that it is worthy why? تستحق

- ◆ The Egyptian pound has many problems. Do you have solutions for those problems?
- ◆ Do you remember the old banknotes *النقود القديمة* ? they were very big.
- ◆ Do you like to possess *تمتلك* an old banknote *ورقة مالية*?
- ◆ The Egyptian pound had a great value in the past. Explain. *فسر*
- ◆ You have one million Egyptian pounds, Which project do you dream of.....in details? *بالتفصيل*
- ◆ You have 50 thousand pounds, what is the suitable project for a youth? *ما المشروع المناسب لشباب*?
- ◆ You won **a prize** of 10 thousand pounds *جائزة*, what is the first thing you like to do?
- ◆ You have 5 thousand dollars in America, what are you going to buy?
- ◆ Is your salary the most important thing or the conditions of work? Explain....
- ◆ How much money do you save and spend every month?
- ◆ What is your favourite bank? Why?
- ◆ Are you interested in making much money ...how?

## Unit 24

listen and practise

# France



The resource of the information in the article is from the website of the French embassy in Cairo.

I lived in Paris for three years for study and work from 2001 to 2004. Let me tell you what I saw and knew about France.

One of the greatest countries in Europe. It's located تقع in the west of Europe. Here are the borders الحدود, in the west, the Atlantic ocean المحيط الاطلنطي and in the south, the Mediterranean المتوسط sea. In the northern and eastern it borders تحدها European countries. For the weather, it is very cold in winter, the temperature درجة الحرارة is always under تحت zero الصفر and it's rainy very often كثيرا جدا. Winter is long, it takes 9 months per year في العام. Summer months شهور are two, July and August. During summer, the French



people leave يغادرون their country and go on tourist trips رحلات سياحية in different countries of the world. The lovers of Paris محبين باريس say that it is not common امر ليس شائع to see French people in Paris in summer because they go on holiday outside France.

In autumn, the leaves تسقط of trees اوراق الشجر drop and it's cool بارد قليلا. The French people don't remove لا يزيلون the leaves of the trees from the streets but they leave them يتركوهم to be ornament زينة على the ground على الارض. What a fantastic view! By the way, spring is very short in France.

The capital city is Paris. The population السكان is about 65 million people. Out of my experience من خلال خبرتي in France for 3 years, the French people are polite, friendly and nice but to tell you the truth, I should say that there is a number of people that we call racist عنصري. They are too proud فخورين of being بكونهم French and consider the Arabs as العرب an inferior category طبقة متدنية. They are always faced دائما يواجهوا

with despise بالاذراء and negligence والاهمال and we consider them as psychological cases حالات نفسية مرضية.

France was a kingdom but after the glorious French revolution الثورة الفرنسية المجيدة, it became جمهورية أصبحت a republic. France is a secular country دولة علمانية, it means that the constitution الدستور is based on civil laws قوانين مدنية not depending on the Bible الانجيل, the holy book الكتاب المقدس of Christianity للمسيحية. I am not speaking about a miracle معجزة but people have different religions أديان and live peacefully بسلام without any problem. Each كل واحد has special rites طقوسه الخاصة. Law القانون is the controller المتحكم. Each person has duties واجبات, have to be done ان تؤدي and has rights حقوق have to be taken تؤخذ without any problem. The French people are Christians, Jews يهود, Muslims and seculars علمانيين who doesn't believe in religions الذين لا يؤمنون. France is a magnitude country دولة عظيمة that owns تمتلك nuclear weapons اسلحة نووية and elevated military system ونظام عسكري رفيع المستوى. It's an industrious country دولة صناعية and one of the five countries of the united nations للأمم المتحدة. French people enjoy high standard of life مستوى حياتي رفيع. The streets are very clean and organised. Surprisingly بشكل مدهش, there aren't many skyscrapers in Paris, the majority of buildings is of five story أدوار to eight-story. So, the streets in France are different from the streets in the United States and of course, life is different.



**Transportation.** There is a very good public transportation system مواصلات عامة جيدة جدا in France. For example, there are fourteen underground lines خط مترو in Paris. So you can move from a place to another by the underground. It's easier, faster and cheaper. There is a commuting train قطار متنقل لمسافات متوسطة that travels through Paris for the fairly long distances لمسافات طويلة الى حد ما in the capital, it's RER train. The the underground lines and RER trains facilitate يسهلون the traffic so the streets are not crowded.

Bus system is excellent. Each bus has a timetable جدول existed موجود in the station and each bus stop. There are two kinds of buses, the double decker bus الاتوبيس ذو الدورين, even the trains are of 2-story. ذو طابقين.

Taxi service is excellent and the drivers are polite and nice but the fares الاجرة are too expensive. There are a lot of taxi stands موقف تاكسي in the biggest cities in France.

It has one of the most developed train system شبكة قطارات in the world. TGV train is the most modern train in France. By TGV you can travel from Cairo to Aswan in 2 hours. The speed

is 500 k.m. per hour. That train is of high-tech. By the way, in the underground stations محطات المترو, you can buy a daily ticket, a weekly ticket and a monthly ticket, all الكل are available متاح. The famous cities are Paris, the capital. Leon, Marseilles and Nise. **Industry الصناعة**. France is one of the most developed countries in the world. It produces hi-tech devices أجهزة and machines ماكينات in all fields and export them تصدرهم to different countries in the world. When you find " made in France " you realise that أن تدرك it's a good product of high quality. **Agriculture الزراعة**: France is a rainy country دولة ممطرة, even حتى in summer so they grow all vegetables, fruit and grains. By the way, you can find watermelons in markets in winter. There are lots of kinds of cheese. Egypt imports wheat from France and there are great deals in this point فى هذا الشان between the two countries. **Tourism السياحة**. France is one of the tourist countries that has its high rank مرتبة رفيعة in this field. The visitors الزائرين say Paris has special charm سحر خاص. Such city of history and modernisation الحداثة, the city of light مدينة النور. The coming photo in the next page is for the Arch of Triumph قوس النصر in the beginning of Chanzelezeh street in the heart of Paris فى قلب باريس Names of martyrs اسماء الشهداء were written on the walls of the Arch of Triumph.

Many tourists like to visit the sight and take photos as a memory.

There are many sights in Paris such as the Eiffel Tower, Louvre museum متحف اللوفر, Notre Dame church كنيسة الام, sacred Heart church كنيسة القلب المقدس that lies on a high plateau. Many ancient churches عتيقة exist توجد in France. Leon is



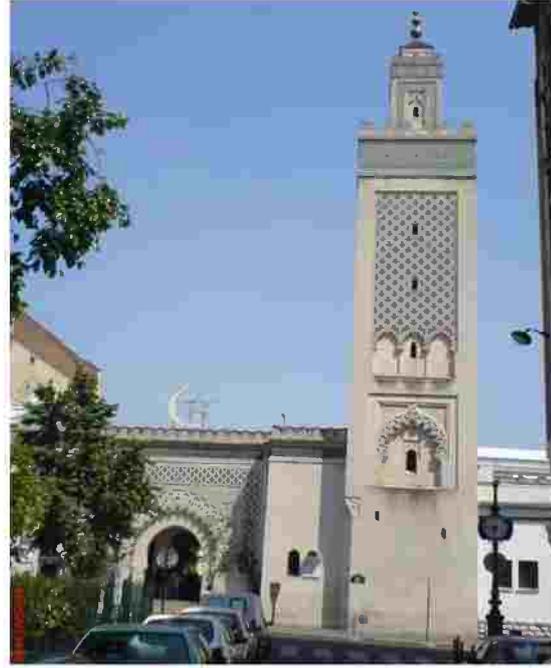
the second city in France. It's located in the south of Paris, It's a fantastic city. The prices in France are very expensive if we compare with **قارنا ب** the prices in Egypt. For example the price of a Showerma sandwich cost **ينكلف 5 Euros يورو** and the packet of cigarette cost **تكلفت 5 Euros** in 2004. Now, the prices **الاسعار** went up **ارتفعت** from one Euro to 3 Euros.

The three heavenly religions **الاديان السماوية الثلاثة** exist **توجد** in France so there are several religious occasions **مناسبات دينية** beside the traditional occasions **المناسبات التقليدية**. The feast of music **عيد الموسيقى** is a fantastic day when **حيث** the streets are filled with **تمتلىء ب** music bands **فرق موسيقية** and people are standing around them, listening and dancing. It occurs **يحدث** in summer. **Maguet عيد الربيع** is on the first of May. It is the day when the streets are filled with **ممتلئه ب** florists **الورد بائعى** who sell flowers to the people. July 14<sup>th</sup> is the anniversary of the French revolution **الذكري السنوية للثورة الفرنسية** and there is **يوجد** a military parade **عرض عسكري** in chanzelezeh street. The president **الرئيس** and the ministers **الوزراء** attend **يحضرون** this celebration and many tourists come to Paris to attend the

parade. The New Year's Eve and the Christmas celebrations are like the Egyptian celebrations of Ramadan. The streets are decorated تتزين and gifts stores have promotion ترويج. The celebrations of the New Year's Eve on Chanzelezeh has a different taste مذاق مختلف and a fantastic atmosphere .

At last وأخيرا, I want to say that the French citizen is hardworking so life is easy and comfortable. That was France. So how the Egyptians live in France, follow....

The majority أغلبية of Egyptians works in house-painting النقاشة, many Egyptians have restaurants and a small number of Egyptians in France



works as florists بائعي ورد There are many Egyptian families live all over France and they live outside the cities in the suburbians الضواحي near بالقرب من each other بعضهم البعض. They visit each other and celebrate يحتفلون ب the religious occasions المناسبات الدينية together معا, the Muslim is beside the Christian. In Ramadan, many families gather تتجمع for breakfast. The Egyptians who have lived in France for a long time, help the Egyptian youths الشباب المصريين who come to France to work and want to make money and have a good future. The Egyptians live in a good way in France. That's true.

## Answer these questions:

- ◆ Do you like to visit France? why and when ?
- ◆ When do you like to visit it, in Summer or Winter? With Who? How long do you need there?
- ◆ Now, you know a lot about France so what do you want to visit there?
- ◆ If you get a scholarship *منحة دراسية* in France. You accept or you will be worried from *قلق من* the French life?
- ◆ If you get a good job in France. Do you like to live there with your family or alone?
- ◆ Do you like to try the French food?
- ◆ What do you know about the French personality *الشخصية الفرنسية*?
- ◆ Do you accept to marry a French muslim woman *سيدة فرنسية مسلمة*? Say why?
- ◆ Do you like to visit El Chanzelezeleh street? What can you do there? *استعن بالمقال*
  - You have a French friend and you want to give him/her a gift from Egypt ...it will be what ?
  - From the article ,how you see France as a magnitude country *دولة عظمى*?

## Unit 25

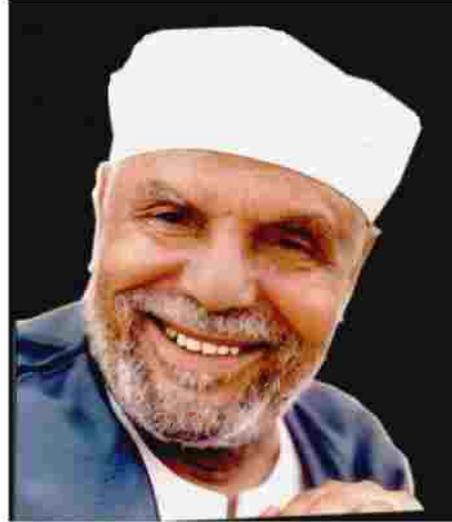
listen and practise

### **Celebrities** مشاهير **Alive** أحياء **or dead** موتى

Which celebrity you want to meet ?

### Shiekh, Mohamed Metwali El Sha'rawi

All the Egyptians like him and consider him as a good example . He had a simple method طريقة of teaching and preaching الوعظ that allows all people to تسمح لكل understand the meaning of the verse نص أو آية of the Holy Qur'an القرآن الكريم . When he became the minister of the religious Endowments وزارة الأوقاف ,he didn't like to sit on the special chair of the minister.

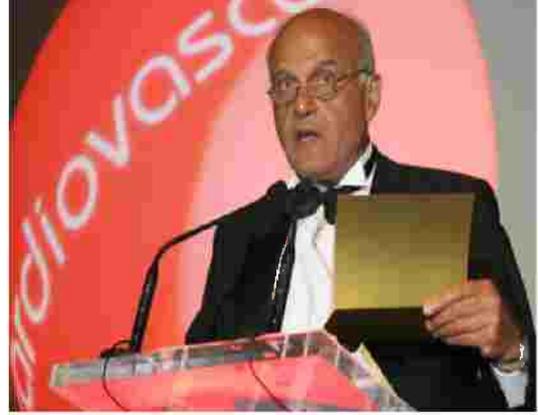


He was always modest متواضع and friendly with all Egyptians, muslims and christians. He explained شرح the Islamic tolerance سماحة so, even the Egyptians who lived abroad, were watching him on the satellite channels. He was an international preacher داعية عالمي .

**God bless him**

## Professor Magdy Ya'kob

Was born in Sharkia governorate in 1935. He studied medicine in Cairo university and completed his studies in Chicago then moved to London in 1962. He was a



specialist heart surgeon جراح متخصص للقلب in Harfeild Hospital from 1969 to 2001 and the manager of the Education and scientific researches department.

The queen, Elizabeth granted him منحته the rank " Knight " فارس in 1992 due to نتيجة ل his efforts جهوده and accomplishments انجازاته in medicine. He was granted هو منح the British Pride medal وسام فخر بريطانيا in the British society المجتمع الانجليزي. The prime-minister, Gordon Brown attended حضر the celebration of the prize احتفال الجائزة. Sir Ya'cob inaugurated افتتح the greatest Heart centre اكبر مركز قلب in new Aswan and did many successful heart surgeries جراحات قلب ناجحة. The last title he got was the legend of medicin أسطورة الطب from England.

**I'm very proud of him فخور به**

The respurce of the information in the article is from "Hello" schoolbook, High school stage.

## Jack Beton

An Egyptian spy in Israel for about 17 years. He was born in Damietta in 1927. His real name is Refa't El Gamal. He arrived in Tel Aviv in 1955 by sea meanwhile فى ذلك الاثناء he was 28 years old, He had a forged passport جواز سفر مزور with his new name, Jack Beton. It was mentioned that ذكر أن he was born in El Mansoura in the passport.



He was ordered to own مكتب an Aviation office يمتلك an office in Israel to be a curtain ستارة opposite أمام his real work.

He could:

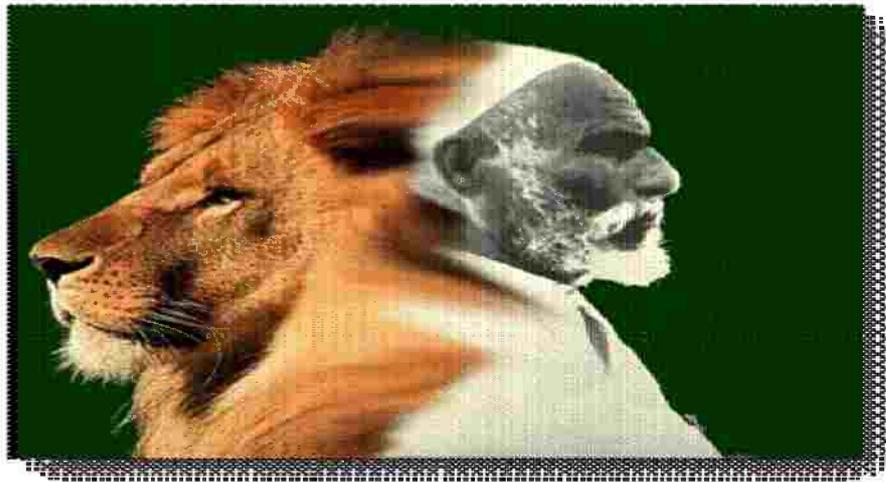
- Tell the Egyptian intelligence المخابرات المصرية about the time of 1967 war.
- Uncover كشف many spies جواسيس who were working for Israel.
- Got حصل the designs of Barlife military line تصميّات خط بارليف

He could make friendship with Mosheh Dian, Ben Goryon, Izra Faietsman and the ex-prime minister رئيسة الوزراء السابقة Golda Maear. His death was in 1982 due to سرطان نتيجة لlungs cancer. As you know, he was a heavy smoker مدخن شره. His age was 55 when he died عندما توفي.

### Refat El Gamal

19 years in Israel

المصدر جريدة الاهرام اليومية



### Omar El Mokhtar

A Lybian Patriot وطنى ليبي who struggled كافح against ضد the Italian occupation الاستعمار الايطالى for a long time. He was born in 1861 and had martyrhood الشهادة in 1931. El Mokhtar was entitled with لقب ب sheikh of martyrs شيخ الشهداء and the lion of the desert أسد الصحراء .

**The story of captiveness الأسر** . In 1930, his glasses dropped سقطت during أثناء a battle معركة with the Italians.

One of the Italian soldiers جنود found وجد the glasses and gave them أعطاهما to the leaders. When one of the Italian

officials المسؤولين saw the glasses,he said " Now we have his glasses, one day, we will have his head ". In 1931 El Mokhtar was captured أسر with a few of his men رجاله من. Here's the great situation of hanging الموقف العظيم للشنق.

Morning on September 16th in 1931, a great number of the Italian soldiers جنود attended حضرت the event الحدث, even the military aircrafts القوات الجوية were flying تطير in the sky in " Sulouk " town مدينة. 20 thousand of Lybian people and many political prisoners يجناء سياسيين attended حضروا to see their leader be hanged قاندهم يشنق.

El Mokhtar was stable ثابت العزم and smiling مبتسم. He was sure of having martyrhood الشهادة. These are his last words كلماته "we don't surrender يستسلم, either win النصر or die أو الموت and this is not the end, you have to fight تحاربوا the following generations الاجيال القادمة من الايطاليين, but for me, I'm sure that my age عمري is longer than أطول من the hanger's الشانق.

## Omar El Mokhtar

Such hero تلك البطل

المصدر كتاب "الشيخ الجليل عمر المختار" للمؤلف على الصلابي

## One of the greatest women in history فى التاريخ?

Out of the Egyptian film for the actress, Magda El Sabahy, the Algerian الجزائرية student were singing the French national anthem النشيد الوطنى when Gamila Bo Heread cried صرخت " no,



Algeria is our motherland وطننا not France ". The French headmaster عاقبها stiffly بشدة . It was her first step أول خطوة in the luminous way الطريق المنير.

As an Algerian كجزائرية, she was a member عضوة in the forehead جبهة of Algeria liberation تحرير الجزائر. She was a prominent member عضو بارز and had accomplishments انجازات and victories انتصارات against the French occupation الاستعمار. In 1957, she was arrested قبض عليها and tortured عذبت for a long time as you saw in the film of the Egyptian actress, Magda El Sabahy.

In the trial المحاكمة, there was a French lawyer who sympathised with her تعاطف معها and was against the aggressive policy of France سياسة فرنسا العدوانية. He defended her دافع عنها but in vain بلا جدوى. The mean دنىء French judge's sentence الإعدام was hanging . But her lawyer encouraged her to speak about how the French soldiers الجنود and officers الضباط tortured her عذبوها. He succeeded to mobilise الرأى العام العالمى against The French aggression العدوانية. After that, the sentence الحكم was modified to be imprisonment for life سجن مدى الحياة. After the evacuation الجلاء of the French occupation الاحتلال from Algeria الجزائر, all political prisoners السجناء السياسيين got free أطلق and she was one of them.

Saint Theresa القديسة تريزا . Her real name was اسمها الحقيقي

Agnese Gonkza. She was born in 1910 and died in 1997. She was interested in caring about العناية ب handicapped المعاقين and homeless المشردين children in countries, such as India and Ethiopia. In 1973, she vowed نذرت herself to monasticism الرهبنة and became Saint Theresa. She was a wandering nun



At the age of 72, she travelled to Ethiopia to help and support the homeless المشردين and struggled كافتحت a lot against poverty الفقر .

In 1963, she established اقامت a charity جمعية خيرية where حيث she exerted many efforts بذلت مجهودات كثيرة to help the poor الفقراء in different parts أجزاء مختلفة of the world. Two years after her death in 1979, Saint Theresa got Nobel Prize for Peace. جائزة نوبل للسلام

The resource of the information in the article is "Interchange"book,third edition.

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

﴿لتجدن أشد الناس عداوة للذين آمنوا اليهود والذين أشركوا ولتجدن أقربهم مودة للذين آمنوا الذين قالوا إنا نصارى ذلك بأن منهم قسيسين ورهبانا وأنهم لا يشركون﴾

صدق الله العظيم

"Really, I am very proud of writing this article about those great people;women and men.I do not want to ask you about those great people but I will ask you to write what you feel towards each great character I have just mentioned.God bless them all and let them in paradise." يدخلهم جناته

The author

## Unit 26

listen and practise

### **Horoscope** خريطة الابراج

Is not true but to classify people into categories and gather their common traits, that means a survey, which depends on collecting information about people's descriptions and lives. Have a look. I repeat, it is a kind of survey not the accurate reality. وليست الحقيقة نوع من الاستطلاع الدقيقة.

معلومات هذا المقال من مجلة الشباب المصرية

### **Carpricon** الجدى

The person is cautious in his dealings with others. The friends are few but he is sincere. Mخلص. the person can deal with people in a good way. The suitable jobs are marketing, accountants, economists. تعاملته مع الاخرين مع.



**Famous people** : Isac Neoten, Luis Pasteur, Elvis Presley.

### **Aries** الحمل

Those people like the chance of



challenge فرصة التحدى and always want to be at the top. They are very courageous شجاع and if there is no success, they don't care. But the most important matter أهم شيء is that they tried أنهم حاولوا and achieved some success and became proud of المحاوله فخورين ب the attempt.

The most famous people are Charlie Chablin and Marlon Brando, Omar El Sherief.

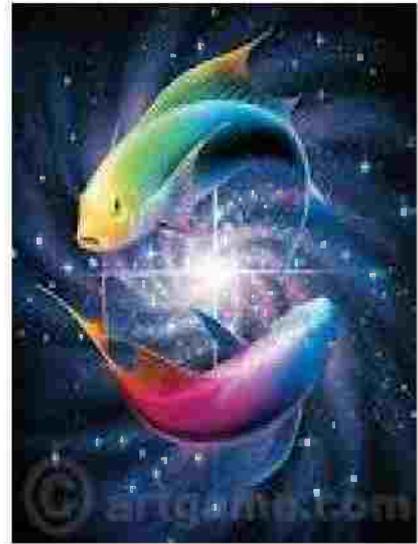
### Aquarius الدلو

A friendly person who likes making new friends. The person is honest أمين and frank صريح with friends. People of Aquarius الاشخاص المنتمين لهذا البرج are administrators اداريين or have their own business. The famous people are Shakira and Heneedi.



### Pisces الحوت

That person likes quiet life ,not greedy ليس طماعا but generous كريم. She / He is logic منطقي. Sometimes, he / she is messy فوضوى. He / she can adapt to يتكيف مع new societies المجتمعات الجديدة. Perhaps ربما, he gets angry يغضب but quickly he changes .The most famous people of Pisces are Mohamed Sobhy,



Hussien Fahmy, Ahmed El Saka and Hisham Abbas.

### Taurus التور

That person is reliable يعتمد عليه and friendly. He / she likes Luxury and high style of life and, always knows what he / she wants to do so he / she is successful. Nobody can lead him يقوده but he chooses his leader and trust him يثق به. He / she is practical عملي and can be a good friend. The most famous people of Taurus are William Shakespeare, Adolf Hetlar and Adel Emam.



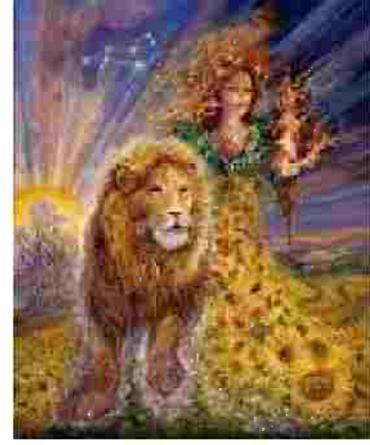
### Gemini الجوزاء

The person is funny, likes to make others يضحكون laugh. He/she can deal with people in a friendly way. Maybe, he is moody متقلب المزاج. Although بالرغم من he likes freedom ,he hates to be يكره he likes to be alone بمفرده so he likes to be in relation فى علاقة. The celebrities of Gemini مشاهير الجوزاء are John kenidi and Abdel Halim Hafez.



## Leo الأسد

He/she has a goal هدف that he wants to accomplish ينجزه. He/she is ambitious طموح and likes to be successful ناجح . He/she has a sense of humour حس فكاهى so they like to laugh يضحكون and sometimes criticise ينتقدوا others الاخرين about their appearance عن مظهرهم and personal



conduct وسلوكهم الشخصى. The most famous people of Leon are : Madonna and Tamer Hosni.

## Cancer السرطان

The person is sensitive حساس, intelligent ذكى and cautious حريص. The most common trait السمة الاكثر for people of Cancer is the sound of laughter صوت الضحكة. He/she is always funny, likes jokes النكت and irony السخرية. His tears دموعه is



abundant وفيرة in sensitive situations المواقف الحساسة. His/Her feelings مشاعره are deep عميقة. The celebrities of Cancer مشاهير السرطان are princess Diana, Nelson Mandela, Hani Salama.

## العذراء Virgo

The person is active نشيط, practical عملي and skillful ماهر. He/she gives each matter يعطى كل أمر a moderate deal of قدر معتدل importance الاهمية. He/she doesn't like anybody to intervene in يتدخل فى his/her affairs شئونه. He/she is



critical ناقدا للغير – speaks about others' defects عيوب الاخرين. He/she says the criticism النقد directly بشكل مباشر to the other person. The celebrities of Virgo مشاهير العذراء are Micheal Jackson, the queen Elizabeth الملكة اليزابيث, Ashraf Abdel Baky and Hala Sarhan.

## الميزان Libra

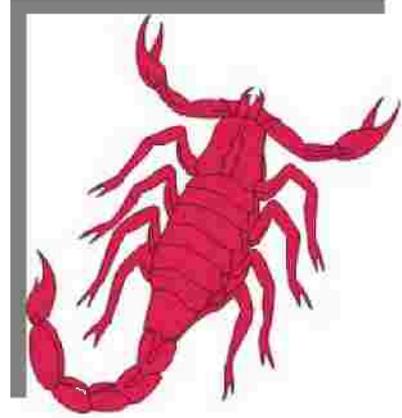
The person has many abilities قدرات and is talented موهوب. We find these people in the diplomatic field السلك الدبلوماسي. He/she can deal with others يتعامل مع الاخرين in a gentle way بطريقة مهذبة, with a high style. He/she



can make new friends and trust them يثق بهم. this person is always reliable يعتمد به and can carry out ينفذ many tasks مهمات كثيرة in a short time. He/she is co-operative متعاون and good – tempered حسن الطبع. The celebrities of Libra مشاهير الميزان are Ghandi غاندى, Julia Roberts and Amr Diab.

## العقرب Scorpio

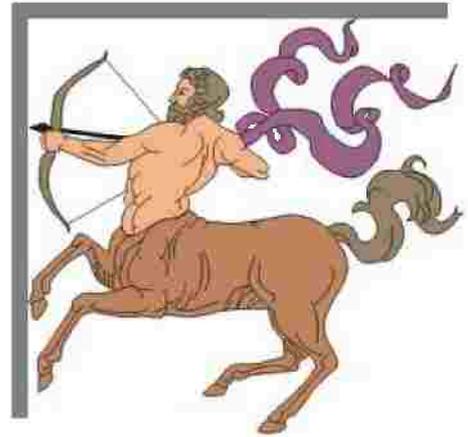
He/she is very smart ذكى and self-confident واثق بنفسه. The person can do well يؤدي أداء جيد and can reach يصل الى the top in a short time. He/she is talented موهوب and he can achieve يحقق success النجاح, surprisingly بشكل مدهش.



This type of people هذا النوع من الناس can analyse يحلل the situations المواقف so he can be a police officer, a detective مخبر or may be a spy جاسوس. The celebrities of scorpio مشاهير العقرب are Bell Gates, Ahmed Zaki.

## القوس Sagittarius

The person is optimistic متفائل. He/she is eager شغوف to know the new الجديد and always wants to gain يكتسب experience. The person has plans خطط and projects مشاريع that ينجزها he tries to accomplish التي. He/she likes to travel and visit new places.



The celebrities of Sagittarius مشاهير القوس are Bethoven بيتهوفن, Steven Spielberg and Foash – Mohamed Fouad.

At last فى النهاية, it was a show for عرض ل the horoscope لخريطة الملاحظة observation تعتمد على, as you see, it depends on الابراج.

,collecting information جمع المعلومات and researches أبحاث about people's lives حياة الناس.

For “your luck today”, بالنسبة لحظك اليوم, I'm self-restrained متحفظ because nobody can know the future.

## **Answer these questions:**

- ◆ Do you believe "Your Luck today"?
- ◆ The previous article المقال السابق is considered يعتبر as a survey for the people's characteristics who were born in the same months.
- ◆ Does your personality cope with what was mentioned?  
◆ هل شخصيتك تتوافق مع ما ذكر في المقال؟
- ◆ Is it interesting to know what's the star sign النجم of your fiancé / fiancée?
- ◆ After reading the article. Did you know some information about the people who are close to you?
- ◆ We are Muslims and Christians don't believe in "your luck today" but to know information about the people who were born in the same months is a very interesting thing.

You agree or disagree..... Why?

# Unit 27

## Grammar

### Passive المبنى للمجهول

#### Present simple

مبنى للمعلوم Active

Sub	verb	obj
He	writes	a letter

object (is – are) past participle .

مبنى للمجهول passive

- the letter is written . الخطاب يكتب .

#### The past simple

مبنى للمعلوم active

Sub	verb	object
I	wrote	a letter

مبنى للمجهول Passive

object	(was – were)	past participle

the letter was written .

- El Sukarria السكرية was written by Naguib Mahfous .
- El Zaeem الزعيم was performed أديت by Adel Emam .
- Haduta Masria was sung غنيت by Mohamed Munir .
- Hamlet was written by Shakespeare .
- Titanic was directed by أخرج بواسطة David Cameron .
- Mama America was directed by Mohamed Sobhy .

### Use the passive of the verbs

Many crops ..... (grow) يزرع in Taiwan. Some crops ..... (consume) يستهلك locally, but others ..... (export) يصدر. Tea ..... (grow) يزرع in cooler parts of the island and rice ..... (cultivate) يزرع in warmer parts. Fishing is also an important industry. A wide variety of seafood ..... (catch) تصطاد. Many people ..... (employ) يوظفوا in the electronics and textile industries.

Grow يزرع – make up يتكون – manufacture يصنع –  
raise يربي – speak - use

- 1- French and English ..... in Canada.
- 2- A lot of rice ..... In Vietnam.
- 3- The U.S. .... of 50 states.
- 4- A lot of sheep ..... In New Zealand.
- 5- Cars and computers ..... In Korea.
- 6- The U.S dollar ..... In Ecuador.

How to express عن تعبر two verbs happened in the past ?

Continuous verb then , a verb cut it

The past continuous

الماضي المستمر

**Form:** was-were+v.+ing

**Use:** فعل استمر في الماضي و انتهى بحدوث فعل اخر في الماضي البسيط

**While** شخصية مشهورة I was shopping in a mall, I saw a celebrity بينما  
My mother was cooking **when** my father came home .

As-While	ماضي مستمر	ماضي بسيط
ماضي بسيط	As-While	ماضي مستمر

When	ماضي بسيط	ماضي مستمر
ماضي مستمر	when	ماضي بسيط

**Complete these sentences. Then compare with a partner.**

- 1- My brother ..... (snowboard) يتزحلق على الجليد when he .....(break) his leg in several places.
- 2- Several years ago, I ..... (have) problems with math, so I ..... (find) a tutor مدرس خاص to help me.
- 3- The couple ..... (have) their first child when they ..... (live) in a tiny apartment.
- 4- While I ..... (drive) in Ireland a few years ago, I ..... (realize) I was on the wrong side of the road!

5- Fadi ..... (read) a good book, but someone .....  
(tell) her the ending.

6- While my mother ..... (cook) dinner last night, the  
phone ..... (ring) three times and then .....  
(stop).

7- Tracy and Eric ..... (meet) when they .....  
(work) at the same restaurant in London.

الفعل الذى استمر بعض الوقت فى الماضى هو الماضى المستمر أما

الفعل الذى قطعه عن الاستمرار فهو ماضى بسيط

listen and practise

## An interesting weekend

### Conversation

Rana : Hello, Nagi .

Nagi : Hi, Rana.

Rana : What did you do last weekend ?

Nagi : I went to the cinema with my fiancée خطيبتى downtown .

Rana : Did you have a nice time ?

Nagi : Yeah, we did . We laughed ضحكنا a lot, by the way , have you finished your new book ?

Rana : Yes, I have already finished it. Let me know what happened next? هنا

Nagi : After we saw the film, we decided to get قررنا أن around فى وسط البلد downtown نتجول .

Rana : Was it interesting ?

Nagi : Yes, it was interesting. While we were shopping in El Shawarby street, we saw a film crew فريق عمل فيلم.

Rana : Were they filming ? هل كانوا يصورون ?

Nagi : Yes, they were taking shots يأخذون لقطات for an Egyptian film for Ahmed Ezz .

Rana : Have you ever been in that situation ? كنت من قبل فى مثل هذا الموقف

Nagi : Never, it was so interesting .



لاحظ استخدام زمن الماضى المستمر فى المحادثة

## Unit 28

listen and practise

### Risky Sports رياضات خطيرة

#### BULLFIGHTING مصارعة الثيران



It's an old Spanish sport that many people all over the world like to see in Spain. Before the martial game **اللعبة القتالية** between the bull **الثور** and the toeadors **المصارعين**, the organisers **منظمون المباراة** get the bull free **سراح الثور** on streets to go to the fighting court **حلبة المصارعة** walking in the streets. The viewers of the game **مشاهدون المباراة** run in front of the bull, wearing **مرتدين** red cloths **اقمشة حمراء** to irritate **يثيرون** the bull and it already occurs **يحدث** every time **كل مرة**.

Bullfighting is held **تعقد** in many countries such as ; Portugal, Mexico , Peru and Colombia. In Arab world such as **مثل**, Oman and Algeria. That sport attracts **تجذب** many

tourists to see but anyway على أى حال, it's unbearable لا تحتمل for people who have pity شفقة and mercy رحمة for animals .

### Japanese Sumo مصارع السومو

Is a popular sport رياضة شعبية that all Japanese people like to watch. They consider it يعتبرونها as a piece of the Japanese old civilisation قطعة ثمينة من الحضارة اليابانية. Sumoterie is the player, who is usually over one

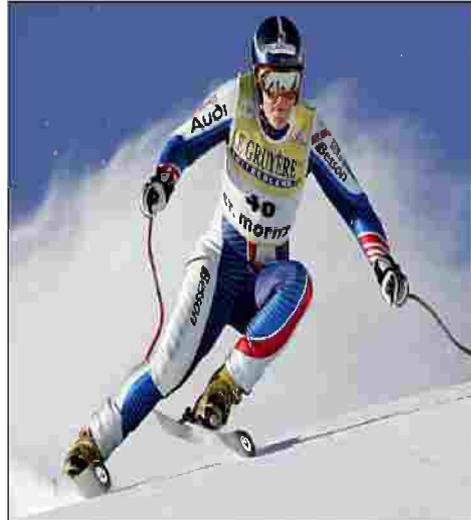


Hundred kilograms. The player always tries to throw the other player out of the circle, that means a point. The sumoterie always wears Mawashi, the sport uniform الزي الرياضى.

In Japan, all sumo matches كل مباريات السومو are transmitted تنتقل on television because it's a popular sport .

### Skiing التزحلق على الجليد

Many courageous people أناس like to learn this sport but it needs time to ski well. Skiing needs an active person who likes adventures المغامرة. It's a fantastic sport as it has special clothes . You practise it in a very cold weather so you wear very warm



clothes, special sunglasses and a ski-board لوح التزحلق. There are a lot of countries where حيث you can practise skiing such as Canada, America , the Scandinavian countries الدول الاسكندنافية

and Switzerland سويسرا.It attracts تجذب many tourists in these countries. Many competitions مسابقات are held تعقد and a lot of companies sponsor ترعى those competitionsالمسابقات.

## رياضة المظلات Parachuting

Is a very interesting sport that needs bravery شجاعة and strength قوة . This kind of sports exists توجد in America, Canada and Europe .



The weather has a great effect تأثير كبير in this sport so the preferable season الفصل المفضل for parachuting is summer and

it's forbidden ممنوع to practise this sport in winter when حيث the weather is cold and stormy عاصف. Parachuting has degrees or categories فئات, you start with the trainer المدرب and do the first jump أول قفزة ,it means that you and the trainer will be tied together for few times till حتى you have the ability of doing that alone.Afterwards, you can participate in تشترك فى a parachuting group to implement أشكال فى الهواء shapes in air لتنفذ.

## تسلق Mountain climbing

### الجبال

Is a very difficult and dangerous sport that attracts تجذب the most adventurous people المغامرون . It



needs very high fitness **لياقة بدنية** and stamina **قوة احتمال** because the person may face **يواجه** many problems.

Mountain climbing started in 1854 when the New Zealander **النيوزلندي**, Edmond Perceval could climb **يتسلق** mount Everest **قمة ايفرست**, 8848 meters high .

That kind of sport has equipment **معدات** that **التي** the climber **يتدرب** has to know how to use and be trained a lot on it **المتسلق** . The sport spreads **تنتشر** in America, Europe and Australia . Many climbers **متسلقين** entered Guinness record **انجازات** for their accomplishments **موسوعة جينس**. Egyptians are proud of **فخورين ب** the climber, Omar Samra who could climb Everest summit **قمة افرست**.

The resource of the information in the article is "interchange book" 3<sup>rd</sup> edition for Jack c Recharad.

### **Answer these questions:**

- ◆ Which sport do you like to practise from the article **من المقال**؟
- ◆ If you like to do parachuting, it will be where in Egypt?
- ◆ Do you know Who is the first Egyptian mountain climber, Omar Samra who could climb Everest Mountain? What is your question to him?
- ◆ If you like to do skiing what's your favourite country?
- ◆ Do you like to practise a fighting sport **رياضة قتالية** or watch it ?
- ◆ Which sport did not you practise and you like to try? **اي رياضة لم تمارسها من قبل و تحب أن تجربها**.

- ◆ After football, what is your favourite sport?
- ◆ What are the benefits فوائد of practising sports?
- ◆ Who is your favourite boxer? من هو الملاكم المفضل.
- ◆ Do you like to see wrestling? المصارعة.
- ◆ Who is your favourite wrestler? المصارع المفضل.
- ◆ Do you like karate films for Bruce Lee and Jacky Chan? Say why?
- ◆ Parachuting and skiing  
Choose just one sport you like to try? Where and with who?
- Do you like to go to Cairo stadium? For which matches?
- How can we improve sport in Egypt?
- Who was your favourite football player in the past ?  
Why?
- Who is your favourite football player at present? فى الحاضر Why?

## Unit 29

listen and practise

### Cinema industry



مصدر المعلومات للمقال كتاب "دراسات عن تاريخ السينما المصرية" للكاتب محمود على

In Egypt, cinema industry صناعة السينما started in 1917 when the film director, Mohamed Karim established أنشأ his company for making films . After the world war II الحرب العالمية الثانية, there was a rise نهضة in making films and a lot of movie stars نجوم السينما appeared such as, Yousef Wahby ,Leila Murad and Anwar Wagdi .

In 1950, the Egyptian director المخرج could make a colourful film فيلم ملون starred by مثل بواسطة Kamal El Shenawi and Naema Akef. In 1960s, cinema industry صناعة السينما focused on ركزت على communism الاشتراكية in Egypt. President Naser nationalised أمم the cinema industry so most films were about how the communist society المجتمع الاشتراكي should live. In 1970s, due to بسبب the great October victory in 1973, the Egyptian cinema industry could achieve تحقق a lot of successful films about Egyptians in 1967 and how they became in 1973 .

In 1980s and 1990s, the Egyptian cinema industry had كان success لديها and failure فشل. In the new millennium فى الالفية الجديدة, when many new movie stars نجوم سينما appeared ظهوروا such as, Ahmed El Saka, Henidy, Mohamed Sa'd ,Ahmed Helmy and others, till now, there has been much success. To speak statistically إحصائياً, the Egyptian cinema industry achieved إيرادات حقق revenues

of 250 million pounds in 2007.

The Cinema is a piece of civilisation قطعة من الحضارة so we should keep it and invest نستثمر in this field to export our artistic work أعمالنا الفنية to the whole world. The silver screen الشاشة سحرها always has its charm. It is considered the voice of the people which shows يبين the



problems of our society مجتمعا. There may be ربما يوجد a solution حل but the function of the film وظيفة الفيلم is to display تعرض a problem in an artistic production فننى not to find a solution .

The Egyptian cinema manipulated تناولت many subjects موضوعات due to بسبب its history. If any body wants to know something about Egypt, he can watch the Egyptian films.

## Answer these questions:

- ◆ Do you like going to the cinema? With who? When? Where?
- ◆ Before going to the cinema, Do you like to have lunch or dinner? where ?with who ?when ?
- ◆ Do you like to drink something during watching the film?
- ◆ What kind of films do you like; action films, horror films أفلام رعب, comedies, science fiction خيال علمي, romantic films رومانسية?
- ◆ What's your favourite time for going to the cinema? Before midnight or at midnight?
- ◆ Speak about an old Egyptian film speak about a new Egyptian film. Speak about a foreign movie.
- ◆ The cinema means What for you?
- ◆ Who is your favourite actor – why?
- ◆ Who is your favourite actress – why?
- ◆ What kind of foreign films do you like?
- ◆ Who is your favourite American movie star?
- ◆ What are the differences between the American, the Indian and the Egyptian cinema industry?
- ◆ How do you see the film director?
- ◆ What kind of stories do you like?

- ◆ If you had 2 hours free and you want to see a film what would you choose; an American film an Indian film or an Egyptian film.Say why ?
- ◆ What are the benefits فوائد from watching an American film?
- ◆ How can we improve our cinema industry?
- ◆ Narrate احكى a good Egyptian film in English
  - the story
  - the director
  - the actor
  - the actress
  - the music
  - the views

listen and practise

## TITANIC

is the American film that got eleven Oscar prizes. Of course, it was a record رقم قياسي. The film cost تكلف 200 million dollars. James Kameron was the author المؤلف and the director المخرج.



The story was about the ocean liner عابرة المحيطات, Titanic that was considered أحدث سفينة كانت تعتبر the most modern ship in the world in that period فى هذه الفترة. The director used high technological techniques أساليب in this film, besides علاوة على ذلك, the moral الدرس of the film that depended on sacrifice التضحية when the hero البطل sacrificed himself ضحى بنفسه for the sake of أجل من his lover حبيبته to save ينقذ her life. The viewers المشاهدين considered the story as a legend اسطورة.

In the film, we saw the consequences عواقب of carelessness الإهمال and conceit الغرور from the captain and the sailors which led to غرق أدى الى sinking of the great ship. The film achieved حقق a great deal of success النجاح not in the U.S. only, but all over the world. The revenue of the film العائد in America and the whole world was hundreds of millions as we read in the newspapers.

## Unit 30

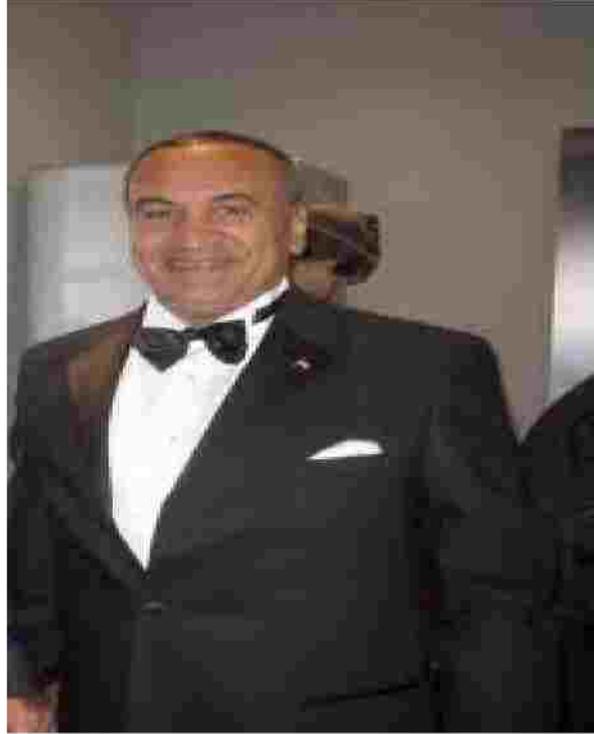
listen and practise

### سيرة ذاتية Biography

#### Mohamed Ateya

: He is the real hero البطل الحقيقي of Ahmed Zaki's film, The Black Tiger النمر الاسود.

The Egyptian businessman was born in El Sharkia محافظة. He asked his family to travel to Italy as a tourist with one of his friends but actually, he wanted to study and live in Europe. He was 19 years old.



He didn't find a job in Italy so he travelled to Austria النمسا and found a job in a factory that had a sports club. There, he started playing boxing-the sport that he loved a lot. The black tiger spent sometime in Austria النمسا then,he moved to Germany ألمانيا to work in another big factory and joined Bayern Liver Kozen club نادى. He won Germany Boxing championship بطولة ألمانيا للملاكمة 5 times frequently متتالية .

Afterwards بعد ذلك, he was nicknamed لقب ب " The Black Tiger". النمر الاسود.

He saved وفر all the money that he earned كسبها from boxing to be his capital رأسماله and started to buy restaurants in Germany and run them يديرهم successfully. Because of بسبب his fame شهرته as a successful boxer ملاكم ناجح in Germany, his restaurants were worth استحقوا much money so he sold his restaurants and in 1978, he could buy the most famous chain of stores سلسلة محلات in one of the German cities المدن الالمانية.

In 1980s, he broke into اقتحم the industrial technology field مجال التكنولوجيا الصناعي and transport والنقل. Over time, he could possess يمتلك a number of companies that deal with 20 countries all over the world and now he is an Egyptian billionaire who lives in Germany with his German wife and his two sons, Tarek 27 and Samy, 19.

**Nowadays, he lives in a palace قصر in one of the German Cities.**

### **Answer these questions:**

- ◆ Do you think Mohammed Atia is an ideal?
- ◆ What do you like to Atia's life?
- ◆ Germany is a good country to you?comment
- ◆ Do you like to have your own business?

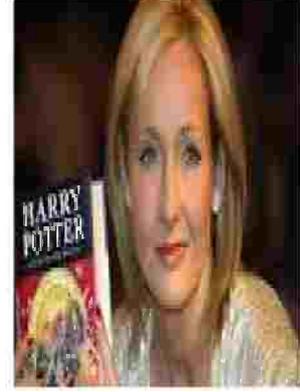
What did you benefit from استفدت من Mohammed Atya's life ?

مصدر المعلومات للمقال مجلة "الشباب" المصرية

listen and practise

## J.K.Rowling

She is the author مؤلفة of Harry Potter series . سلسلة مؤلفات هارى بوتتر . At the early age, her talent موهبتها appeared in her first story that she wrote to tell her friends about.



After graduating from college, she worked as a secretary. However, she didn't stop writing. In 1990, on a train trip to London, she got the idea for the boy wizard الولد الساحر . She says, he just appeared in her head. She kept working on the story while she was teaching English in Portugal where she married and had her first child .She got divorced طلقت year later .عاما بعد ذلك . When she returned to England, she brought back a suitcase شنطة معها جلبت of Harry Potter stories .ملينة بسلسلة الكتب سفر

After returning home, she was broke مفلسة and lived in a small and cramped apartment شقة ضيقة . In 1995, she finished the first book in the series, Harry Potter and the sorcerer's stone حجر الساحر .

It was published نشرت in 1997 and became an unexpected best seller أفضل بائع على غير المتوقع . Rowling's life has changed completely. She has become famous worldwidely عالميا and nowadays, she earns تكسب around \$ 40 million dollars a year. She remarried تزوجت ثانية , had her second child and currently lives in Scotland.

**Nowadays her stories are read تقرأ in over 45 languages.**

The resource of the information in the article is "Interchange" book, third edition.

## Answer these questions:

- ◆ Is the story of J.K. Rowling interesting?
- ◆ Did you read any of Harry Potter's stories?
- ◆ Who is your favourite Egyptian writer?
- ◆ What kind of books are you interested in? أى نوع من الكتب أنت مهتم بـ
- ◆ If you found an expensive book. Would you buy it or you prefer another thing?
- ◆ Do you have a bookcase مكتبة منزلية at home?
- ◆ If you like history. Which era أى عصر do you like to read about?
- ◆ If you like short stories.  
Who is your favourite Egyptian author?  
Who is your favourite foreign author?
- What's your favourite newspaper and why ?
- What kind of news do you like to start with ;**sports news, political, social, cinema, economical...etc ?**

# Unit 31

listen and practise

## Ancient World Wonders

### عجائب الدنيا القديمة

مصدر المعلومات للمقال كتاب "عجائب الدنيا السبع و غرائب القارات الست" للكاتب رحاب كمال.

### The Great Pyramid الهرم الاكبر

The fourth dynasty <sup>الاسرة الرابعة</sup> built the Pyramids in Giza. The Great Pyramid was built <sup>اتبنى</sup> in Cheops' reign <sup>حكم خوفو</sup>. The Great Pyramid still has secrets <sup>اسرار</sup> that <sup>التى</sup> scientists <sup>العلماء</sup> and



researchers <sup>الباحثين</sup> can't discover <sup>يكتشفوا</sup>. To have a look at the Great Pyramid, we can mention that <sup>نذكر أن</sup> the four sides of it <sup>الاربعة</sup> represent <sup>تمثل</sup> the cardinal <sup>الاصلية</sup> directions - east, west, north and south. The height <sup>الارتفاع</sup> is 146.7 metres. About 2.3 million stones.

The average weight <sup>الوزن المتوسط</sup> for the stones is 2.5 tons <sup>أطنان</sup>. There were 25 thousand builders for the operation of building <sup>عملية البناء</sup>. They worked for about 20 years. They were workers not slaves <sup>عبيد</sup> as some people said <sup>كما قال بعض</sup>

الناس. The pyramid was built to be **ليكون** a tomb **قبر** for the king and the queen **الملكة** with their treasures **كنوزهم** and to be the start of the new life.

It's considered **العجيبة الوحيدة** the only world wonder **يعتبر الهرم** **الان** now **حتى** until **الموجودة** that has been existed **فى** **العالم** in the world. It has **لديه** such **تلك** charm **سحر**, the shape of the pyramid **شكل** **يحتفظ** fruit and vegetables dried **مجففة** without any smell **رائحة** **حتى** the human **الجسد البشري** embalmed body **المحنط**. If you put the blunt **غير حاد** razors **حلاقة** in the pyramid, after a few days, they will be sharp **حاد** and can be used again. As Dr. Mostafa mahmoud said in his books.

## Alexandria Lighthouse **منارة الاسكندرية**

Was built in 270 B.C **قبل الميلاد**  
. The height **الارتفاع** was 120 metres. The lighthouse **المنارة** was destroyed **دمرت** in 1323 **زلزال** earthquake. Nowadays, Kayet Bai Castle **قلعة قايت باى** is located **تقع** in the same place **فى نفس مكان** of

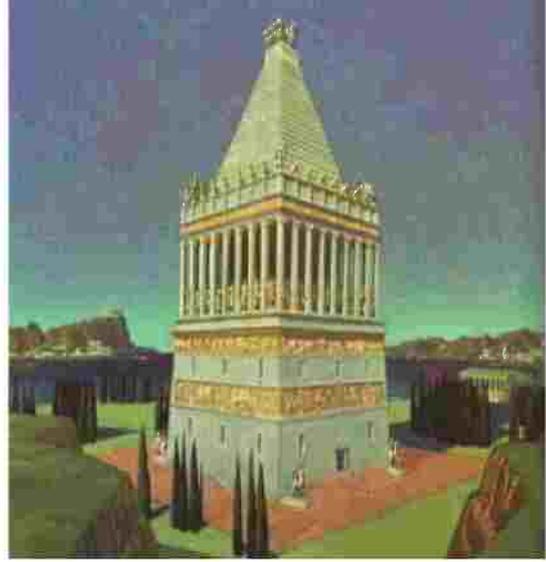


Alexandria lighthouse.

"PHAROS" is the other name **الاسم الاخر** for the lighthouse. Nowadays, there is a private university called Pharos in Alexandria.

## Mosolos Shrine ضريح موسولوس

The Greek King الملك الاغريقي decided to قرر أن build his grave قبره during أثناء his life. He was known of كان معروفاب luxurious life الحياه الفخمة. The shrine الضريح was built in 337 B.C قبل الميلاد. It was remarked with كان مميزا prominent curving نحت بارز and pillars اعمدة with statues بتماثيل at the top فى

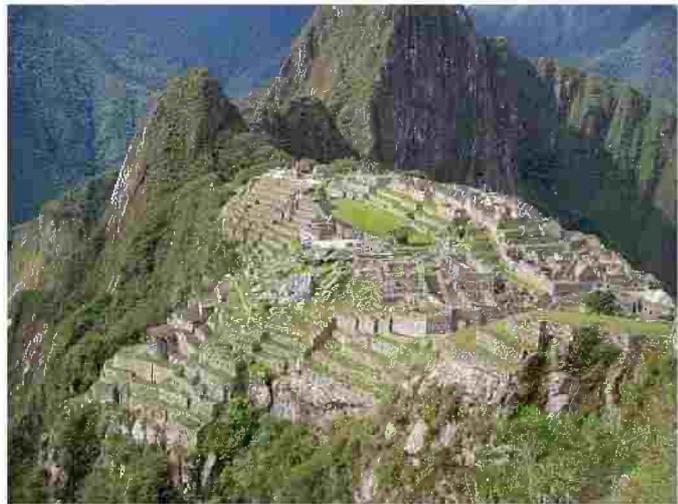


القمة. On the walls, there were paintings of a legendary battles. معارك أسطورية

According to طبقا ل the ancient Greek religious rites طقوس الديانة, the king's body was burnt حرق after death but the king's bones عظام الملك were reserved حفظت in the shrine الضريح in a gold embroidered cloth. قماشة مطرزة بالذهب. That cloth was put in a marble رخام coffin تابوت.

## Babel Hanging Parks حدائق بابل المعلقة

Were built in 600 B.C قبل الميلاد in العراق Iraq. It was also known كانت معروفة أيضا with حدائق Simeramees Parks حدائق سيميراميس. The

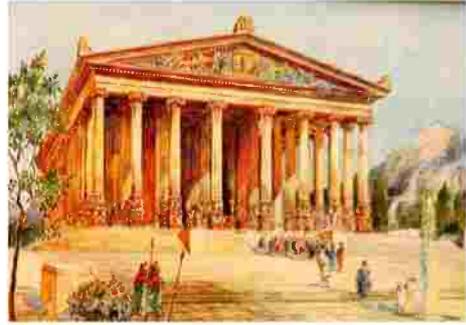


builders البنائين were captives أسراء from El

Sham area منطقة الشام. It was said that قيل أن it had 8 gates بوابات and consisted of مكونة من a great palace قصر رائع with many floors بأدوار كثيرة, each floor دور was grown with مزروع ب plants النباتات and flowers. It looked like كانت تشبه a cultivated mountain جبل مزروع with flowers and plants.

### Arthmes Temple معبد أرثميس

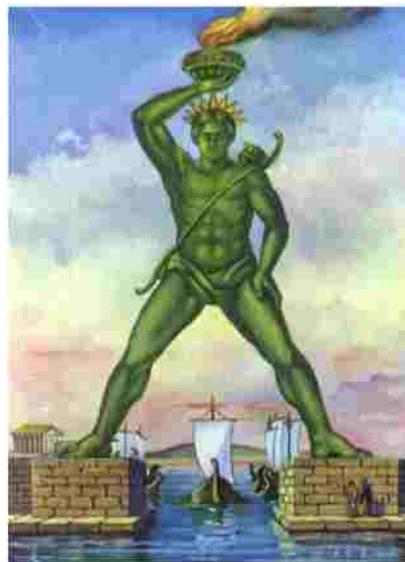
Was built in 550 B.C. In Turkey تركيا. It was built with بنى ب marble الرخام totally, except ما عدا the roof السطح that was built with



wood الخشب. Unfortunately لسوء الحظ, it was burned حرق المعبد in 356 B.C. It had pillars أعمدة of 12 metres high. Really, the building was wonderful and was filled with bright colours.

### Rodes Great statue تمثال رودس العظيم

Was built بنى in 408 B.C. "Rodes" is the name of an Island جزيرة that had commercial relations علاقات تجارية with Egypt but the king of "Macedonia" مقدونيا didn't like that and decided to invade "Rodes". He يغزو was defeated انهزم and left ترك all his military equipment معداته العسكرية.



The governor of Rodes حاكم رودس sold باع the military equipment المعدات العسكرية and decided to build a statue تمثال for Sun God الاله الشمس, Helus.

### Zeues Statue تمثال زيوس

Was the greatest Greek god أعظم الهه الاغريق. That had a great influence تاثير كبير on the ancient Greek Society المجتمع الاغريقي. He was known القديم.



with القوة power كان معروفًا. The statue التمثال was built بنى in 438 B.C by the sculptor النحات, Fedyas. The height of the statue ارتفاع التمثال was 13 metres and the pedestal القاعدة was 6 metres high. The statue was built with ivory العاج but the mantle العباءة was made of الذهب gold مصنوعة من and the pedestal القاعدة was made of black marble الرخام الاسود.

### Answer these questions:

- ◆ They were wonders كانوا عجائب in their eras عصورهم which wonder would you visit if you had the chance? أى عجيبة؟  
كنت تريد أن تزورها
- ◆ Speak about the wonder that you would visit?
- ◆ Did you enter the great pyramid before? If so, what did you feel? Speak about the atmosphere inside the

pyramid? Did you ask a tourist about his feeling inside the great pyramid?

- ◆ Read the article again to know and understand more the value of the great pyramid.
- ◆ The second wonder is Alexandria lighthouse. What's your feeling when you know that there were two wonders of the world in Egypt and that is unique أمر فريد من نوعه
- ◆ Egypt, Greece, Iraq, Turkey, Rodes island. Those countries owned امتلاك wonders of the world. Which country do you like to spend a vacation nowadays?
- ◆ Who is the best friend you like to go with to the pyramids area? Why? What can you do there?
- ◆ Greece had two wonders of the world; Mosols shrine and Zeues statue. plan a trip to Greece with the help of the internet.
- ◆ The people who built the wonders of the world, named سماوا those buildings as wonders. Nowadays, in our world, what do we have in life such as high technological devices الاجهزة التكنولوجية, bridges الكبارى, dams السدود ...etc. we can name as a wonder? عجائب عصرنا
- ◆ Which world wonder you like to take a real photo inside ?

## Unit 32

listen and practise

### Prophets أنبياء



مصدر المعلومات للمقال كتاب "قصص القرآن الكريم" للكاتب فتحى فوزى عبدالمعطى

Prophets الأنبياء are great teachers but not for students. They are great teachers for people. God supported ساند the prophets with miracles معجزات. In the holy Quraan القرآن الكريم , God showed that each prophet had a great miracle that encouraged شجعت people to believe تؤمن in what the prophet said. The miracle was up to قدر على the status of the prophet منزلة النبى

There were many prophets who had many miracles معجزات not just one miracle. All people in the world respect and sacre يقدس all prophets because people know well that all prophets were good people and they carried حملوا light النور and goodness الخير for all the humanity للإنسانية.

Let's speak about some prophets who had great miracles معجزات and they could achieve يحققوا great success نجاح and preached وعظوا people and made life more organised and peaceful.

**The prophet Ibrahim عليه السلام, النبي ابراهيم, Peace be upon him**



The prophet Ibrahim was a smart and brave شجاع man. He was angry that his father and all the people around him worship يعبدون the idols الاصنام

One day, he decided to smash يحطم those idols. They asked him about the doer فاعل of that crime, he told them that they could ask the biggest idol صنم which he left sound. They were angry with him and they knew that he was the doer and decided to burn him in the fire. God ordered the fire to be peaceful for Ibrahim and it was his first miracle أول معجزة له. After many years when he got married, he saw in a dream that he slaughtered ذبح his son, Ismael, peace be

upon him. So, he told his son that he had to slaughter him and Ismael was obedient مطيع to his father. When the prophet, Ibrahim was about to slaughter ذبح على وشك أسد يذبح his son Ismael, God"Allah" descended أنزل a male sheep كبش to be slaughtered ليذبح instead of بدلاً من Ismael.

- It's important to say that all muslims, christians and jews know the prophet Ibrahim well from the holy books.

**The prophet, Mosa عليه السلام: النبي موسى peace be up on him**

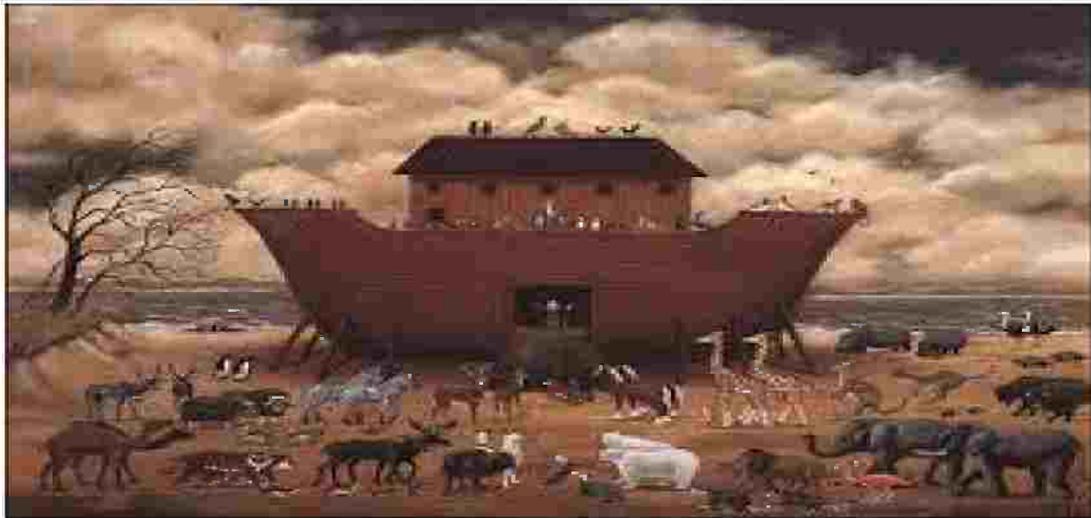


The story of the prophet. Mosa – was fantastic. He was a great prophet with a holy book كتاب موسى, the old Testament التوراه. the prophet Mosa was brought up تربي in the pharaoh's palace قصر الفرعون after finding him ايجاده in a basket سلة in the Nile when his mother put him in the Nile because she was worried about him from the pharaoh's men who were killing all the Egyptian children according to طبقا ل the king's order.

There were many miracles معجزات happened during the Prophet Mosa's Life. First, God"Allah" Spoke to the prophet,

Mosa on El Toor mountain جبل الطور Sinai, .God"Allah" ordered the prophet Mosa to go to The Egyptian pharaoh and preach him and his people يعظه هو و قومه. The pharaoh and his men refused the prophet, Mosa's preaching عيد "The day of Elzeena" دعوة النبي موسى. And it was when the pharaoh's magicians تحدوا سحرة فرعون challenged the prophet, Mosa. The prophet Mosa's stick became a big snake and could swallow تتبلع the other snakes of the magicians ثعابين السحرة. The prophet, Mosa was the leader of the Jews in their going out from Egypt where حيث the miracle of splitting the Red Sea شق البحر الأحمر. Jews crossed the Red Sea with their prophet, Mosa

The story was one of the most interesting stories in the human history التاريخ البشرى



**The prophet, Noah'peace be upon him" Lived for a very long time.**

As it was mentioned كما ذكر in the Holy Our'an القرآن الكريم. He kept preaching for his people for long years-950 years.

God"Allah" ordered him to build a big ship because there would be a big flood فيضان and water would come from the ground الارض and the sky السماء although Noah's hometown بلد منشا النبي نوح was in the desert. After building the great ship, the prophet, Noah asked his fellows رفقاءه to get on يركبوا the ship which sailed أبحرت for much time and stopped On Gody mountain جبل الجودي. The prophet, Noah took couples of all animals أزواج من الحيوانات and birds with the people on the big ship to start a new life. Patience الصبر appears in the story of the prophet, Noah when we know that he kept preaching for his people for 950 years. It was mentioned in the holy Qura'n that the son of the prophet refused to أن رفض get on يركب the ship with his father because he did not believe in god.

### **Answer these questions:**

- ◆ What were the prophet, Ibrahim's miracles? معجزات
- ◆ Can you describe the prophet, Ibrahim out of خلال من his great situations with his people?
- ◆ The father was the prophet, Ibrahim and the son was the prophet, Ismael. Speak about that unique relationship العلاقة الفريدة between the two prophets?
- ◆ What were the prophet, Mosa's miracles?
- ◆ What do you feel when you looked at the photo of El toor mountain جبل الطور?
- ◆ What were the prophet, Noah's miracles?

◆ Can you describe the prophet, Noah out of his situations with his people for 950 years ?

◆ This time, the father was the prophet, Noah and his son who refused to believe in his father as a prophet.

Compare between the two situations ; the prophet, Ibrahim and his son the prophet, Ismael and the prophet, Noah and his son.

Comment?

◆ Do you have a question to the prophet who you like and hope to meet?

I will start.

I like and hope to meet the prophet Youssef, peace be upon him , and I want to ask him about his feelings أحاسيسه when he was in the water well بئر الماء and how he felt relieved شعر بالارتياح by mentioning بذكر the Name of God.

## Unit 33

listen and practise

### Zamzam well بنر زمزم



**It's one of the greatest Secrets in our world.**

- The well بنر has holiness قدسية and fame all over the world and I will explain. There are some perfect minerals معادن in Zamzam water which are very useful for the body. For muslims, it means a lot. The appearance of Zamzam well ظهور بنر زمزم was magnificent رائع. when the great mother, Hagar wanted water for her son, the prophet Ismael "peace be upon him". The great mother, Hagar finally found Zamzam well. So, God put وضع some thing as a secret in Zamzam water.
- The distance between Zamzam well and the Ka'ba الكعبة in Masjed El Haram المسجد الحرام is about 20

metres. All pilgrims حجاج in Masjed El Haram drink from Zamzam well and take some water for their families and friends in their countries, as we see every year in Egypt. The depth of zamzam well عمق بئر زمزم is 30 metres .There is no well, famous like zamzam. Sciendists proved that أثبتوا أن the water of the well is drinkable قابلة للشرب and very pure نقية.

- All Muslims hope to visit zamzam well and drink from its water.All over the Islamic world,muslims hope for each other to travel to Saudi Arabia to do pilgrimage and drink from Zamzam well water ماء بئر زمزم.

### **Answer these questions:**

- ◆ How many times did you drink from Zamzam water?
- ◆ How did you feel when you tasted it at first?
- ◆ Did you tell your friends that you drank from Zamzam water?
- ◆ When you travel to Saudi Arabia to do Pilgrimage or to make Omra and bring Zamzam water, it will be for who, your relatives اقاربك - your friends - your colleagues زملائك - your neighbours.

من خلال إجابات الأسئلة السابقة كون بها موضوع مكتوب و اقرؤه بصوت

## Unit 34

listen and practise

### Ramadan



مصدر المعلومات لهذا المقال كتاب "الاسلام فى اوروبا" للدكتور انزو باتشى

It's a spiritual month شهر روحانى for all the world. Many muslims live in America and Europe as residents مقيمين and natives سكان أصليين so they have special traditions and customs. Let's see.

- It's important to say that there are about 5 million Muslims in France. Out of my experience من خلال خبرتى in Paris for two years and in Marseilles مارسيليا for one year. In Paris, Muslims like to have their breakfast in the mosques الجوامع. All mosques in Paris have banquets موائد طعام for breakfast in Ramadan. The muslims exchange يتبادلون visits for breakfast and after breakfast.

You can smell Ramadan scent *عطر رمضان* in the Arab suburbians in Paris *الاحياء العربية* where *حيث* many muslims live and work. There are many mosques in Paris as all European cities .

In Marseilles, *في مارسيليا* Muslims exchange visits and you find the Arabs *العرب* help each other and deal with each other *يتعاملون مع بعض* in a good way. Rich people bring food to the mosques so you find many muslims have breakfast together in mosques. You can feel Ramadan in Marseilles more than in Paris because there are more Egyptians and more Arabs in Marseilles. All muslims gather *يتجمعوا* in mosques to pray "El Taraweeh". We can say that France has a different atmosphere from all Arab countries but it's fantastic to feel warmth and friendliness with siblings *اشقاء* in a foreign country.

listen and practise

## Italy in Ramadan



4% of The Italian population is muslims. There are 450 mosques all over Italy. Because there is a big number of muslims in Italy- a million and a half Muslims, they like to gather **يتجمعوا** in the mosques to have breakfast together. There are many Islamic associations **مؤسسات** that make a link **ترابط** between the new generations **الاجيال الجديدة** and the religion **الدين** and the Islamic customs and traditions **العادات و التقاليد الاسلامية**.

All muslims pay the charity **الزكاة** And they put their charity **زكاتهم** to help muslims in the other countries like Palestine **فلسطين**. Muslims go to mosques in Ramadan more than any other month so we find the mosques hire **تؤجر** some courts **الساحات** for the great number of the prayers **المصلين**. Some Islamic associations **مؤسسات** and charities **جمعيات خيرية** **تستضيف** the famous preachers **الدعاة المشهورين** to preach

for يعظوا muslims in Ramadan in Italy. Egyptians in Italy like to have a lantern فانوس in Ramadan.

listen and practise

## The United States in Ramadan



It's surprising to say that there are 8 millions muslims live in America in all the states. The majority of muslims اغلبية المسلمين in America likes to start fasting with Saudi Arabia. As an immigration country, كبلد مهجر you can find each family's customs عادات and traditions تقاليد belong to تنتمي الى its original country البلد الاصلى.

- All Islamic associations الجمعيات الخيرية and charities المؤسسات prepare for تجهز breakfast and the most interesting matter is that many muslims like to invite their American friends for breakfast to know and see more about Islam.

This is a very good thing shows that Islam is a peaceful religion not as some people say.

- As usual كالعادة, All muslim families like to exchange visits in Ramadan more than any other month.

listen and practise

## England in Ramadan



According to وكالة الانباء "D.B.A" طبقا لـ "Many universities and medical care centres مراکز العناية الطبية and a lot of mass media وسائل الاعلام welcomed رحبت ب coming of Ramadan مجيء رمضان. Some muslim students in London university prepare for breakfast to the homeless المشردين and any body wants to share others in their breakfast.

- The British prime-minister رئيس الوزراء الانجليزى was happy when he showed his happiness because any body can

practise his religious rites طقوس الدينية without بدون any problem in England. Also, he mentioned that ذكر ان the rich people offer food and money to the poor people in the world during Ramadan. It's interesting to know that muslims represent يمثلون 2 million people in the United Kingdom. In 2013, the British Channel 4 القناة الانجليزية الرابعة decided to show the prayer's call "Azan" during Ramadan every day and showed Islamic programmes عرضت برامج اسلامية during the blessed month الشهر المبارك . like any country, Muslims exchange visits.

- I think it's interesting to know how is Ramadan in Europe and America.

مصدر المعلومات للمقال مجلة الشباب المصرية

## **Answer these questions:**

◆ France – Italy – America – England in which country do you like to spend Ramadan? Why?

◆ Do you have friends or relatives in that country?

If the weather were very cold, would you like to spend Ramadan in Europe?

There are a lot of muslim families who have no Arab origin أصل عربي.

Do you like to have breakfast in Ramadan with one of those families?

How will you feel?

How can you speak about Ramadan as an Arab muslim?

Do you like to recite ترتل the holy Qur'an in their house?

- ◆ You met a British muslim in Ramadan in London. You said " Blessing Ramadan" رمضان مبارك the British Muslim replied "Allah is great and generous.

What could you feel? Comment?

- ◆ Describe that situation.
- ◆ Your friend Rami; who has lived in Paris for 15 years invited you for breakfast with his French Muslim wife زوجته الفرنسية المسلمة. She asked you about your country in Ramadan. What can you say about Ramadan in your country?

Your favourite neighbourhood

Your favourite meal for breakfast

Your favourite meal for sohor

Your favourite habits in Ramadan

Your favourite hobbies in Ramadan

How many times do you read the holy Qura'n in Ramadan?

Which Imam do you like to pray with?

Which preacher do you listen to during fasting?

What's your favourite mosque for "el Taraweeh"?

Unique customs and traditions in Ramadan in your country?

## Unit 35

listen and practise

### Unique Customs in The world

عادات فريدة في العالم

**Thailand** Every year, The people celebrate " Rama fasting" صيام راما They invite about 600 monkeys قرد to eat 3000 kilograms of fruits. The legend says الاسطورة تقول Rama, the hero awarded كافأ the king of monkeys with a banquet مائدة وليمة because the king of monkeys helped Rama against his enemy عدوه.



Look at the photo. It's fantastic. Thailand is one of the tourist countries which always activates and promotes for tourism sector. This kind of festival increases the number of tourists in Thailand.

## England

Every year, falcon hunters صيادى الصقور come to England with their falcons صقورهم and the photographers take photos for them. In the photo, there are two falcon hunters from Torkomnstan republic حاملين their wild falcons.



## Italy

Nobody knows the reason of that festival مهرجان

It's "Orange festival " Some people say that It was a revolution anniversary ذكرى سنوية اثورة against the governor ضد الحاكم



and they threw him with oranges. Anyway, The Italians celebrate this festival with all fun and joy بهجة

## India

In The colours feast, عيد الالوان Indian women throw eath other تقذف بعضها البعض with colours. They are happy because of the beginning of spring .

## Spain

In summer , Thousands of people gather **يتجمعون** to fight **ليتشاجروا** with tomatoes for one hour **لمدة ساعة** in the feast **عيد** "Tomating " Every year,30 thousand tourists come to attend **يحضر** that festival . In that festival. There is only one rule that is not to fight by hands but by just tomatoes.

مصدر المعلومات للمقال هو المواقع الاللكترونية لسفارات الدول المذكورة

### Answer these questions:

- ◆ What about Spain in Summer?
- ◆ When I saw how much was the fruit in the first photo in the article, I hope to share the monkeys the fruit meal. The author.
- ◆ You refused to travel to Spain in the first question.
- ◆ Would you like to visit Italy to enjoy as the person in the third photo?
- ◆ Don't let your wife or your fiancée watch the Indian films or the result will be horrible.

## Unit 36

listen and practise

### New York



The resource of the information in the article is the website of the American embassy in Cairo

It's one of the most important cities in the U.S. That's because the importance of the location اهمية الموقع. New York is one of the most important harbours الموانى in America. Also, New York has New York stock market building بورصة نيويورك and the site of the United Nations association مقرهئة الامم المتحدة. In 1664, when America was a British colony مستعمر انجليزية, the king of the united kingdom, Charles I granted منح a lot of lands to his brother, Duke York so the city was named after اسميت باسم Duke York الدوق and it became New york which was the capital of the United states for 5 years from 1785 to 1790 and nowadays it's one of the most important cities in America.

**The weather:** Winter is very long and very cold and summer is short and sometimes hot.

There are many famous neighbourhoods in New York city such as Astoria neighbourhood, which has many nationalities and a lot of immigrants مهاجرين like to live in it. In addition, Manhattan, which is



considered يعتبر the most famous Neighbourhood in New York because it is fantastic. In Manhattan neighbourhood, there are many parks for example, the Central Park and a lot of splendid hotels فنادق فخمة restaurants, companies and the City Building مبنى البلدية

It's very important to say New York has the greatest number of skyscrapers ناطحات سحاب in our world. The most important occasions are the Christmas الكريسماس on December 25<sup>th</sup> and Thanksgiving عيد الشكر. The Americans



celebrate the Christmas in homes, restaurant, hotels and streets. It's a good chance when all family members gather and have fun.

They celebrate Thanksgiving عيد الشكر by gathering ديك at homes for dinner and the main dish is turkey الحصاد. They like to say thanks to God for the harvest رومى. In New York, people are friendly and deal with each other in a good way. There are many sights in New York such as, the statue of liberty تمثال الحرية, which is located in front of New York harbour ميناء, the Empire State Building and its beauty. That skyscraper was the tallest one in the world one day. In addition, the Central park is one of the important sights in New York because it's the biggest open park in the world. أكبر حديقة مفتوحة فى العالم.

You can get on اتوبيس ذو the double decker bus and make a tour جولة inside New York.

المقيمين فى New York residents There are many problems, New York residents suffer from such as, drugs trafficking and racial discrimination . It's important to mention that New York city suffered a lot from terrorism . The World Trade centre was located in Manhattan neighbourhood and all people saw what occurred to it . ماذا حدث له .

Egyptians live in a good way in New York. They work as taxi drivers and restaurants owners and in all fields. Egyptians always help each other outside Egypt. In New York, there are food carriages سيارات لبيع الاطعمة in the streets. Many Egyptians have food carriages and work in New York streets and they earn يكسبوا a lot of money.

All people say that if you have residence paper اوراق اقامة in America, you can work and live easily and comfortably. For that the U.S. is a great dream for all youths all over the world. The New Yorker is a friendly person who likes dealing with people in a good way.

**Answer these questions:**

- ◆ What do you prefer; to live in New York or to visit it ?
- ◆ If you like to live in it. You have to have residence paper اوراق اقامة...how ?

Do you have friends or relatives in U.S?

Can they help you to find a legal job there?

What can you work in New York?

Can you stand the cold weather of New York?

◆ If you like to visit it.

When do you like to visit New York, in Summer or in Winter? Why ?

Where do you like to stay, in a hotel or a flat?

What's your favourite means of transportation the bus, the underground, the taxi?

What are the sights do you like to visit?

◆ What do you know about the New Yorker? الشخص النيويوركي

◆ What do you need to buy from America?

◆ What gifts do you buy for ;your wife/husband,your father/mother,your brother/sisters,your friend ?

## Unit 37

listen and practise

### **Countries and products** دول و منتجات



The

resource of the information in the article is "The world Geographic encyclopedia"

In our world, there is a classification تصنيف We say that the United States of America is the most powerful country أقوى دولة and there are developed countries دول متقدمة and developing countries دول نامية. In our world, there is another classification تصنيف آخر let's have a look. هيا نلقى نظرة

### Coffee

Brazil is The biggest country in Latin America. It is the first producer of the coffee أول منتج للقهوة in our world. Brazil produces تنتج about 30% of the



world production of the coffee. The Brazilian coffee is famous around the world .

There are a lot of people work in the coffee industry in Brazil. Coffee is the second product البترول after oil in the international commercial market السوق التجارى العالمى . In Egypt, there are the Turkish coffee, the Arabic coffee, The American coffee and the Espresso.

### Gold

In 2012, China was the first country in our world, which produced 370 thousand kilograms up to the American Geological Survey Association المؤسسة الامريكية للمسح الجغرافى.



Any body follows the international news on TV or on the internet can know that

every year china increases its production of gold because it's a promoting industry صناعة رائجة

### Diamond الماس

Democratic Congo الكونجو الديمقاطية is a country in the middle of Africa. It has 30% of the international reserve العالمى of the diamond.



. It's important to know that India is the greatest manufacturing centre مركز تصنيع in the world for resolution the diamond لمعالجة الماس لتصنيعة.

### Oil البترول

Of course, kingdom of Saudi Arabia comes to the first rate المعدله الأولى in exporting oil to the United States and Europe. You should know that Saudi Arabia has the biggest oil field حقل بترول in the world that's called " El



Ghawar" الغوار and it has the biggest reserve of oil in the world.

### Perfumes العطور

- France is the greatest producers for perfumes. أكبر منتج للعطور.

The biggest and the most famous companies for perfumes are

French. France has 30% of the international perfume market سوق

العطور العالمى .During my stay in

France I was interested in visiting " sephora" the greatest perfume shop



in Paris in Chanzelezeh street. شارع الشانزليزية

You can find so many kinds of perfumes and the prices are very reasonable. When you hear "Chanel "Christian Dior" you say yeah, it's France and the French perfume.

### Silver

Peru is a country in Latin America. It is considered تعتبر the first country in producing silver فى انتاج الفضة in the world. We should say that China is the third country in producing silver. It's the first country in silver industry صناعة الفضة in the world. There will be سيكون هناك



many projects in China during the next years to improve this industry and to increase the scale of the production of silver معدل انتاج الفضة. In the Middle East, silver is sold because it's available for the Muslim men so the silver market in the Middle East is salable. As we see in the photo, that is a sample of the Egyptian silver market.

## Tobacco التبغ

China is the greatest producer for tobacco in the world. Tobacco is one of the products المنتجات that achieves قدر a great deal of profits التي تحقق



because smoking is a kind of addiction نوع من هائل من الارباح مطلوب. Tobacco industry is promoting رائجة and the United States is one of the greatest countries which export تصدر tobacco to all the world.

Over all, we have to know that smoking is fatal مميت.

## Wood الخشب

Canada is the greatest country, which produces and exports wood to the world. Canada has excellent commercial relations with America and China in this field. The reason of this status منزله for Canada in the international wood market سوق الخشب العالمي is that Canada has vast forests غابات شاسعة so the production of wood إنتاج الخشب is abundant وفير.



## Answer these questions

- If you like drinking coffee,how many cups do you drink everyday and how do you feel after drinking a cup of coffee?
- What kind of coffee do you like...the American coffee,the French coffee ,Espresso or the Arabic coffee?
- You want to buy a gold gift for your mother,your sister,your fiancé,your wife...what will you buy and do you bargain تفاسلthe goldsmith الصايغ?
- What can you do to work in a petroleum company?
- Can you work in an oil site in the desert? هل تستطيع أن تعمل في موقع بترول في الصحراء
- A perfume and a piece of silver are two gifts... for who?
- You have a smoker friend صديق مدخن,how can you advise him تتصحه to stop smoking?
- You are a smoker, how can you help yourself to stop smoking? Think for sometime.
- If you like to buy a piece of wood,it will be .....  
A bookcase,a table, a coffee table or a hair dressing تسريحة?

## Unit 38

### Saudi Arabia and Egypt



#### listen and practise

Over history عبر التاريخ, Egypt and Saudi Arabia have had very good relations لديهم علاقات طيبة جدا and all the people of each country respect the other.

The relation between Egypt and Saudi Arabia reached الى its summit قممتها when Egypt sent Kaaba cloth كسوة الكعبة to the kingdom once. In that time, the Egyptians and the Saudis had excellent relations.

Before 1973 war between Egypt and Israel, King Faisal stopped exporting oil تصدير البترول to the U.S. and the countries اسرائيل التي تساند الدول which supported . All Egyptians can't forget these situations and how Saudi Arabia was supportive مساندة and close to قريبة من Egypt during 25<sup>th</sup> January revolution, Saudi Arabia was waiting

for مترقبة what would happen in Egypt .All the world saw kingdom of Saudi Arabia supported ساندت Egypt in many ways بطرق كثيرة After 30<sup>th</sup> June revolution and how the Saudi government gave financial support دعم مالى to the Egyptian government الحكومة المصرية .When that occurred in 2013, all Egyptians felt happy and thankful ممتن .Nowadays, there is a great number of Egyptians who stay and work in the kingdom in all fields. They are very successful and Saudis like and respect them يحترموهم because they know that Egyptians are hardworking and sincere مخلصين .Because of the close relation بسبب العلاقة between the Saudis and the Egyptians, they both like to be relatives by marriage. we can find a couple; the husband is Saudi and the wife is Egyptian and vice versa العكس صحيح .

### **Answer these questions:**

- ◆ Do you have Arab friends on the internet? Speak about one of them.
- ◆ Which cities do you like to visit in the kingdom of Saudi Arabia and why?
- ◆ Do you have Egyptian friends in the kingdom?
- ◆ What are their jobs? How long do you chat with them weekly?
- ◆ Do you like to work and stay in Saudi Arabia?  
How can you look for a job there?  
What do you need, to find a good job in Saudi Arabia?  
What's your favourite city in Saudi Arabia?

## الرياض Riyadh



*The resource of the information is the website of the Saudi embassy in Cairo.*

Listen and practise

The founder of the kingdom مؤسس المملكة was king Abdel Aziz ben Abdel Rahman Al Saud who could unify يوحد all the parts أجزاء of the kingdom. Riyadh الرياض has been the capital since 1951

**The weather:** Summer is long and very hot. The temperature can be 50 Celsius degrees درجة مئوية in Summer. Winter is warm and short but at night, it is very cold. Maybe, the temperature درجة الحرارة can get down to zero تنخفض الى because of بسبب the desert climate مناخ where هي تلك المدينة الرائعة Riyadh is such fantastic city. الصحراء



you like to stay for a long time to enjoy that civilisation لتستمتع بتلك الحضارة.

**The sights:** There are many sights in Riyadh. It's important to mention تذكر that the royal palace القصر الملكي is in Riyadh . That palace was the site of the king's residence محل اقامة الملك since the foundation of the kingdom till now. منذ تأسيس المملكة.

The National museum is one of the important sights in Riyadh, which activates ينشط tourism in the city.

Many Saudis and residents who live in Riyadh like to visit the National museum المتحف الوطني. All people in Saudi Arabia, either Saudis or residents اما سعوديين أو مقيمين like to visit the ZOO, which has more than 1200 animals. There are many entertainment centres مراكز ترفيه in Riyadh, which are full of people on holidays and the special occasions المناسبات الخاصة. Also, there are many sports clubs

where people like to play sports and practise social activities, for example,

**El Nasr club, El Helal, El shabab and .....etc**

**People** : The population السكان is about 6 million people but there is a big number of residents المقيمين from all the world. People of Riyadh are very friendly, generous and smart. Because of the great number of residents from other countries, Riyadh is considered as تعتبرك one of the greatest commercial cities اكبر المدن التجارية in the world.

Every year, many Saudis سعوديون come to visit Egypt in summer to enjoy the sunny weather and the fantastic atmosphere at night. There is a number of the Saudi students study in the Egyptian universities.

Egyptians are pious متدينين so they love Macca and El Madina. Besides علاوة على ذلك, there is a very big number of Egyptians works in Saudi Arabia in all fields. They live in a good way in all parts in the kingdom. There are very good relations between the Egyptians and the Saudis in Egypt and Saudi Arabia.

Any visitor to Riyadh will enjoy his time to see such civilisation تلك الحضارة .

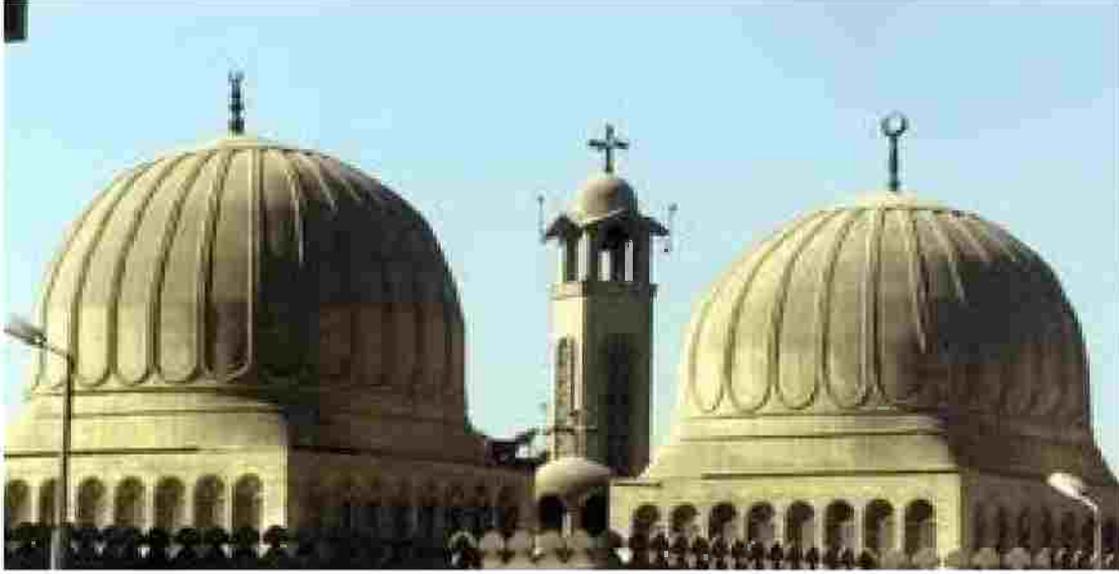
### **Answer these questions:**

- ◆ Do you like to visit Riyadh in summer or in winter? With who? For how long?
- ◆ What are the sights in Riyadh?
- ◆ Do you have Saudi friends in Riyadh?
- ◆ Do you have relatives or Egyptian friends in Riyadh?
- ◆ You never visited Riyadh so, what do you expect to see in the capital of a magnitude country دولة عظيمة like the kingdom of Saudi Arabia?
- ◆ If you met a Saudi man for the first time, what would you ask him about Riyadh?  
Weather – shopping – famous streets – sights?
- ◆ What are the people of Riyadh like?
- ◆ A long visit to Saudi Arabia to make Omra in Mecca and El Madina after that a visit to Riyadh city.....comments?
- ◆ Comment on a visit to Riyadh in winter?
- ◆ Compare between the weather in Alexandria and in Riyadh in winter?
- ◆ Many Egyptians stay and work in Riyadh ,what's your question to them?

## Unit 39

Listen and practise

### آثار دينية Religious monuments in Egypt



مصدر المعلومات للمقال كتاب "بناة القاهرة فى الف عام" للمؤلف د. عبد الرحمن ذكى

As you know, there were 3 holy messages رسائل مقدسة to the humans للإنسانية. The first holy book أول كتاب مقدس was descended to أنزل الى the prophet, Mosa who was living in Egypt so, there are a lot of Jewish monuments in Egypt and It's enough to say that the old testament التوراة was descended أنزلت in Egypt on El Toor mountain جبل الطور in Sinai where the prophet, Mosa spoke to god "Allah" and received the ten recommendations. الوصايا العشر.

The height of El toor mountain ارتفاع جبل الطور is 2285 metres above the sea level .

That mountain is sacred مقدس in the three religions اديان; Jaudism اليهودية, Christianity المسيحية and Islam.

You can enjoy the snow on the top of El Toor mountain in winter. A lot of tourists go to El Toor city to visit the mountain, specially in sunrise الشروق and sunset الغروب.

**The Jewish temple** المعبد اليهودي is located in Cairo,

downtown. The Jewish temple in Adly Street is one of the most fantastic Jewish sights in Egypt. Don't forget that there is an Israeli embassy سفارة إسرائيلية in Cairo so the Israeli diplomats الدبلوماسية



الإسرائيلية go to the temple to pray. Also, any Jewish tourist can go there to pray and to visit it.

Actually, it hasn't a historic importance أهمية تاريخية because it's not very old.

**The Jews' lane** حارة اليهود is located near El Mosky Street. It's not just a lane حارة but it's a big area. It consists of 360 small lanes. Jews, Muslims and Christians were living there because it was near their work places. It had 13 temples but that number became Just 3 temples nowadays.



It's important to say that few Jews live in Egypt now but mostly, مسنين elderly في الأغلأب.

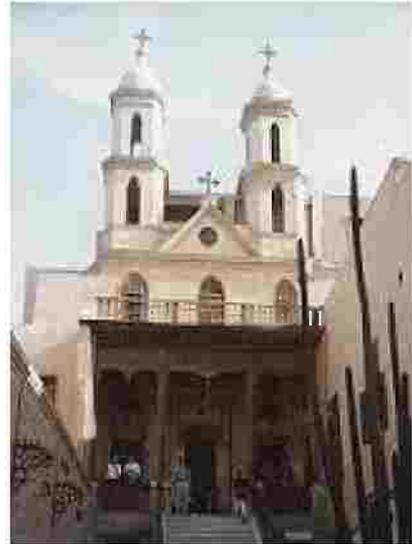
The second holy book, god "Allah" sent to the humans was the Bible الإنجيل or the new testament العهد الجديد. virgin Mary لجأوا إلى and the Christ المسيح resorted to Egypt من ظلم الرومان from the injustice of the Romans مصر.

So, we can find a lot of Christian monuments اثار مسيحية in Egypt where رحلة العائلة the journey of the sacred family حيث happened. المقدسة.

The journey took 30 months. Let's talk about the Christian monuments in Egypt.

**The hanging church** الكنيسة المعلقة is

located in "Mist El KAdema". The name "Moalaka" معلقة appeared ظهر because that church was built on two towers of Babelyon fortress برجين من حصن بابلليون. The hanging church الكنيسة المعلقة is considered the most ancient church in Egypt أقدم كنيسة في مصر. It is considered as a sight and

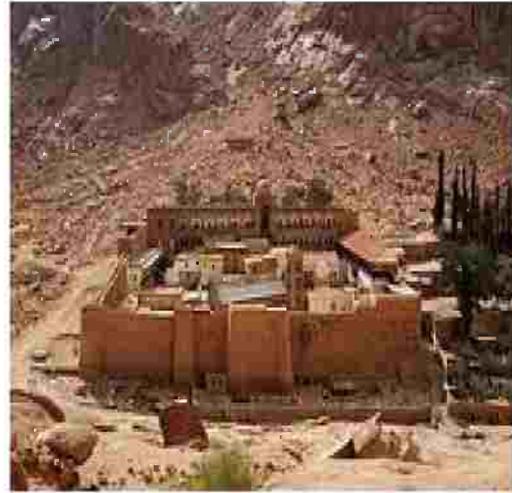


many tourists like to visit it specially ,christians from eastern Europe. Many tour guides like to explain it to the tourists because it is a piece of art قطعة فنية.

## Saint Catherine's monastery

دير سانت كاترين is located in Sinai next to Catherine mountain.

The monastery الدير holds يحوى the remain of Saint Catherine رفات القديسة كاترين who was living in Alexandria. It's important to say that any tourist wants to



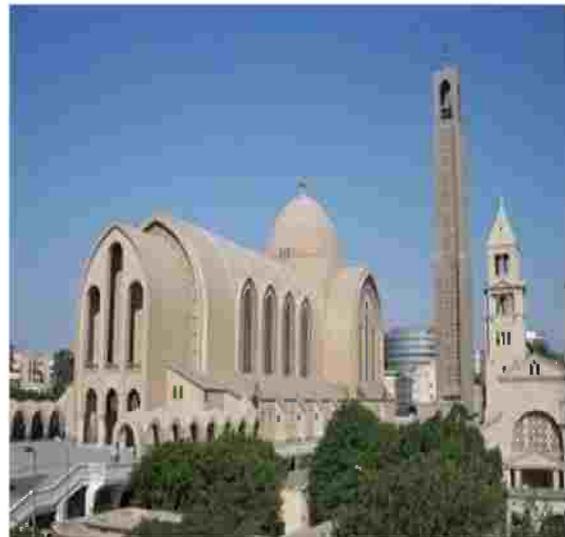
enter the monastery الدير should wear special clothes because it's a sacred place مكان مقدس. The weather is fantastic there. Everyday, a lot of tourists come to visit Saint Catherine's monastery. دير سانت كاترين

The Cathedral الكاتدرائية is located in El Abaseya, Cairo. It was built بنيت in the 1960S. It's considered as the site مقر of Alexandria Pope بابا الاسكندرية.

The Cathedral was opened by the President, Gamal Abd El Naser who donated money تبرع بالمال to contribute in building it ليسهم فى بنائها فى.

Celebrations and ceremonies are held تعقد in the Cathedral every year with the presence of the Pope. بحضور البابا

The last holy book, god sent to the humans was the holy



Qura'n القرآن الكريم. If we want to speak about the Islamic monuments in Egypt, We will speak so much but we're going to make a focus تركيز on the most important Islamic monuments أهم الاثار المصرية in Egypt.

### Amr Ibn El Aas mosque

is the oldest mosque in all Egypt and Africa. Nowadays, the mosque dimensions ابعاد المسجد are 120m for length طول and 100m for width عرض. It's important to say that Imam El Shafey الإمام



الشافعي preached خطب there and Imam Mohamed El Ghazaly. Nowadays, as we know, sheikh Mohamed Gebreel prays in the mosque every Ramadan and sheikh Mohamed Hassan also prays and preaches يعظ in the mosque where حيث all the Egyptians like to pray. Look at the photo to see how the mosque is fantastic. **Actually the neighbourhood has a special atmosphere.**

## El Sayeda Zeinab's

mosque جامع السيدة

زينب

We know that El Sayeda Zeinab came to Egypt after Karbelaa battle معركة



كاربلاء and stayed in Egypt for 9 months and died. El Sayeda Zeinab was the prophet 's grand daughter from El Sayeda Fatema and Imam Ali Ibn Abi Taleb. It's known أمر معروف that El Sayeda Zeinab liked the Egyptians very much because Egyptians appreciated her قدروها as a relative of the prophet Mohamed كأحد أقارب الرسول "Peace and blessings be upon him" عليه الصلاة و السلام. All Egyptians like to visit El Sayeda Zeinab's grave قبر السيدة زينب in the mosque and read "El Fateha" الفاتحة for her. The neighbourhood is great and the people are generous, helpful and reliable يعتمد عليهم. You can find anything in the neighbourhood. There are a lot of schools, medical centres مراكز طبية and many restaurants. Many egyptians and Arabs like to visit the old neighbourhood and of course, the mosque and read " El Fateha ". You can smell the scent of incense رائحة البخور everywhere.

## El Azhar mosque جامع الأزهر

Khalif الخليفة EL Moez Ledin Allah ordered his leader قائده Gawhar El Sekely to found يؤسس Cairo after that he built El Azhar mosque to spread ينشر Shi'ism المذهب الشيعي. As we know nowadays, El Azhar has adopted يتبنى Sunna doctrine المذهب السني for a long time منذ زمن طويل. El Azhar mosque has been as a mosque and a university. In El Azhar, Muslims go to pray and listen to the preaching الوعظ and to study different sciences.



That was a tour through history in Egypt.

### Answer these questions:

- ◆ In the article, there are a lot of religious monuments; temples, churches and mosques.

If you like to accompany ترافق a friend from outside Egypt from where you will start? Make a plan and mention Why?

- ◆ Is there a specific mosque جامع معين do you like to pray in? what do you feel inside the mosque? Who do you

go there with? Do you admire يعجبك the Imam of the mosque امام المسجد?

- ◆ Who is your preferable preacher? ما هو الداعية المفضل لك؟
- ◆ After Masjed El Haram and the prophetic mosque بعد المسجد الحرام و المسجد النبوي, Where do you like to pray? Why?What do you feel in that mosque?Who do you like to pray with?
- ◆ What's your favourite religious channel ?
- ◆ How do you see sheikh Mohamed Metwaly El Sha'rawy ?
- ◆ Who is your favourite Qur'an reciter ? من هو مرتل القران why? المفضل لك
- ◆ A visit to the old mosques in Cairo means what for you?

## Unit 40

### Listen and practise

#### Human Development التنمية البشرية

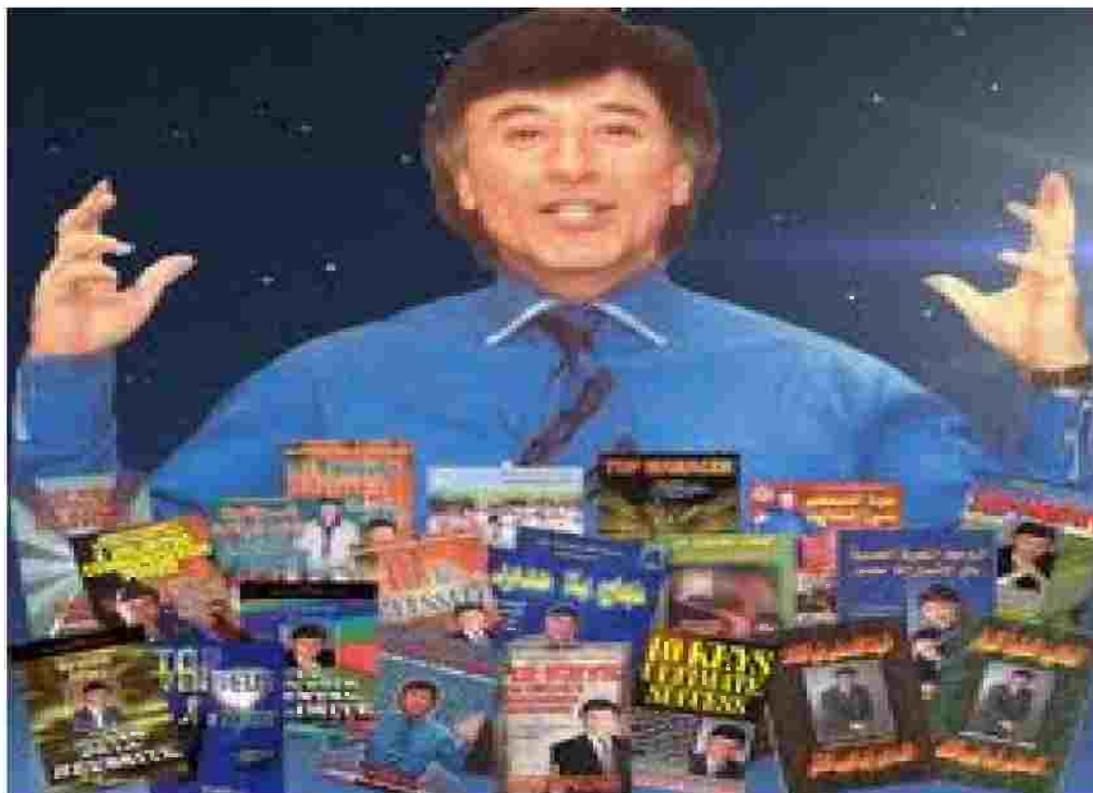
- It's one of the most modern sciences العلوم الحديثة that appeared ظهرت in the 21<sup>st</sup> century.
- That science depends on تزويد يعتمد على increasing people's educational abilities قدرات الناس التعليمية and experience الخبرة to live in a very good way. Besides, يهدف الى Human development aims at developing the human abilities تنمية القدرات الانسانية which make people work in a better way. In our life, we have found نجد that any company or association مؤسسة used the human development sciences, achieved حققت success and high income دخل مرتفع. That science offers a new life with modern tools ادوات حديثة in different techniques بأساليب مختلفة. Our world has concerned with that science اهتم عالمنا بهذا العلم in the beginning of our century and the results النتائج are amazing مذهشة.

#### Here are some of the topics of that science.

- body languages لغة الجسد
- power of positive thinking قوة التفكير الايجابي
- art of persuasion فن الاقناع
- time management أسرار النجاح إدارة الوقت secrets of success

listen and practise

## Dr. Ibrahim El Feky



He was born in August 1950 in Giza. In his youth **فى شبابه**, he was an athlete **رياضى**. He won many championships in the table tennis **بنج بونج**. He worked in tourism in Egypt for some years then travelled to Canada with his wife. In Canada, he worked in many tiring jobs **وظائف متعبة**. he washed the dishes in his early years in Canada. Also, he worked as a guard **حارس** in a hotel. He knew that he couldn't achieve **يحقق** any success in his life without studying so he decided to study. In tourism, he became

the general manager المدير العام of one of the greatest hotels in Canada.

In study, he got doctorate degree درجة الدكتوراة in Human Development and could instruct يحاضر more than 700 thousands people during his life. Egyptians and Arabs like him very much because he was a story of success. He wrote many books in his major تخصصه, Human development التنمية البشرية such as; power of thinking قوة التفكير the 10 keys for success العشر مفاتيح للنجاح, power of self control قوة التحكم فى النفس

His books were translated into مترجمة الى English and French. People still like him and benefit from his books and recorded lectures المحاضرات المسجلة.

He died in 2012 because of fire burned حرق his house.

Before his death, he advised his student saying قائلاً "get away from the people who wanted to decrease يقللوا your ambition طموحك and get close to اقترّب من the great people العظماء who can support you and make you feel that you are one of them. "Ibrahim El Feky".

ابتعد عن الأشخاص الذين يحاولون التقليل من طموحك وكن قريباً من العظماء الذين يستطيعوا أن يساندوك ويجعلوك تشعر أنك واحد منهم "إبراهيم الفقي".

That was the pioneer رائد of Human Development science In the Middle East.

علم التنمية البشرية فى الشرق الاوسط

The resource of the information in the article is Dr. Ibrahim El Feky's page on facebook

**Answer these questions:**

- ◆ Speak about Dr. Ibrahim El Feky? *استعن بالمقال.*
- ◆ What do you prefer
  - Reading a book in human Development
  - Listen to one of Dr Ibrahim El Kegy's lecture.Why?
- ◆ After reading the article,  
Do you think human Development science is useful in your field. Explain.
- ◆ What's the best place you can study Human Development in? why?

I have the honour to write about Dr.Ibrahim El Feky.

## Unit 41

Listen and practise

### Comedies

Which film is it ? أى فيلم

هذا

He was very uncivilised man who wanted to engage يخطب a beautiful girl. She wanted him to pass في the literacy test امتحان محو الأمية.



Faransa, his mother went with him to the school. She gave him a pen, a pencil , a ruler and 5 pounds for a bottle of beer زجاجة بييرة after the test. Moreover, علاوة على ذلك he tried to cheat يغش in the test class. What a tragedy! يالها من مأساة

Which film is it ?

The grandfather was a leader of a gang زعيم عصابة. His grandson حفيده was coward جبان. The



grandfather wanted to test his grandson's bravery شجاعة حفيده. He agreed with مع اتفق a burglar لص منازل to break into his grandson's room to steal what his grandson had. Mohy, the grandson was very afraid of خائف من the burglar لص المنازل who noticed that لاحظ أن Mohy was awake متيقظ. He asked Mohy "Are you awake متيقظ?" Mohy replied رد "No, I'm asleep نائم". When Mohy noticed that the burglar had a cough كحة, he offered a medicine to the burglar عرض دواء للكحة على اللص and told him that his grandfather had a lot of money in his room. His grandfather knew the story and blame his grandson for لام جبنه his cowardice حفيده على.

### Which film is it ?

Two friends were swindlers نصابين from their early age منذ مقتبل عمرهم. They were swindling with another boy.



He was older than them. Oneday, after the older boy hit ضرب one of the two friends, they decided to steal يسرقوا the older boy's house and they did فعلوا ذلك when the two friends became youth أصبحوا شباب, they were disguising in زي شرطة police uniform كانوا يتنكرون في نقطة تفتيش point on the road. They were blackmailing بيتزوا the drivers and took money from them forcibly بالإجبار. One

day, a very expensive car was passing – تمرّب their checkpoint نقطة التفتيش.

There were the driver and businessman who was the older boy. He recognised them هو تعرف عليهم and ordered his guards to catch them but the two friends escaped in the police uniform.

**Which film is it ?**

In this film , the hero البطل was in a need of money فى حاجة للمال so he decided to traffick drugs يروج المخدرات and went to the wholesale dealer تاجر جملة who told him that he would sell Hashish من الحشيش from his workplace



عمله .The hero was working in an archeological place مكان أترى. He was selling tickets to the visitors. A visitor came to visit the sight المكان. The hero thought that he wanted to buy Hashish حشيش. Suddenly, فجأة the manager came to see how work is going. The manager saw the visitor and realised that أدرك أن the visitor was the governor المحافظ so he welcomed him. When the hero knew the reality. He was shocked مصدوم

**Answer these questions:**

- ◆ In the black and white films, who is your favourite comedian and why?
- ◆ When you are stressed and somewhat angry.  
Which film do you like to see?
- ◆ In the modern film, Who is your preferable comedian? And why ?Do you like to go to the cinema or you prefer watching films at home?What do you think of the Egyptian film industry nowadays?

## Unit 42

Listen and practise

### Meanings معانى



- Man** : Not all males كل الذكور are real men with principles مبادئ.
- A woman** : Warmth دفء and support مساندة.
- An elderly مسن** : A great guest ضيف رائع in life. Who knows the secrets of the white hair?
- A school** : Should be an association. مؤسسة.
- Auniversity** : A holy place. مكان مقدس.
- Work** : is life.
- Death الموت** : The greatest secret.
- Marriage الزواج** : a fellowship رفقة that has success

and development.

**Success النجاح** : always tasty and people consider  
it as a victory **انتصار** تعتبره.

**Failure الفشل** : always has reasons **أسباب**.

**Smoking التدخين** : As they say it's prestigious **مبهر**,  
but anyway **على كل حال** it's fatal **مميت**

**Drugs المخدرات** : Another world **عالم آخر** but it has no  
base **أساس** or shape **شكل**.

**Try to support any addict **مدمن** for the sake of  
God **لوجه الله****

**Earth الارض** : is a paradise that has evil **شر**  
inside **داخلها**.

**The sun** : is hot and powerful **قوية**. It's an  
evidence **دليل** that man is not the  
most powerful creature **أقوى مخلوق**.

**The moon** : It's enough to say that from the  
moon we know Hijri calendar **التقويم**  
**الهجرى**.

**Mind العقل** : Secrets .

**Senses الحواس** : Have long limits . حدود بعيدة .

**A mother** : Warmth دفء and support دعم.

**A father** : Confidence الثقة and support.

**A brother** : a close companion رفيق مقرب.

**A sister** : is a little mother. أم صغيرة .

## The author

### Answer these questions

- How do you see your relations with your parents,your siblings  
أشقاءك,your friends,your colleagues زملاءك?
- Narrate موقف مضحك a funny situation happened in your high school?
- You did not study in your favourite faculty because of بسبب your score مجموعك in high school.So,in which faculty did you like to study?
- What does work mean for you? ماذا يعنى العمل بالنسبة لك?
- Do you plan to marry before the age of 30 or after it?
- What do you like and do not like in the university?
- How do you see your wife?How do you see your husband?
- How do you receive Ramadan crescent? كيف تستقبل هلال رمضان? and what is the first thing do you do after that?
- How can you support a smoker?
- If you failed in a project,what would you do? إذا فشلت فى مشروع ماذا كنت تفعل

## Unit 43

**يبقى انت اكيد فى مصر Surely, you are in Egypt**



### **Listen and practise**

A British friend صديق انجليزى wanted to have a drink in a café with me downtown. He asked me what's Egypt and what does it have? I started talking about Egypt saying قائلًا:

**Definitely, you are in Egypt when .....**

- ◆ You can smell the scent رائحة of the history in the Egyptain streets and lanes حارات specially in Ramadan and on Fridays.
- ◆ You see people exchange يتبادلون congratulations on religious occasions المناسبات الدينية for Muslims and Christians.



- ◆ You hear Aza'n الاذان in mosques and the bells الاجراس in churches. الكنائس.

**You find that the underground stations are clean.**

- ◆ You see some persons barbecue ويشووا corn cobs الذرة and sell them to people in the streets and on the cornish.
- ◆ You see people put up streamers اوراق الزينة يعلق in the streets to welcome Ramadan.
- ◆ You attend يحضر a wedding party when حيث all people are dancing cheerfully ببهجة without stop until the end of the party.
- ◆ You find illegal cafes مقاهى غير شرعية on the Nile Cornish in every good place.
- ◆ You hear loud voices أصوات عالية and noise in the Public cafes and see the players of Dominos الدمينو and Backgammon الطاولة.

- ◆ You see in a popular neighbourhood **حي شعبي** a store owner **صاحب محل** sweep **يكنس** in front of his store and sprinkle **يرش** water by a hose **بخرطوم** in the hot summer.
- ◆ You find people sell lupine **ترمس** and roasted sweet potatoes **بطاطا مشوية** in the streets.  
You see jasmine sellers **الياسمين** downtown and on the Nile cornish
- ◆ You see banquets **موائد** for breakfast in Ramadan in the streets.
- ◆ You see people laugh at **يسخر من** their leaders and the great principals **المسؤولين الكبار** and tell jokes about them when they make mistakes **يرتكبوا اخطاء**.
- ◆ You see people agree to make a financial co-operation **جمعية** at work to save money in a limited time **مع الأقارب** and it occurs with relatives **زمن محدد**.
- ◆ You see an Egyptian craftsman **صنایعي مصري** put a cigarette on his earside **جنب اذنه**.
- ◆ You can find pedlars **باعة جائلين** everywhere.
- ◆ You can see flea markets **أسواق الشوارع** in the important squares **الميادين الهامة** all over Egypt.
- ◆ You can bargain **تفاضل** in many places to decrease **تقلل** the price.
- ◆ You find many people like listening to the radio.
- ◆ You see Egyptians tell jokes **يقولوا نكت** in crises **في الأزمات**.

- ◆ You find the shoeblacks ماسحى الأحذية work in front of the cafes in the big cities.
- You see all Egyptians go to parks and eat salty fish الفسيخ and herring الرنجة in Sham El Neseem.
- ◆ You find people welcome tourists because they are guests ضيوف in Egypt.

**Answer these questions:**

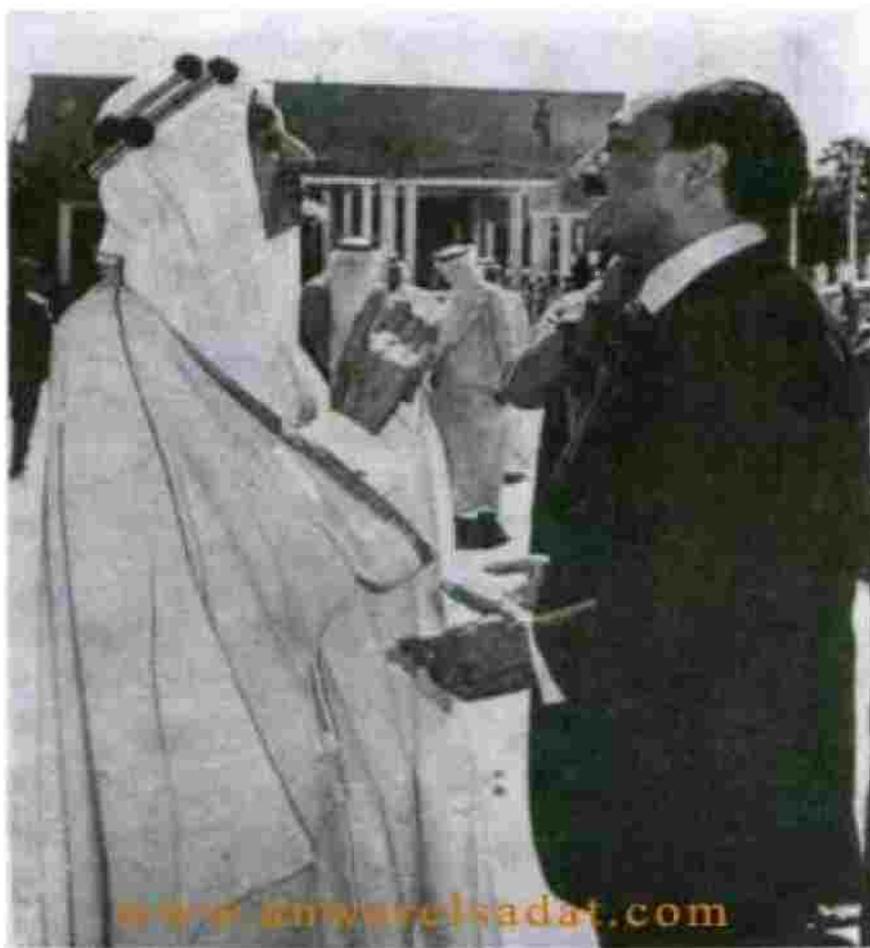
- ◆ When you travel outside Egypt, What's the best place you miss most? ما أفضل مكان تفتقده?
- ◆ When you are away, who is the first person you call?
- ◆ If you were outside Egypt. Would you come back home in Ramadan because it is different in Egypt? Explain.
- ◆ You are in El chanzelezeleh street in Paris and you remember your wedding party in your city and how long your guests danced in the party. Comment.
- ◆ Warmth is in your country not in any other place. comment علق
- ◆ Can you imagine yourself spend fitr Eid and Adha Eid outside Egypt? Comment.
- ◆ You plan to go on holiday outside Egypt, what are you going to pack in your suitcase ?
- ◆ You plan a tour to a foreign friend in Cairo from where you start and end ?



**I want to see Stability ,استقرار, awareness الوعى and security control سيطرة أمنية**

- ◆ Intelligent الأذكياء students take their rights حقوق and study in a scientific way بطريقة علمية .
- ◆ Co-operation تعاون among بين all people and teaching the students how to love Egypt and be proud of it. فخور بها
- ◆ The good understanding التفهم الصحيح among Egyptian leaders and high officials المسؤولين الكبار
- ◆ Patience الصبر and respect احترام should be spread المنتشروا in the Egyptian society المجتمع المصري.
- ◆ Fair mass communication media وسائل اعلام عادلة and effective criticism نقد مؤثر.
- ◆ Confidence الثقة and perseverance المثابرة
- ◆ Importance of technical education التعليم الفني
- ◆ Real renaissance نهضة حقيقية in Egypt that starts with education التعليم and health الصحة. Disappearance of negligence اهمال and indifference اللامبالاه.

## Unit 44



### Two great friends

**President Sadat**

**King Feisal**

**It was in Riyadh city. I met my Saudi friend in a Coffee shop in El Tahlia street.**

**Khaled** : Peace be upon you , Fahd . السلام عليك .

**Fahd** : Peace be upon you , Khaled .

**Khaled** : I haven't seen you for a long time. لم أراك منذ فترة

كيف كان حالك ? How have you been ?

**Fahd** : I have been fine. and you ?

**Khaled** : I'm fine and I feel happy because I'm in Riyadh.

It's a very beautiful city.

**Fahd** : Thanks a lot, Khaled.

**Khaled** : When I arrived at the airport, I remembered the close relationship between president Sadat and King Feisal.

**Fahd** : It was the most famous relationship أشهر علاقة among the Arab Leaders.

President Sadat and King Feisal were exchanging ليناقشوا visits to discuss the important cases القضايا المهمة.

**Khaled** : Do you mean the war الحرب against ضد Israel اسرائيل ?

**Fahd** : Yeah, those times witnessed شهدت one of the most important events that occurred حدثت in the history .

**Khaled** : King Feisal had a very great role in October war against Israel اسرائيل .

He stopped exporting oil أوقف تصدير البترول to the U.S.A and all countries which supported Israel تساند اسرائيل and it was the greatest flap صفة that his majesty جلالته did against the world of evil عالم الشر .

**Fahd** : Do you know what were his majesty's

merits سمات؟

**Khaled** : Please. Tell me.

**Fahd** : He was as all the kings of the kingdom pious,متدين generous, friendly, faithfulصادق and very smart.

**Khaled** : I don't know something I want to ask you about?

**Fahd** : What is it?

**Khaled** : His majesty's dream was to pray أن يصلى in El Aksa mosque.

**Fahd** : Yeah, you are right. and what about president sadat. Tell me more about him.

**Khaled** : President Sadat and king Feisal were close friends so they had the same characteristics سمات. President Sadat was pious, friendly, faithful and very smart .

**Fahd** : The most thing I like in El sadat's personality is that he was very witty سريع البديهة .

**Khaled** : Yes,Fahd. President Sadat could deceive يخدع Israel and he dodged with راوغ معهم them a lot during the war and the negotiations.المفاوضات.

**Fahd** : After war, what did president Sadat do in Egypt?

**Khaled** : He made many good things till his martyrhood شهادته

**Fahd** : God bless him

**Khaled** : God bless king Feial

**Fahd** : They were real men and all people still like them.

**Khaled** : You're right.

# Writing

## The paragraph :

هو عبارة عن موضوع إنشاء باللغة الإنجليزية  
تكوينه :

١- يتكون ال- paragraph من مقدمة :

There is no doubt that لا شك أن

It's clear that من الواضح أن

It's important to say that من الضروري ان نقول

٢- متصل بالمقدمة جملة الموضوع وهى ما نسميه فى اللغة topic  
sentence

It's clear that tourism is very important resource in the  
Egyptian economy.

من الواضح أن السياحة تعد مصدر هام جداً في الاقتصاد المصري. اذن الموضوع  
هو السياحة

٣- شرح عناصر الموضوع

Egypt has many sights مصر بها معالم كثيرة

There are cities on the Red and the Mediterranean seas

يوجد مدن على البحار الأحمر والمتوسط

٤- عرض نتيجة للمقدمات التي قمت بعرضها

Egyptians should care about tourism.

٥- نهاية الموضوع (paragraph)

I wish I showed the subject in a good way.

أتمنى أن أكون عرضت الموضوع بطريقة جيدة.

## Paragraph

There is no doubt that tourism لا شك أن is an important resource مصدر مهم in the Egyptian economy الاقتصاد المصرى (the topic sentence) there are many sights معالم in Egypt. Egypt has cities on the Red and the Mediterranean seas البحار الاحمر و المتوسط. Egyptians are good, friendly and generous كرماء. They like tourists because they know that Egypt is a tourist country from the first class (الموضوع). Egyptians should care about tourism تهتم ب more to increase لتزيد the National income الدخل القومى (نتيجة المقدمات). I wish I showed the subject in a good way. (نهاية الموضوع)

## The Article :المقال

تتكون المقال من ٣ paragraph أو أكثر  
كل paragraph يحتوى على topic sentence كما وضحنا من قبل ويتم  
تنظيم ال- paragraph كما سبق شرحه يكون أسلوب الكتابة كالاتي :

## Cairo

Cairo is a beautiful city. It's the capital of Egypt. The weather in Cairo is nice all the year if we compare between it and the weather in Europe. Tourists can visit Luxor and Aswan in winter and Alexandria and the North coast in summer.

نترك مسافة و نبداً باول جملة و هى جملة الموضوع  
Cairo . التي هى موضوع المقال.

لاحظ لكل paragraph فكرة نتحدث عنها فيه

There are many sights in Cairo such as; the pyramids and sphinx, the Egyptian Museum, Cairo Tower and the Castle. Many tourists like to visit the pyramids to enjoy their time by riding horses and camels and taking photos. The Egyptian Museum is a great place where we can see statues and mummies ..... etc.

لاحظ أن فكرة هذه paragraph هى معالم القاهرة وهكذا حتى يتم كتابة ٣  
paragraph على الأقل ليكتمل المقال.

### E-mail

يتكون ال- e-mail من مقدمة ثم موضوع ثم نهاية :  
١- المقدمة :

I'm happy to type this e-mail to you.

٢- تحية المرسل اليه :

How are you? I missed you so much.

٣- موضوع e-mail

I finished the exams and I want to invite you to spend a week in Cairo. You will enjoy your time in Cairo.

٤- نهاية

I'm looking forward to seeing you soon. مشتاق لرؤيتك قريباً

Best wishes

## The report التقرير:

١- التقرير يأخذ نفس شكل article وهذا يعنى أن التقرير يجب أن يقسم الى paragraphs

٢- عادة ما يكون التقرير نتيجة ليوم عمل كامل لذلك ابدأ بتقسيم الأعمال خلال اليوم وضع كل مهمة كبيرة فى paragraph

كان يوماً مثيراً ومجزى It was an interesting and rewarding day

Firstly, I visited the customer and showed him our offer.

He accepted the offer if the maintenance period فترة الصيانة would be 3 years. I agreed and finished the contract العقد.

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