

## **LIST OF FIGURES**

Figure 1: Schematic view of the most frequent mutated genes and their biological significance in AML cells <sup>(9)</sup> .....	12
Figure 2: Schematic description of AML1 and AML1-ETO function .....	13
Figure 3: RUNX1/ETO assembles multiple epigenetic regulators <sup>(13)</sup> .....	14
Figure 4: Oncogenic Fusion Proteins. <sup>(16)</sup> .....	16
Figure 5: NPM1 is a multifunctional histone binding protein. ....	20
Figure 6: Overview of the structure of human leukocyte <sup>(66)</sup> .....	47
Figure 7: HLA-G Isoforms and their receptors.....	47
Figure 8: HLA-G dimer. The Cys42 disulfide-linked homodimer .....	48
Figure 9: LIR-1 binding to HLA-G dimer. <sup>(66)</sup> .....	49
Figure 10: Homomultimeric structures of HLA-G. <sup>(76)</sup> .....	49
Figure 11: HLA-G properties towards immune cells .....	51
Figure 12: Immunoregulatory activities mediated by sHLA-G. Target cells and receptors involved are also indicated. <sup>(87)</sup> .....	52
Figure 13: Emergency immune suppression: a possible impact of HLA-G trogocytosis on immune responses. <sup>(76)</sup> .....	54
Figure 14: HLA-G expression in tumor lesions.....	61
Figure 15: Schematic representation of a novel mechanism utilized by human neuroblastoma cells to elude the control of the host's immune system.....	63
Figure 16: Comparison between the three studied groups regarding age and gender .85	
Figure 17: Comparison between different studied patients groups regarding FAB classification .....	87
Figure 18: Comparison between the three studied groups regarding sHLA-G .....	92

Figure 19: Comparison between the two studied patients groups regarding cytogenetic findings .....	93
Figure 20: ROC curve to determine the sensitivity and specificity of sHLA-G in detection the disease .....	94
Figure 21: Comparison between sHLA-G and FAB subtypes.....	99

## **LIST OF TABLES**

Table 1: Common Cytogenetic Abnormalities And Mutations In Acute Myeloid Leukemia .....	11
Table 2: Risk status based on cytogenetic and molecular abnormalities .....	29
Table 3: Frequency and prognostic impact of gene mutations in acute myeloid leukemia with normal karyotype .....	30
Table 4: Prognostic value and impact on treatment decision of selected .....	38
Table 5: Receptors of HLA-G.....	50
Table 6: Immunological properties of HLA-G: implications in human diseases. ....	59
Table 7: Summary of the human diseases associated with HLA-G: roles and clinical applications .....	65
Table 8: Comparison between the three studied groups regarding age and sex .....	84
Table 9: Comparison between different studied patients groups regarding FAB classification .....	86
Table 10: Comparison between the three studied groups regarding blood picture.....	88
Table 11: Comparison between the three studied groups regarding liver function .....	89
Table 12: Comparison between the three studied groups regarding kidney function tests .....	90
Table 13: Comparison between AML studied groups regarding bone marrow blasts	91
Table 14: Comparison between the three studied groups regarding sHLA-G.....	92
Table 15: Comparison between the two studied patients groups regarding cytogenetic study.....	93
Table 16: Area Under the Curve.....	95
Table 17: Coordinates of the Curve .....	95
Table 18: Relation between sHLA-G and gender.....	96
Table 19: Correlation between sHLA-G and age and blast percentage.....	97
Table 20: Comparison between sHLA-G as regards cytogenetics .....	97
Table 21: Comparison between sHLA-G and FAB subtypes.....	98
Table 22: Comparison between sHLA-G and response to therapy.....	99