

الباب السابع الدوائية

الباب السابع
الذوبانية

()

:

(like dissolves like)

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-1

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-2

NaCl

العوامل التي تؤثر في ذوبان المواد الصلبة المستقطبة (الأيونية) في الماء :

-1 : Nature of the Solute

NaCl

Na⁺

Cl⁻

(311)

(311)

(0.51)

/ (454)

PbSO₄

/ (17)

/ (0.3)

(10)

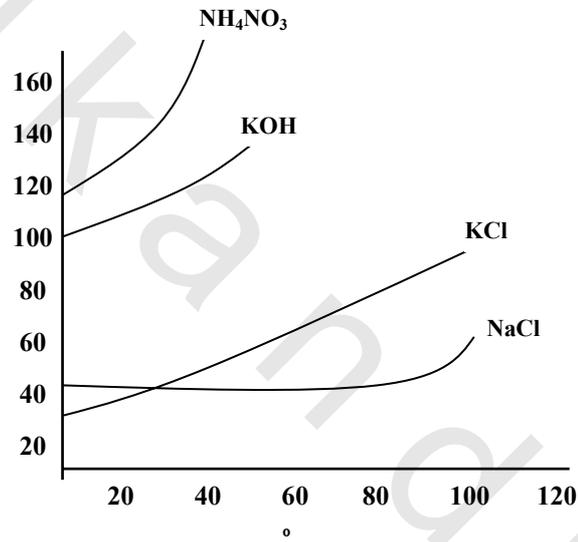
(10%)

Polarity :

. Dielectric Constant

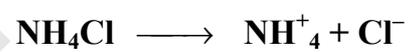
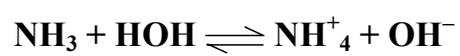
: Temperature

-3



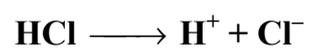
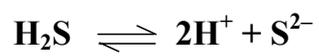
(/)

50° م	20° م	صفر° م	درجة الحرارة المادة
4550	2220	1220	AgNO ₃
426	340	276	KCl
0.083	0.041	0.03	PbSO ₄





:



:



AgCl

AgCl

Cl⁻ Ag⁺



$$K = \frac{[\text{Cl}^-][\text{Ag}^+]}{[\text{AgCl}_{(s)}]}$$

$$[\text{Cl}^-][\text{Ag}^+] = [\text{AgCl}_{(s)}] K = K_{sp}$$

K_{sp}

K_{sp}

Super Saturated

AB

[B⁻][A⁺]

AB

[A⁺][B⁻]

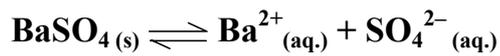
AgCl

K_{sp}

$$1.6 \times 10^{-10}$$

Cl⁻ Ag⁺

$$1.6 \times 10^{-10}$$

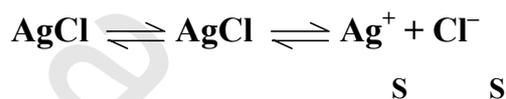


$$K_{sp} = [\text{Ba}^{2+}] [\text{SO}_4^{2-}] = 1.1 \times 10^{-10}$$

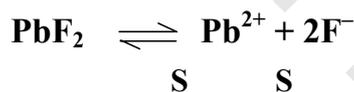


$$K_{sp} = [\text{Ca}^{2+}] [\text{F}^{-}]^2 = 4 \times 10^{-11}$$

Molar Solubility



$$K_{sp} = [\text{Ag}^{+}] [\text{Cl}^{-}] = S \times S = S^2 \quad \therefore S = \sqrt{K_{sp}}$$



$$K_{sp} = [\text{Pb}^{2+}] [\text{F}^{-}]^2$$

$$= S \times (2S)^2 = 4S^3 \quad \therefore S = \sqrt[3]{\frac{K_{sp}}{4}}$$

(SP)

K_{sp}

/ / /



$[A^+][B^-] < K_{sp}$

$[A^+][B^-] = K_{sp}$

$[A^+][B^-] > K_{sp}$

: K_{sp} : K_{sp} -

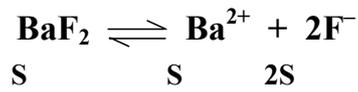
100
(/)
· K_{sp}

BaF_2

$BaF_2 = 175$

/ 1.6 °20

/ $0.00919 = \frac{1.6}{175} = \frac{\text{عدد الجرامات بالتر}}{\text{الوزن الجزيئي}} =$



$$0.00919 = S = [\text{Ba}^{2+}]$$

$$K_{sp} = [\text{Ba}^{2+}] [\text{F}^-]^2$$

$$0.01838 = 0.00919 \times 2 = 2S = 2\text{F}^-$$

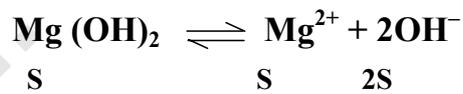
$$3 \times 10^{-6} = (0.00919) (0.01838)^2 = K_{sp}$$

:



$$8.9 \times 10^{-12}$$

:



$$[\text{OH}^-]^2 [\text{Mg}^{2+}] = 8.9 \times 10^{-12} = K_{sp}$$

$$4S^3 = 8.9 \times 10^{-12}$$

$$S = \sqrt[3]{2.2 \times 10^{-12}} = 1.3 \times 10^{-4}$$



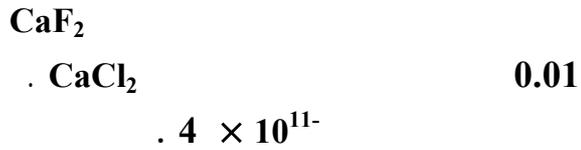
$$1.3 \times 10^{-4}$$



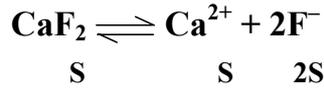
$$2.6 \times 10^{-4}$$

:

-

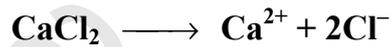
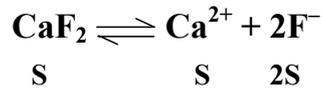


$$\cdot 4 \times 10^{-11}$$



$$4\text{S}^3 = (2\text{S})^2 (\text{S}) = [\text{F}^-]^2 [\text{Ca}^{2+}] = K_{sp}$$

$$\left(\quad \right) / 4 \times 10^{-11} = \text{S}$$



$$0.01 + \text{S} = [\text{Ca}^{2+}] \therefore$$

$$2\text{S} = [\text{F}^-]$$

$$, \quad [\text{F}^-]^2 [\text{Ca}^{2+}] = K_{sp}$$

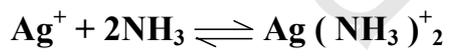
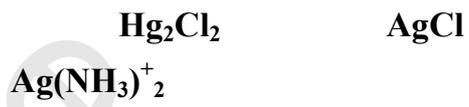
$$^2 (\text{S} \times 2) (0.01 + \text{S}) = 4 \times 10^{-11}$$

$$(0.01 + \text{S}) \quad 0.01 \gg \text{S}$$

$$/ \quad 3.2 \times 10^{-5} = \text{S} \quad 4 \times 10^{-11} = 2\text{S} \times 4$$

$$: \quad -5$$

-6



$$K_1 = \frac{[\text{Ag}(\text{NH}_3)_2^+]}{[\text{Ag}^+][\text{NH}_3]^2} = 1.59 \times 10^7$$

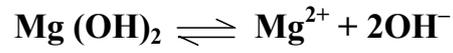
$$K_2 = \frac{[\text{Ag}^+][\text{NH}_3]^2}{[\text{Ag}(\text{NH}_3)_2^+]}$$

pH

-7



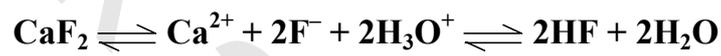
:



(pH > 7)



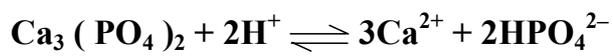
(pH < 7)



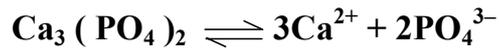
$$3.16 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$2 \times 10^{-12}$$

$$1.38 \times 10^{-33}$$



$$K = \frac{[\text{PO}_4^{3-}][\text{H}^+]}{[\text{HPO}_4^{2-}]} = 2 \times 10^{-12}$$



$$K_{sp} = [\text{Ca}^{2+}]^3[\text{PO}_4^{3-}]^2 = 1.38 \times 10^{-33}$$

: K_{sp} K

$$\frac{K^2}{K_{sp}} = \frac{[\text{PO}_4^{3-}]^2[\text{H}^+]^2}{[\text{HPO}_4^{2-}]^2[\text{Ca}^{2+}]^3[\text{PO}_4^{3-}]^2} = \frac{(2 \times 10^{-12})^2}{1.38 \times 10^{-33}}$$

: $[\text{PO}_4^{3-}]^2$

$$2.9 \times 10^{-1} = \frac{[\text{H}^+]^2}{[\text{HPO}_4^{2-}]^2[\text{Ca}^{2+}]^3}$$

/ $S =$

$$3S = [\text{Ca}^{2+}], \quad 2S = [\text{HPO}_4^{2-}]$$

:

$$2.9 \times 10^{-1} = \frac{^2(3.16 \times 10^{-5})}{^2(S2)^3(S3)}$$

$$/ \quad 8 \times 10^{-3} = S$$

$$3.45 \times 10^{-9} = S \times 108$$

$$\frac{\text{الذوبان جم / لتر}}{\text{و . ج}} =$$

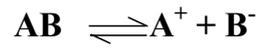
× =

$$2.5 = 310.8 \times 8 \times 10^{-3} =$$

:

-8

: Solubility Product حاصل الإذابة



$$K = \frac{[Ag^+][Cl^-]}{[AgCl]}$$

$$[AgCl] [Ag^+] [Cl^-]$$

$$K_{sp} = K [AgCl] = [Ag^+][Cl^-]$$

K_{sp}

9.9×10^{-11}	BaSO₄	
2×10^{-10}	BaCrO₄	
4.8×10^{-9}	CaCO₃	
2.4×10^{-5}	CaSO₄	
4×10^{-38}	CuS	
1×10^{-19}	FeS	
4×10^{-38}	Fe (OH)₃	
1.7×10^{-5}	PbCl₂	
1×10^{-29}	PbS	
2.5×10^{-3}	Mg(NH₄) PO₄	
6×10^{-6}	MnS	
1.1×10^{-18}	Hg₂Cl₂	
3×10^{-53}	HgS	
1.7×10^{-10}	AgCl	
1×10^{-33}	ZnS	

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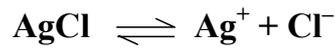
. / **0.0015**

:

143.5 =

$$/ \quad 1.5 \times 10^{-5} = \frac{0.0015}{143.5} = \quad \therefore$$

:



$$1.5 \times 10^{-5} = [\text{Cl}^-] \quad 1.5 \times 10^{-5} = [\text{Ag}^+]$$

$$K_{\text{AgCl}} = [\text{Ag}^+] [\text{Cl}^-] = (1.5 \times 10^{-5}) (1.5 \times 10^{-5})$$

:

$$/ \quad 2.5 \times 10^{-2}$$

:

$$332 =$$

$$/ \quad 7.5 \times 10^{-5} = \frac{2.5 \times 10^{-2}}{332} = \quad \therefore$$



$$K_{\text{AgCrO}_4} = [\text{Ag}^+]^2 [\text{CrO}_4^{2-}]$$

$$1.7 \times 10^{-12} = (7.5 \times 10^{-5} \times 2) (1.5 \times 10^{-5})$$

:

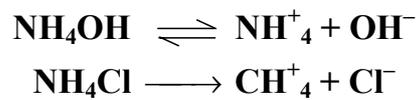
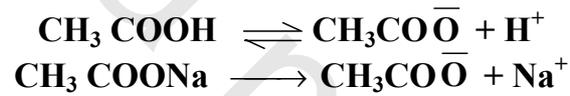
$$5.85$$

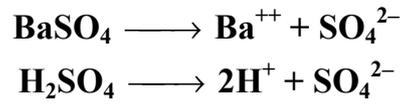
$$/ \quad 5 \cdot 10$$

$$.13 \times 10^{-12}$$

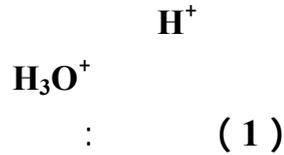
$$\begin{aligned}
 & / \quad 10^{-5} \quad [\text{Ag}^+] \\
 & \quad \quad \quad / \quad 0.1 = \frac{5.85}{58.5} \\
 & \cdot [\text{Cl}^-] [\text{Ag}^+] = 10^{-6} = 10^{-5} \times 10^{-1} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad 10^{-6} \\
 & \cdot \quad / \quad 0.0001435 = 143.5 \times 10^{-6}
 \end{aligned}$$

: Common Ion Effect تأثير الأيون المشترك





التأين : Ionization :



$$\frac{[\text{H}^+][\text{OH}^-]}{[\text{H}_2\text{O}]} = K =$$

$$1.8 \times 10^{-16} = \frac{[\text{H}^+][\text{OH}^-]}{[\text{H}_2\text{O}]} = K \quad \dots\dots\dots(3)$$

°0.52

: (3)

$$55.5 = \frac{1000 \text{ جم} / \text{لتر}}{18 \text{ جم} / \text{لتر}}$$

$$1.8 \times 10^{-16} = \frac{[\text{H}^+][\text{OH}^-]}{[\text{H}_2\text{O}]} = K \quad \dots\dots\dots(4)$$

$$K_w = 1 \times 10^{-14} = (1 \times 10^{-16}) (55.5) = [\text{H}^+][\text{OH}^-]$$

K_w

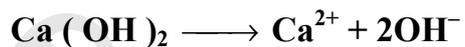
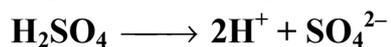
K_w

الأحماض والقواعد (Acids and Bases) :

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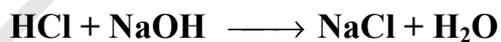
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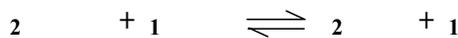
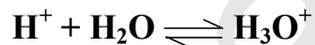


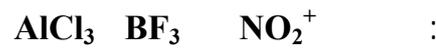
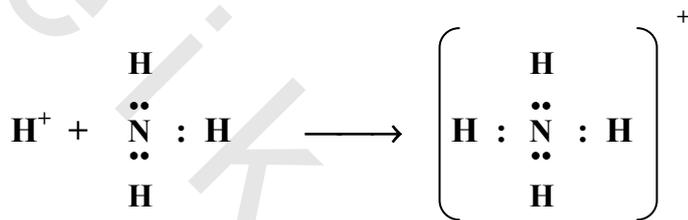
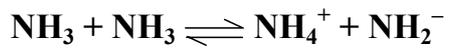
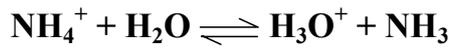
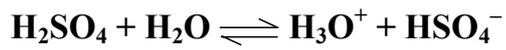
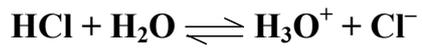
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: Saturated Solutions المحاليل المشبعة

الكيمياء التحليلية النوعية :

Obeykandil.com

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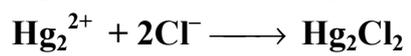
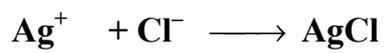
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: Group I

(⁺Ag) :

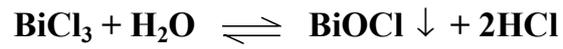
(⁺Pb²)

(⁺Hg₂²)

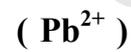
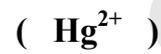
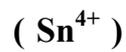
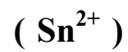
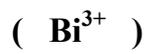


HCl

()

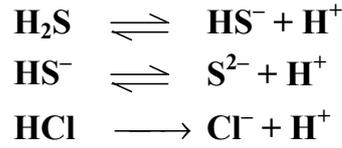


: Group II :



. (Sb³⁺)

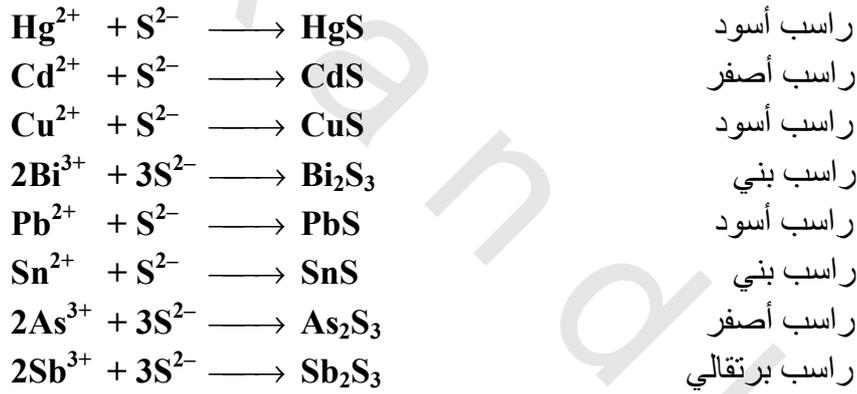
(As³⁺)



HCl

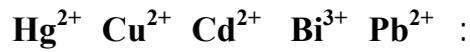
⁻²S

. ()



:

: ()



: ()

As^{3+} Sb^{3+} Sn^{2+} :

() ()

(NH_4 $_2S_2$)

(2)

()

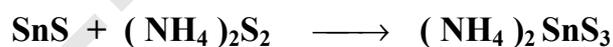
()



ثيوزرنيخات الأمونيوم



ثيوانتومينات الأمونيوم



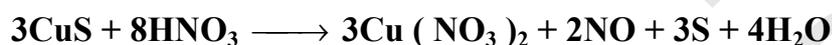
ثيوقصديرات الأمونيوم



: Group II (A) ()

:

-1



HgS

-2

-3

PbSO₄ HgS

:

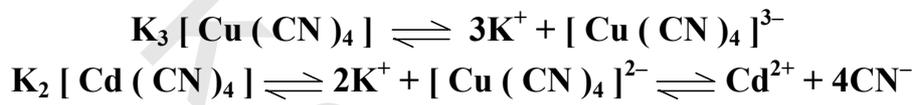
Cu (NH₃)₄ (NO₃)₂ , Cd (NH₃)₄ (NO₃)₂

-4

() **KCN**

()

:

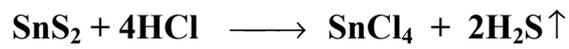
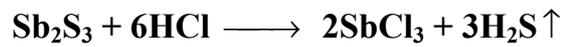


: Group II (B) : ()

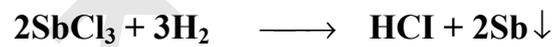
()

:

-1



-2



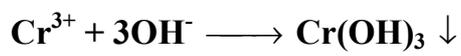
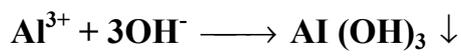
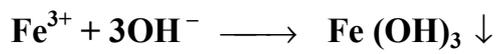
: Group III



(Ca Sr Ba)

(Fe Cr Al)

()



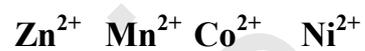
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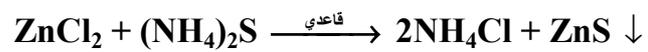
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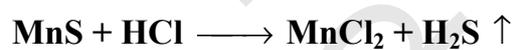


: Group IV :

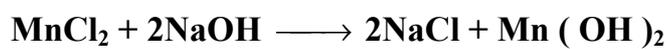


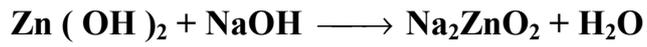
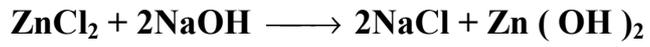


-1



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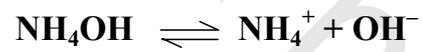


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()

: Group V





$$1.6 \times 10^{-10}$$

$$3.6 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$2.3 \times 10^{-2}$$

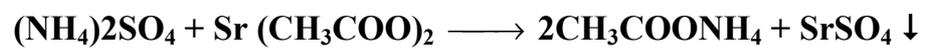


-1

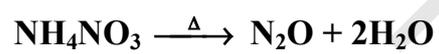


-2

Sr



: Group VI



الكشف عن الأيونات السالبة : Anions

Γ^- $S_2O_3^{2-}$ SO_3^{2-} S^{2-} Br^- :

I^-	S^{2-}	Bo_2^-
NO_3^-	SO_3^{2-}	Br^-
NO_2^-	CNS^-	CO_3^{2-}
$C_2O_4^{2-}$	$S_2O_3^{2-}$	ClO_3^-
PO_4^{3-}	AsO_4^{3-}	Cl^-
SO_4^{2-}	AsO_2^-	CrO_4^{2-}
$Fe(CN)_6^{3-}$	$Fe(CN)_6^{4-}$	F^-

: -1

:

: -2

:

:() -3

"الأسئلة"

-1

-2

-3

-4

K_{sp}

pH

-5

-6

-7

-8

* * *